1. General information	
	reign students, specialty "Medicine"
Educational program (field, specialty, level	22 "Health Care", 222 "Medicine",
of higher education, form of education)	higher education of the second (master's) level,
of higher education, form of education)	day form
Study year: 2023-2024	
Name of discipline, code (e-mail address on the	he website of Danulo Halutsky [NMI])
Epidemiology, Biosafety,	ie website of Dunyto Hulytsky Livit()
kaf_epidemiology@meduniv.lviv.ua	
Department (name, address, phone, e-mail):	
Epidemiology	
79005, Ukraine, Lviv, Zelena street, 12	
tel. +38 (032) 276 28 35, fax +38 (032) 276 28	35
<i>Head of the department (contact e-mail):</i>	
D Med Sci, Professor Vynograd Nataliya, ka	of enidemiology@meduniy.lviy.ug
Study year (<i>study of the discipline</i>): the fifth	
Semester(<i>study of the discipline</i>) IX, X	
Type of discipline / module (required / elective)	
Teachers (names, surnames, scientific degrees of e-mail)	and titles of teachers who teach the discipline, contact
Nataliya Vynograd, D Med Sci, Professor; ka	af epidemiology@meduniv.lviv.ua
Uliana Shul, PhD, Associate Professor; kaf_e	
Erasmus yes/no (availability of the discipline for	or masters in the program Erasmus+)
no	
Responsible person for the syllabus (person to	be commented on the syllabus, contact e-mail)
Nataliya Vynograd, D Med Sci, Professor; ka	af_epidemiology@meduniv.lviv.ua
Number of credits ECTS - 3	
Number of hours (lectures / practical classes / i	independent work of masters)
12 / 34 / 44	
Study language : English	
Information about consultations:	
once a week during the semester according t	o a separate schedule of the department
Address, telephone and work schedule:	
Department of Epidemiology; 79005, Ukrain	ne, Lviv, Zelena street, 12;
tel. +38 (032) 276 28 35, fax +38 (032) 276 28 9 ⁰⁰ - 17 ⁰⁰	35;
2. Short annotation to the course	
The Study program in the discipline "Enide	miology, biosafety" for the training of applicants of the
second (master's) level of higher education in 22 "Health care" is compiled in accordance "Medicine" of the second (master's) level of care", on the basis of the Order of Danylo I implementation of the training plan for applica specialty 222" Medicine" (5th year of study)" process at Danylo Halytsky LNMU, approved	the specialty 222 "Medicine" of the field of knowledge with the Educational and professional program 222 higher education in the field of knowledge 22 "Health Halytsky LNMU № 1053-z dated 03.24.2023 "On the ints of the second (master's) level of higher education in and Regulations on the organization of the educational by the Academic Council and approved by the order of
the Rector of the University № 2020-z dated 06	0.23.2021.

The organization of the educational process is carried out according to the credit-transfer system ECTS, which is based on a combination of modular learning technologies and assessment credits - units of measurement of the master's study load required for mastering the module. The study of the

discipline "Epidemiology, Biosafety" is carried out during the 5th year of study and lays the foundations for the formation of masters' competencies that are determined by ultimate goals and can be used in further study and professional activities.

The program of the discipline is structured and presented by one module, which contains three content modules in accordance with the requirements of curriculum development of disciplines. According to the curriculum of the 5th year for the faculty of foreign students ("Medicine") for the study of the discipline "Epidemiology, Biosafety" are given 90 hours, including 12 hours of lectures, 34 hours of practical classes and 44 hours of independent (extracurricular) work of masters.

The thematic plans of lectures, practical classes include issues of general epidemiology, special epidemiology and biosafety.

From the general epidemiology (the first topical module) the study is about the basic laws and manifestations of the epidemic process, modern means of prevention of infectious diseases and methods of their use, anti-epidemic measures in the foci of infectious diseases, methods of epidemiological diagnosis and principles of evidence-based medicine.

In practical classes on special epidemiology (second topical module) masters, by solving situational problems, study the features of epidemiological investigation and anti-epidemic measures in the foci of respiratory infections (diphtheria, measles, COVID-19), intestinal infections (typhoid fever and paratyphoid fever, hepatitis A), with transmissible (malaria, Lyme borreliosis) and contact mechanisms of transmission (hepatitis B and C, HIV infection), Health Care associated infections (HCAI), extremely dangerous infections (cholera, plague, anthrax).

Biosafety topics (the third content module) are aimed at necessary knowledge by masters on biosafety issues and the organization of preventive and anti-epidemic measures in emergencies in peacetime, including the conditions of introduction of infectious diseases.

3. The purpose and objectives of the discipline

The purpose of studying the discipline "Epidemiology, Biosafety" and the ultimate goals are set on the basis of the Educational Professional Characteristics of training a specialist in accordance with the block of its content modules (professional and practical training) and is the basis for building content.

3.1. The purpose of studying the discipline "Epidemiology, Biosafety" is to study the causes and mechanisms of occurrence and spread of infectious diseases, methods of their prevention and organization of anti-epidemic measures.

3.2. The main tasks of studying the discipline "Epidemiology, Biosafety" are:

> Identify priority problems of prevention of infectious diseases by groups and nosological forms.

> To interpret the epidemiological, social and economic significance of certain nosological forms.

> Be able to fill out documentation on registration and accounting of infectious patients.

> Be able to organize and conduct anti-epidemic measures in foci of infectious diseases.

> Be able to organize and conduct anti-epidemic measures in the foci of infections associated with the provision of medical and preventive care.

- > Be able to interpret the results of the epidemiological method of research.
- > Identify the epidemiological manifestations of the incidence of infections belonging to

different groups (respiratory, intestinal, blood and infections of the outer integuments).

3.2. The main tasks of studying the discipline "Epidemiology, Biosafety" are:

> Identify priority problems of prevention of infectious diseases by groups and nosological forms.

> To interpret the epidemiological, social and economic significance of certain nosological forms.

> Be able to fill out documentation on registration and accounting of infectious patients.

> Be able to organize and conduct anti-epidemic measures in foci of infectious diseases.

 \succ Be able to organize and conduct anti-epidemic measures in the foci of infections associated with the provision of medical and preventive care.

> Be able to interpret the results of the epidemiological method of research.

> Identify the epidemiological manifestations of the incidence of infections belonging to different groups (respiratory, intestinal, blood and infections of the outer integuments).

➢ Formulate working hypotheses on risk factors for morbidity by territory, among different population groups and in groups regarding specific infectious diseases. Interpret the manifestations of the epidemic process of specific nosological forms belonging to different groups of infections (respiratory, intestinal, blood and infections of the outer coverings).

> Use regulatory and instructional documentation, recommendations of CDC and WHO to eliminate foci of specific nosological forms belonging to different groups of infections (respiratory, intestinal, blood and infections of the outer coverings).

The final aims of discipline

Interpret the causes and patterns of the epidemic process.

Interpret patterns and features of the pathological and epidemiological process in infectious diseases that require special tactics for patient.

3.3 Competences and learning results, the formation of which is facilitated by the discipline

According to the requirements of the Standard of Higher Education, the discipline **"Epidemiology, Biosafety"** provides students with the acquisition of **competencies:**

- *integrated:* the ability to solve typical and complex specialized problems and practical problems in professional activities in the field of health care, or in the learning process, which involves preventive and anti-epidemic measures and is characterized by complexity and uncertainty of conditions and requirements.

-general	
GC 1.	Ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis
GC 2.	Knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of professional activity
GC 3.	Ability to apply knowledge in practice
GC4.	Ability to communicate in the state language both orally and in writing
GC5.	Ability to make an informed decision
GC 6.	Skills in the use of information and communication technologies
GC 7.	Ability to search, process and analyze information from various sources
GC 8.	Ability to adapt and act in a new situation
GC 9.	Ability to identify, pose and solve problems
GC 10.	The ability to be critical and self-critical
GC 11.	Ability to work in a team

GC 12.	The desire to preserve the environment				
GC 13.	The ability to act socially responsibly and consciously				
GC 14.	The ability to exercise their rights and responsibilities as a member of society, to realize the values of civil (free democratic) society and the need for its sustainable development, the rule of law, human and civil rights and freedoms in Ukraine.				
GC 15.	Ability to preserve and multiply moral, cultural, scientific values and achievements of society based on understanding the history and patterns of development of the subject area, its place in the general system of knowledge about nature and society and in the development of society, techniques and technologies. active recreation and leading a healthy lifestyle.				
	sional: zed object of professional activity - public health, in particular health maintenance; on of human diseases, as well as the impact of health problems on the population.				
PC 1.	Ability to collect medical information about the patient and analyze clinical data				
PC 2.	Ability to interpret the results of laboratory and instrumental research				
PC 1 CP	PC 1 C PAbility to assess the impact of the environment on the health of the population (individual, family, population)				
PC 14.	Ability to maintain regulatory medical records				
PC 15.	Processing of state, social and medical information				
1.0	x / *x				

4. Course details

"Epidemiology, Biosafety" as a discipline is based on the knowledge gained by masters in the study of previous disciplines and integrates with them.

Biology. Features of structure of pathogenic biological agents, their vital activity, development cycles. Arthropods and features of their biology. The concept of the natural focus of infectious diseases.
Microbiology. Features of pathogens of infectious human diseases, their resistance in the environment. Methods of laboratory diagnostics in biotic and abiotic objects.

3. General hygiene and ecology. Ecology of pathogenic biological agents. Sources of contamination of the environment with pathogenic biological agents and measures to prevent their spread.

4. Social medicine and health care organization. Levels of medical care in the state. Statistical and analytical methods in medical practice.

5. Fundamentals of bioethics and biosafety. Ethical aspects in doctor's practice. The concept of stigma and discrimination.

6. Tuberculosis. Features of the causative agent of tuberculosis and its spread in the human population. Formation of primary and secondary aerosol. Features of specific protection in tuberculosis.

7. Infectious diseases. Clinical forms of infectious diseases, their connection with the mechanism of transmission. Periods in the course of infectious diseases and their features.

5. Program Studying Results (PSR)				
PSR 6.	Plan and implement measures to prevent dental diseases among the population to prevent			
	the spread of dental diseases			
PSR 7.	7. Analyze the epidemiological situation and carry out measures of mass and individual,			
	general and local drug and non-drug prevention of dental diseases			
PSR	Analyze and evaluate state, social and medical information using standard approaches and			
14.	computer information technologies			
PSR	Organize the necessary level of individual safety (own and persons cared for) in case of			
20.	D. typical dangerous situations in the individual field of activity			
Code	The content of the studying results	Reference to the		

of		competency
results		matrix code
GC 1	Ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis	PrP6, PrP7,
		PrP14, PrP20
Know	Know the methods of analysis, synthesis and further modern learning	PrP6, PrP7,
1		PrP14, PrP20
Sk1	Be able to analyze information, make informed decisions, be able to	PrP6, PrP7,
	acquire modern knowledge	PrP14, PrP20
C 1	Establish appropriate connections to achieve goals	PrP6, PrP7,
		PrP14, PrP20
AV1	Be responsible for the timely acquisition of modern knowledge	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
GC 2	Knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of	<i>PrP6</i> , <i>PrP7</i> ,
UC 2	professional activity	<i>PrP14</i> , <i>PrP20</i>
Know	Have deep knowledge of the structure of professional activity	<i>PrP6</i> , <i>PrP7</i> ,
2	There deep knowledge of the structure of professional activity	<i>PrP14</i> , <i>PrP20</i>
Sk 2	Be able to carry out professional activities that require updating and	<i>PrP6, PrP7,</i>
OK 2	integration of knowledge	<i>PrP14</i> , <i>PrP20</i>
C 2	Ability to effectively form a communication strategy in professional	<i>PrP6</i> , <i>PrP7</i> ,
02	activities	<i>PrP14</i> , <i>PrP20</i>
AV 2	To be responsible for professional development, ability to further professional	<i>PrP6</i> , <i>PrP7</i> ,
11, 2	training with a high level of autonomy	<i>PrP14</i> , <i>PrP20</i>
GC 3	Ability to apply knowledge in practical situations	<i>PrP6</i> , <i>PrP7</i> ,
005		<i>PrP14</i> , <i>PrP20</i>
Know	Have specialized conceptual knowledge acquired in the learning process	<i>PrP6</i> , <i>PrP7</i> ,
3		<i>PrP14</i> , <i>PrP20</i>
Sk 3	Be able to solve complex problems and problems that arise in professional activities	<i>PrP6, PrP7,</i> <i>PrP14, PrP20</i>
C 3	Clear and unambiguous communication of own conclusions, knowledge	<i>PrP6</i> , <i>PrP7</i> ,
ĊĴ	and explanations that substantiate them to specialists and non-specialists	PrP14, PrP20
AV 3	Responsible for making decisions in difficult conditions	PrP6, PrP7,
		PrP14, PrP20
GC 4	Ability to communicate in the state language both orally and in writing	PrP6, PrP7,
		PrP14, PrP20
Know	Have a perfect knowledge of the state language	PrP6, PrP7,
4		PrP14, PrP20
Sc 4	Be able to apply knowledge of the state language, both orally and in	PrP6, PrP7,
	writing	PrP14, PrP20
C 4	Use the state language in professional and business communication and in	PrP6, PrP7,
	the preparation of documents	PrP14, PrP20
AV 4		
	professional knowledge	PrP14, PrP20
GC 6	Skills in the use of information and communication technologies	PrP6, PrP7,
		PrP14, PrP20
Know	Have in-depth knowledge in the field of information and communication	PrP6, PrP7,
6	technologies used in professional activities	PrP14, PrP20
Sk 6	Be able to use information and communication technologies in the	PrP6, PrP7,
	professional field, which requires updating and integration of knowledge	PrP14, PrP20
C 6	Use information and communication technologies in professional activities	PrP6, PrP7,
		PrP14, PrP20
AV 6	Be responsible for the development of professional knowledge and skills	PrP6, PrP7,

		PrP14, PrP20
GC 7.	Ability to search, process and analyze information from various sources	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 7	Know the ways and methods of acquiring knowledge and skills and use them to master modern knowledge	<i>PrP6, PrP7,</i> <i>PrP14, PrP20</i>
Sk 7	Be able to use methods and techniques of acquiring knowledge and skills to master modern knowledge	<i>PrP6, PrP7,</i> <i>PrP14, PrP20</i>
C 7	Be able to master knowledge using modern technologies	<i>PrP6, PrP7,</i> <i>PrP14, PrP20</i>
AV 7	Responsible for obtaining a certain amount and level of knowledge and skills necessary for practical activities	
GC 8	Ability to adapt and act in a new situation	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 8	Know the types and methods of adaptation, principles of action in a new situation	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Sk 8	To be able to apply means of self-regulation, to be able to adapt to new situations (circumstances) of life and activity	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
C 8	Establish appropriate connections to achieve results	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
AV 8	Be responsible for the timely use of self-regulatory methods	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
GC 9.	Ability to identify, pose and solve problems	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 9	Know the responsibilities and ways to accomplish the tasks	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Sk9	Be able to set goals and objectives to be persistent and conscientious in the performance of duties	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
C 9	Establish interpersonal relationships to effectively perform tasks and responsibilities	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
AV 9	Responsible for the quality of the tasks	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
GC 10.	The ability to be critical and self-critical	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 10	Know thoroughly the subject and problem to understand the need to take into account critical remarks and self-criticism	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Sk 10	Be able to evaluate their actions with analysis and self-criticism, take into account the opinions and critical remarks of others	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
C 10	Be able to achieve the intended goal through the use of the best strategies and ways of interpersonal communication and interaction	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
AV 10	Be responsible for the formation of adequate interpersonal communication and interaction, taking into account criticism and self-criticism	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
GC 11	Ability to work in a team	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 11	Know the strategies and tactics of communication, laws and ways of communicative behavior	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sk 11	Be able to choose ways and strategies of communication to ensure effective teamwork	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
C 11	Be able to use effective methods and strategies of communication to ensure effective teamwork	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
AV 11	Be responsible for the results of teamwork	<i>PrP6, PrP7,</i>

PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20 PrP6, PrP7, PrP6, PrP7, PrP6, PrP7, PrP6, PrP7, PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20 PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20 PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20 PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20 PrP6, PrP7, PrP6, PrP7,
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	performance of professional duties	
PC1	Ability to collect medical information about the patient and analyze clinical data	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 1	Have knowledge about the person, his organs and systems, and through surveys, use the necessary clinical examinations to establish	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Sk 1	Be able to collect and evaluate the information obtained for further processing and diagnosis, including suspicious, probable and confirmed cases of infectious disease, disorders in the patient's health, including targeted to clarify the epidemiological history and identify syndromes of infectious diseases	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
C 1	Ability to communicate, gather the necessary information, use the patient's clinical examination	<i>PrP6, PrP7,</i> <i>PrP14, PrP20</i>
AV 1	Be responsible for the completeness of the information received for diagnosis	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
PC 2	Ability to interpret the results of laboratory and instrumental research	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 2	Have knowledge about the person, his organs and systems, based on the results of laboratory and instrumental research (according to list 4)	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Sk 2	Be able to evaluate information about the diagnosis in the conditions of the health care institution, its unit, using the standard procedure	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
C 2	It is reasonable to assign and evaluate the results of laboratory and instrumental research (according to list 4)	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
AV 2	Be responsible for deciding on the evaluation of laboratory and instrumental research results	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
PC 13.	Ability to assess the impact of the environment on the health of the population (individual, family, population)	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 13	Know the existing methods, within the primary health care sanitary and educational measures to prevent the occurrence of infectious and non-infectious diseases, injuries and the promotion of a healthy lifestyle; organization of rational nutrition, safe social and living conditions, water supply; mode of activity and rest	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Sk 13	Implement a system of anti-epidemic and preventive measures, in terms of CHP, its unit on the basis of data on the health of certain contingents of the population and the impact on the environment, using modern methods, within the primary health care, to: \Box organization of rational nutrition, water supply; \Box mode of activity and rest; \Box formation of a favorable production environment; \Box primary prevention of diseases and injuries; \Box vaccine prophylaxis \Box prevention of bad habits; \Box prevention of unwanted pregnancy; \Box promotion of a healthy lifestyle. Implement a system of primary prevention served and the presence of the determinants of health, in the health care facility and outside it, using existing methods, within the primary care -sanitary assistance to the population	PrP14, PrP20
C 13	It is reasonable to address issues related to the organization of preventive and anti-epidemic measures	<i>PrP6, PrP7,</i> <i>PrP14, PrP20</i>
AV 13	Be responsible for deciding on the organization of anti-epidemic and preventive measures	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
FS 14.	Ability to maintain regulatory medical records	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20
Know 14	Know the regulations on reporting forms and medical records	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20

Sc 14							PrP7, PrP20	
C14			sis of the analysis and statist	cical pro	ocessing	PrP6, PrP7,		
A X 7 1 4	of the received informat		1 / 1 1 1	1 4	1		<u>PrP20</u>	
AV 14							PrP7, PrP20	
PC 15.	Processing of state, social and medical information						PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20	
Know 15	Be able to analyze the in	nformat	ion obtained			PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20		
Sk 15	Under any circumstances, using standard procedures, including modern						PrP7, PrP20	
C 15			sis of the analysis and statist	tical pro	ocessing	PrP6, I PrP14.	PrP7, PrP20	
AV 15	Be responsible for the information		y processing and analysis of	of the 1	received	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20		
6. Cours	se format and scope							
Course f		п						
(specify	full-time or part-time) fu Вид занять	II-time	Number of hours		Number	· of grou	ine	
	Бид занять Number of nours Number			INUITIOCI	. of groups			
lectures					Accordin	ng schedule		
Practical	classes		34		Accordin	ng schedule		
Self-wor	ʻk		44		Accordi	ng sched	ule	
7. Topic	s and content of the cou	rse						
Code type of class	Торіс		Studying content	Learnin outcom		0	Teacher	
			Lectures		1			
L-1	L-1 Epidemiology as a science and its place in modern structure of medical sciences and public health services. Biological, social and environmental factors and mechanisms of development of epidemic process. Self- regulation of parasitaric systems. Natural foci of infectious diseases		Modern definition of se directions; connection epidemiology with m sciences. Epidemiological Epidemiology of infe conditions. The main pro- of theories on the mechani the epidemic process, regulation of parasitic se and the natural focu infectious diseases	of nedical l triad. fectious visions isms of self- systems		PrP20	Accordin g schedu- le	
L-2	Features and objective of epidemic pro	laws ocess.	Manifestations of the ep process, their quantitativ				Accordin g schedu-	

Directions of fight against infectious diseases. Eradication of infectious diseases. The epidemiological diagnostics. The epidemiological surveillance system	qualitative characteristics. Types of morbidity. Comprehensive epidemiological method. Preventive and anti-epidemic measures. Three principles of control of infectious diseases. Directions of epidemiological diagnostics. Epidemiological surveillance and its tasks. Basic principles of evidence-based medicine		le
L-3 Health-Care associated Infections (HCAI). Factors, which determine the features of epidemiology and assistance in the origin of HCAI. Epidemiological features of purulent-septic HCAIs in hospitals of surgical and burn profile	Modern definitions and	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20	Accordin g schedu- le
L-4 Epidemiological features of HCAI at medical settings of different type and profile. The system of infection control, including at COVID-19	Epidemiological features of HCAI in hospitals of different profile. Infection control and its role in the prevention and spread of HCAI The main blocks of the infection control system. Standard and special infection control procedures	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20	Accordin g schedu- le
L-5 Epidemiology of emergencies. Peculiarities of the development of the epidemic process and anti- epidemic measures in emergency situations	<u> </u>	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20	Accordin g schedu- le
L-6 Biosafety - features of the modern stage. Biological threats in special periods of time	Groups of infectious diseases, definition of EDI. Classification of pathogenic biological agents by groups of pathogenicity. Biological threats and their types. Measures for sanitary protection of borders.	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20	Accordin g schedu- le
	Practical classes		

P-1	Basic epidemiological terms	The subject of epidemiology.	PrP6, PrP7,	According
	and concepts. Modern	The primary driving forces of the	<i>PrP14</i> ,	schedu-le
	epidemiological	epidemic process. Sick person	PrP20	
	classification of infectious	and carrier, their epidemiological		
	(parasitic) diseases. Structure	role. Media categories. Measures		
	of the epidemic process and	to neutralize patients and carriers		
	measures of influence on its	as sources of infectious diseases.		
	links.	Epidemiological significance of		
	Deratization. Desinsection.	animals. Ways to infect humans		
	Disinfection and	from animals. The role of		
	Sterilization.	rodents as a source of infectious		
		diseases for humans.		
		Susceptibility to infectious		
		agents, its types. Principles of		
		modern epidemiological		
		classification of infectious		
		(parasitic) diseases. Measures to		
		influence the epidemic process.		
		The concept of rodent control.		
		Types and methods of rodent		
		control. The concept of		
		disinsection. Types and methods		
		of disinsection. The concept of		
		disinfection. Types and methods		
		of disinfection. Classification of		
		disinfectants. Disinfection		
		chambers, principles of their		
		installation and purpose.		
		Disinfection quality control. The		
		concept of sterilization. Stages of		
		sterilization. Quality control of		
		all stages of sterilization		
P-2	Immunization of infectious	Types of immunity and their		According
	diseases. Schedule of	characteristics. The value of the		schedu-le
	preventive vaccinations.	level of population immunity in	PrP20	
	Legal aspects of vaccination.	the development of infectious		
	Organization and carrying	diseases. Calendar of preventive		
	out of vaccination.	vaccinations of Ukraine, its		
	Evaluating the effectiveness	sections. Requirements for		
	of immunization. Urgent	immunobiological drugs.		
	immunization.	Methods of conducting		
		immunobiological drugs in the		
		body. List of medical contraindications to preventive		
		vaccinations. Adverse events		
		after immunization. Drugs for		
		routine immunoprophylaxis		
		(release form, method of		
		administration, dose, reaction to		
		administration, dose, reaction to administration) Organization of		
		immunoprophylaxis.		
		Compilation of the volume of		

		· · · -	1	
		preventive vaccinations. Forms		
		of accounting and reporting		
		documentation for		
		immunoprophylaxis. Evaluation		
		of clinical, immunological and		
		epidemiological effectiveness of		
		immunoprophylaxis. Drugs for		
		urgent immunoprophylaxis.		
		Characteristics of drugs for		
		urgent prevention of rabies and		
		tetanus (form of release, method		
		of administration, dose, reaction		
		to administration).		
P-3	The system of preventive	An orderly list of preventive		According
	and countermeasures. Anti-	measures. An orderly list of anti-		schedu-le
	epidemic work of family	epidemic measures. The center of	PrP20	
	doctors and infectious	an infectious disease.		
	disease specialists, including	Examination of the source of		
	in the focus of infectious	infectious disease. Filling in the		
	diseases. Planning of	relevant documentation.		
	preventive and	Measures to localize and		
	countermeasures.	eliminate the cell - measures in		
	Epidemiological method of	relation to the patient and the		
	research and its structure.	carrier, persons who have		
	Analytical and experimental	communicated with the source of		
	methods in epidemiology.	the infectious agent, disinfection		
		of the environment. Anti-		
		epidemic measures in the center,		
		aimed at the driving forces of the		
		epidemic process. Planning of		
		preventive and anti-epidemic		
		measures. Responsibilities of the		
		district (family) doctor and		
		infectious disease doctor for anti-		
		epidemic work. Assessment of		
		prevention problems based on the		
		analysis of the structure and level		
		of morbidity by groups and		
		nosological forms of infectious		
		diseases. Epidemiological		
		diagnosis. Operational		
		epidemiological analysis.		
		Retrospective epidemiological		
		analysis. Study of the		
		manifestations of annual and		
		long-term dynamics of morbidity.		
		Forecasting the manifestations of		
		the epidemic process. Morbidity		
		analysis by groups, teams,		
		territories. Analytical and		
		experimental epidemiological studies. The purpose and		
L		studies. The purpose and		

		objectives of analytical		
		epidemiological methods of research. The essence and		
		methods of analytical research:		
		"case-control" and cohort.		
		Immediate and relative risks of		
		the disease. Epidemiological		
		experiment. Screening surveys of		
		the population. Methods of		
		mathematical modeling in		
		epidemiology. Evidence-based		
D 4		medicine and its principles		A 1'
P-4	Preventive and	Epidemiological characteristics		According schedu-le
	countermeasures in the focus of infections with the fecal-	of the group of intestinal infections. Mechanisms, ways		schedu-le
	oral mechanism of	and factors of transmission of	11120	
	transmission (typhoid fever	specific nosological forms.		
	and paratyphoids, hepatitis	Manifestations of the epidemic		
	A).	process (level of morbidity,		
	Preventive and	manifestations of morbidity in		
	countermeasures in the focus	time, by territories, among		
	of infections with the air-	different groups of the population		
	borne mechanism of	and groups). Preventive measures		
	transmission (diphtheria,	and anti-epidemic measures in		
	measles, COVID-19).	the centers of typhoid fever,		
		paratyphoid fever and hepatitis A. Investigation of outbreaks of		
		intestinal infections.		
		Epidemiological characteristics		
		of the group of respiratory		
		infections. Mechanisms, ways		
		and factors of transmission of		
		specific nosological forms.		
		Manifestations of the epidemic		
		process (level of morbidity,		
		manifestations of morbidity in		
		time, by territories, among		
		different groups of the population and groups). Preventive measures		
		and anti-epidemic measures in		
		the centers of diphtheria and		
		measles.		

			1	
P-5	Preventive and	1 0	PrP6, PrP7,	According
	countermeasures in the focus	infections with contact		schedu-le
	of infections with the contact	transmission mechanism.	PrP20	
	mechanism of transmission	Mechanisms, ways and factors of		
	(HIV infection, hepatitis B	transmission of specific		
	and C).	nosological forms.		
	Preventive and	Manifestations of the epidemic		
	countermeasures for Health-	process (level of morbidity,		
	Care Associated Infections	manifestations of morbidity in		
	(HCAI), including COVID-	time, by territories, among		
	19.	different groups of the		
		population and groups).		
		Preventive and anti-epidemic		
		measures in the centers of HIV		
		infection, hepatitis B and C.		
		Epidemiological features of		
		medical infections. Factors		
		influencing the development of		
		the epidemic process.		
		Classification of infections		
		associated with the provision of		
		medical care. The main		
		pathogens. Sources of the		
		pathogen; mechanisms, ways and		
		factors of transmission of		
		pathogens in infections		
		associated with the provision of		
		medical care. Risk groups and		
		risk factors for various forms of		
		these infections. Features of the		
		organization and carrying out of		
		preventive and anti-epidemic		
		actions in medical and		
		preventive establishments of		
		various profile		
P-6	Preventive and		PrP6, PrP7,	According
	countermeasures in the focus	infections with a transmissible	PrP14, PrP20	schedu-le
	of infections with	transmission mechanism.		
	transmissible mechanism of	Mechanisms, ways and factors of		
	transmission (malaria, Lyme	transmission of specific		
	disease).	nosological forms.		
	Preventive and	Manifestations of the epidemic		
	countermeasures at	process (level of morbidity,		
	extremely dangerous	manifestations of morbidity in		
	infections (cholera, plague,	time, by territories, among		
	anthrax). Quarantine	different groups of the		
	measures.	population and groups).		
		Preventive and anti-epidemic		
		measures in the centers of		
		malaria and Lyme disease.		
		Mechanisms, ways and factors of		
		transmission of specific		

	1	1	1	
P-7	Biological safety: basic concepts. Types of biological threats and response system. Features of countermeasures in cases of emergency.	nosological forms of extremely dangerous infections. Manifestations of the epidemic process (level of morbidity, manifestations of morbidity in time, by territories, among different groups of the population and groups). Preventive measures and anti- epidemic measures in the centers of cholera, plague, anthrax. Sanitary protection of the territory from skidding, import of especially dangerous infections. Quarantine measures. The concept of biosafety. The main types of biological threats. Biological threat response system. Factors influencing the spread of infectious diseases in emergency areas. Features of the epidemic process during emergencies. Basic principles of planning anti-epidemic and preventive measures in emergency zones. Protection of the population in emergencies	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20	According schedu-le
		the population in emergencies.		
	1	Self-studies	1	
SS-1	Elaboration of topics included in the classroom plan	In terms of topics that are made for practical training	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20, Pr18, Pr22, Pr23, Pr24, Pr25	According schedu-le
SS-2	epidemiology and biosafety, WHO and euroCDC recommendations	the organization of preventive, anti-epidemic measures for various groups and individual infectious diseases, biosafety, approved by the current regulations in the country	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20, Pr18, Pr22, Pr23, Pr24, Pr25	According schedu-le
SS-3	Epidemiological features (source of pathogens, factors and ways of transmission, manifestations of the epidemic process), preventive and anti- epidemic measures for intestinal infections (shigellosis, salmonellosis, botulism, polio, rotavirus infection, leptospirosis)	Preventive and anti-epidemic measures in the foci of shigellosis, salmonellosis, botulism, polio, rotavirus infection, leptospirosis	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20, Pr18, Pr22, Pr23, Pr24, Pr25	According schedu-le
SS-4	Epidemiological features	Preventive and anti-epidemic	PrP6, PrP7,	According

	(source of pathogens, factors and ways of transmission, manifestations of the epidemic process), preventive and anti- epidemic measures for respiratory infections (influenza, meningococcal infection)	measures in the foci of influenza, meningococcal infection	PrP14, PrP20, Pr18, Pr22, Pr23, Pr24, Pr25	schedu-le
SS-5	i e	Preventive and anti-epidemic measures in the foci of typhus and Brill's disease	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20, Pr18, Pr22, Pr23, Pr24, Pr25	According schedu-le
SS-6		Preventive and anti-epidemic measures in the foci of tick- borne encephalitis, tularemia	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20, Pr18, Pr22, Pr23, Pr24, Pr25	According schedu-le
SS-7	1 0	Preventive and anti-epidemic measures in the foci of Ebola fever, Marburg fever, Lassa fever.	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20, Pr18, Pr22, Pr23, Pr24, Pr25	According schedu-le
SS-8		Preventive measures and anti- epidemic measures in SARS, MERS, Covid-19	PrP6, PrP7, PrP14, PrP20, Pr18, Pr22, Pr23, Pr24, Pr25	According schedu-le

The system of organization of classes, the use of interactive methods

During the study of the discipline "**Epidemiology, Biosafety**" traditional teaching methods are used: verbal, visual, practical; as well as methods of educational and cognitive activities: explanatoryillustrative, reproductive, method of problem statement, partial-search, research method. The methods of stimulation and motivation of educational and cognitive activities used are inductive and deductive teaching methods, methods of stimulation and motivation. Control methods as teaching methods are teacher control, self-control, mutual control, self-correction and mutual correction.

To master the discipline, the working curriculum provides for lectures, practical classes and independent work of students.

Multimedia support and tabular fund of the department are used for transfer and assimilation of knowledge during lectures.

For the transfer and acquisition of knowledge, skills and abilities in practical classes are used textbooks, guidelines for students on the topic of the lesson, collections of current regulations in the country, teaching materials, handouts, tools and kits for practical skills, sets of situational tasks for professional training, tabular fund of the department, etc. Interactive technologies are used during the training: watching educational films, the method of competing groups, etc.

Independent work of masters involves preparation for practical classes and elaboration of individual topics submitted for independent study. For this purpose textbooks, Methodical recommendations are developed and collections of the legal acts operating in the state, methodical materials, etc. are used. All necessary materials (abstracts and presentations of lectures, methodical support, normative documents) are presented on the information platform MISA.

8. Verification of learning outcomes

Current control is carried out on each class according to the specific goals of each topic and aims at check-mastering of educational material. The form of the current control during training sessions: incoming control of the material on topics of practical lessons and independent work; solving situational tasks and practical tasks; evaluation of the initial level of knowledge.

In evaluating the learning activities of master's preferred standardized methods of control: testing, situational problems, structured written work and structured control (the procedure), practical skills in conditions close to reality.

In evaluating the mastering of each topic for current educational activity the master score for the 4point scale (traditional) scale taking into account the approved evaluation criteria for discipline. This takes into account all types of work, provided the curriculum. The master receives an assessment that is the average of all types of controlled current educational activity and includes the control of theoretical and practical preparation.

Learning outcome code	Code type of lesson	Method of verifying learning outcomes	Enrollment criteria
GC 1, Know-1, Sk-1, K- 1, AV-1	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	<i>Excellent</i> - the master has deeply studied the theoretical material of the topic of the lesson, is able to connect theory with
GC 2, Know-2, Sk-2, , K-2, AV-2	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	practice, which allows him to solve situational problems of increased complexity. Good - the
GC 3, Know-3, Sk-3, , K-3, AV-3	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6;	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions	master has firmly studied the theoretical material

All marks by the traditional assessment scale are converted into points.

	SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4,	practical experience		
	SS5, SS6	practical experience	_	
GC 4, Know-4, Sk-4, , K-4, AV-4	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience		
GC 6, Know-6, Sk-6, K- 6, AV-6	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience		
GC 7, Know-7, Sk-7, K- 7, AV-7	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience		
GC 8, Know-8, Sk-8, K- 8, AV-8	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience		
GC 9, Know-9, Sk-9, K- 9, AV-9	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	of the topic of the lesson, correctly applies theoretical knowledge in solving situational problems of medium	
GC 10, Know-10, Sk-10, K-10, AV-10	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	difficulty. Satisfactory - the master has studied only	
GC 11, Know-11, Sk-11, K-11, AV-11	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	the basic materia without details, solver only the easies problems, assume inaccuracies, choose insufficiently clea	
GC 11, Know-11, Sk-11, K-11, AV-11	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	wording, breaks the sequence in the statement of the answer. Unsatisfactory - the master does not	
GC 12, Know-12, Sk-12, K-12, AV-12	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16;	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	know much of the theoretical material of the topic of the lesson, makes significant	

	SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6		mistakes, does not solve the situational problem.
GC 13, Know-13, Sk-13, K-13, AV-13	L1, L2, L3; C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	
GC 14, Know-14, Sk-14, K-14, AV-14	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	
GC 15, Know-15, Sk-15, K-15, AV-15	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	
GC 1, Know-1, Sk-1, K- 1, AV-1	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	
PC 1. Know-1, Sk-1, K- 1, AV-1	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	
PC 2, Know-2, Sk-2, K- 2, AV-2	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	
PC 13. Know-13, Sk-13, K-13, AV-13	L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	
PC 14. Know-14, Sk-14, K-14, AV-14	Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	

PC 15. Know-15, Sk-15, K-15, AV-15 L1, L2, L3; Cl1, Cl2, Cl3, Cl4, Cl5, Cl6; SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, SS6	test task; programmable control card; situational task; open questions practical experience	
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Criteria for evaluating the test task

Excellent - the master solved 95 % -100 % of the proposed set of test tasks; *Good* - the master solved 80 % - 94 % of the proposed set of test tasks; *Satisfactory* - the master solved 60.5 % -79 % of the proposed set of test tasks; *Unsatisfactory* - the master solved less than 60.5 % of the proposed set of test tasks;

Evaluation criteria for the Programmable Control Card

Excellent - the master answered 95 % -100 % of questions correctly out of the total amount, *Good* - the master answered 80 % - 94 % of questions correctly out of the total amount, *Satisfactory* - the master answered 60.5 % -79 % of questions correctly out of the total amount, *Unsatisfactory* - the master answered correctly less than 60.5% of the total amount.

Criteria for assessing the situational problem

Excellent - the master has deeply studied the theoretical material of the topic of the lesson, is able to connect theory with practice, which allows him to solve situational problems of increased complexity.

Good - the master has firmly studied the theoretical material of the topic of the lesson, correctly applies theoretical knowledge in solving situational problems of medium difficulty.

Satisfactory - the master has studied only the basic material without details, solves only the easiest problems, assumes inaccuracies, chooses insufficiently clear wording, breaks the sequence in the statement of the answer.

Unsatisfactory - the master does not know much of the theoretical material of the topic of the lesson, makes significant mistakes, does not solve the situational problem.

Criteria for evaluating of open questions

The task includes 5 open-ended questions on the topic of practical training. The cost of each question is 1 point, or 20%. The results of the answers are summed up and a score is given on a five-point scale: 5 "excellent" - 4.5-5 points; 4 "good" - 3.5-4 points; 3 "satisfactory" - 3 points; 2 "unsatisfactory" - 2 or less points.

Each of the questions is evaluated according to the following criteria:

1 point - the master has mastered the theoretical material of the lesson; independently, competently and consistently with complete completeness answered questions; demonstrates deep and comprehensive knowledge, logically builds the answer, expresses his attitude to certain problems; is able to establish causal relationships, logically and reasonably draw conclusions; unmistakably answers questions using materials submitted for independent work.

0.75 points - the master has mastered the theoretical material of the topic of the lesson, teaches it; reveals the main content of educational material, gives incomplete definitions, allows minor violations in the sequence of presentation of material and inaccuracies in the use of scientific terms, vaguely formulates conclusions, expresses its views on certain issues, but assumes certain errors in the logic of theoretical content;

0.5 points - the master basically mastered the theoretical material of the lesson, fragmentarily reveals the content of educational material, shows the initial idea of the subject, when reproducing the

basic educational material makes significant mistakes, gives simple examples, answers unconvincingly, confuses concepts.

0 points - the master has not mastered the study material of the topic, does not know the basic definitions, concepts; gives the wrong answer to the question.

Criteria for assessing practical skills

Excellent - the master has full practical skills, is able to connect theory with practice.

Good - the master has some practical skill, correctly applies the theoretical provisions in solving practical problems.

Satisfactory - the master has only the required minimum of practical tasks, familiar with the technique.

Unsatisfactory - the master has no practical skill.

Final control			
General evaluation system		Participation in the work during the semester - 100% on a 200-point scale	
Rating scales		traditional 4-poin scale, ECTS ratin	t scale, multi-point (200-point) g scale
Conditions of admission to the fi	nal control	requirements of t	led all practical classes, fulfilled the he curriculum and received at least rent performance
Type of final control	Methods of	final control	Enrollment criteria
Credit	control must be from the 4-p converted into p point (200-po accordance with "Criteria, rules a evaluating the educational activ The calculation points is based obtained by the point (national) study of the calculating the (CA), rounded places. The re- converted into p	included. Grades oint scale are oints on a multi- int) scale in a the Regulation and procedures for e results of vities of masters" of the number of a on the grades master on a 4- scale during the discipline, by arithmetic mean to two decimal sulting value is oints on a multi- llows: number of	The maximum number of points is 200. The minimum number of points is 120
9. Course policy			
sources of information, exce outcomes; personal presence reasons.	tasks of current con pt for those allowed at all lectures and p	trol, independent v for use, in particul practical classes, ex	ers by: vork without the use of external ar during the evaluation of learning cept in cases caused by good of innovative approaches in the

field of education in practical professional activities; independence of professional activity from political parties, public, religious organizations; raising the professional level through selfdevelopment and self-improvement, passing course training; compliance with the rules of internal regulations, labor discipline, corporate ethics; objective and unbiased evaluation of master's learning outcomes; control over the observance of academic integrity by masters; informing masters about typical violations of academic integrity and types of liability for its violations

10. Literature

<u>Obligatory</u>

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Additional sources:

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- 19. Center for Disease Control https://www.cdc.gov/
- 20. National Library of Medicine http://www.nlm.nih.gov
- 21. World Wide Web Virtual Library Epidemiology http://chanane.ucsf.edu/epidem/epidem.html
- 22. Archive Epidemiology and Infection www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/journals
- 23. Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/
- 24. Global action plan on antimicrobial resistance https://www.who.int/antimicrobial-resistance/publications/global-action-plan/en/
- 25. Health Technical Memorandum 01-04: Decontamination of linen for health and social care http://www.gov.uk/government/collections/ health-building-notes-core-elements
- 26. www.promedmail.org
- 27. http://www.pitt.edu/~super1/globalhealth/

28. www.units.handbooks.uwa.edu.au

11. Equipment, logistics and software discipline

- The department has a methodical office, where a selection is collected: textbooks, manuals, guidelines, monographs on epidemiology, parasitology, disinfection, as well as related disciplines (infectious diseases, microbiology, virology); materials of scientific forums and periodicals on preventive medicine; educational materials, including co-authored with the staff of the department; sets of modern normative documents regulating work on epidemiology, parasitology, disinfection.
- Updated computer class: 10 computers, multifunctional copying equipment, printer. Internet access. Computer programs are used: Linox Xubuntu, Libre Offic, Epi Info, Epi Map, Ukrvac, Statistica. Multimedia projector, laptop, screen. Means of individual protection against biological threats (anti-plague suits). Sets of disinfectants and sterilizers. Sets of immunobiological drugs. Algorithms of observance of standard procedures in the context of infection control. Tabular fund (196 tables). Educational films (2).

12. Additional Information

- Lectures are held in the lecture hall in the building of Danylo Halytsky LNMU, Zelena st., 12 Website: kaf_epidemiology@meduniv.lviv.ua
- A student scientific circle has been created and is actively working at the department

Sylabus is prepared by:

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