1. The signs of what disease described below?

Cone like hyperemic infiltrate of the skin with necrosis of the tissues and accumulation of pus along a hair:

- a) furuncle
- b) carbuncle
- c) hydroadenitis
- d) lymphadenitis
- e) erisypelas
- 2. Treatment of the acute mastitis in serous stage consists of:
  - 1) operative treatment
  - 2) prevention of lactostasis
  - 3) immobilization of breast by kerchiefs bandage
    - 4) antibacterial therapy
  - 5) retromammar Novocains blockage with antibiotics and proteolytic enzymes

### **Choose correct combination of responses:**

- A) 1,3; B) 1,2,3; C) 3,4,5; D) 2,3,4,5; E) all responses are correct.
- 3. What local clinical signs of the tendinous panaris?
  - 1) pulsing pain
  - 2) swelling of the finger
    - 3) finger is bent
    - 4) finger is extensed
  - 5) painful along tendon during palpation

**Choose correct combination of responses:** 

A) 1,2; B) 1,2,3; C) 1,3,4; D) 1,3,4,5; E) 1,2,4,5.

- 4. Danger of the purulent process transition on forearm arises if there is a panaris of
  - 1) I finger
  - 2) II finger
  - 3) III finger
  - 4) IV finger
  - 5) V finger

**Choose correct combination of responses** 

- A) 1,3; B) 2,3,4; C) 1,5; D) 2,5; E) all responses are correct.
- 5. What kind of antisepsis is determining in treatment of the purulent sub fascial phlegmon of thigh?
  - A) administration of antibiotics
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  - C) operative treatment draining of phlegmon
    - D) action of ultraviolet rays
    - E) administration of sulfonamids

6. Separated accumulation of pus in the tissues named as:
a) abscess
b) phlegmon
c) myozitis
d) panaris
e) hydroadenitis
7. The source of endogenic infection may be all from presented excepts:
a) chronic tonsillitis
b) dental caries
c) purulent skin disease
d) chronic osteomyelitis
e) obliterating thrombangitis
8. What from presented microbes causes of furuncle development?
a) streptococcus
b) staphylococcus
c) gonococcus
d) clostridium
e) proteus vulgaris
9. What from presented diseases most often determines purulent surgical process?
a) malignant tumor
b) cardiac malformation
c) diabetes
d) chronic renal insufficiency
e) closed cranial cerebral trauma
10. Name complication that is characteristic for carbuncle of the upper lip:
a) sepsis
b) skin necrosis
c) meningitis
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11. Name one from stages of local reaction of organism on contamination (developmen of infection):
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## **Choose correct combination of responces:**

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## **Choose correct combination of responses:**

A) 1,2; B) 1,2,3; C) 1,3,4; D) 1,3,4,5; E) 1,2,4,5.

- 3. Danger of the purulent process transition on forearm arises if there is a panaris of
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**Choose correct combination of responses** 

- A) 1,3; B) 2,3,4; C) 1,5; D) 2,5; E) all responses are correct.
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Cone like hyperemic infiltrate of the skin with necrosis of the tissues and accumulation of pus along a hair:

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**Choose correct combination of responses:** 

A) 1,3; B) 1,2,3; C) 3,4,5; D) 2,3,4,5; E) all answers are correct

1.	Danger of the purulent process transition on forearm arises if there is a panaris of
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	4) IV finger
	5) V finger
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**Choose correct combination of responses:** 

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- 11. What local clinical signs of the tendinous panaris?
  - 1. pulsing pain
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    - 3. finger is bent
    - 4. finger is extensed
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  - 1. I finger
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  - 3. III finger
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**Choose correct combination of responses** 

A) 1,3; B) 2,3,4; C) 1,5; D) 2,5; E) all responses are correct.

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**Choose correct combination of responses:** 

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- 10. Danger of the purulent process transition on forearm arises if there is a panaris of
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**Choose correct combination of responses** 

- A) 1,3; B) 2,3,4; C) 1,5; D) 2,5; E) all responses are correct.
- 11. What kind of antisepsis is determining in treatment of the purulent sub fascial phlegmon of thigh?
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 immobilization of breast by kerchiefs bandage
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7. Treatment of the acute mastitis in serous stage consists of:

# 5) retromammar Novocains blockage with antibiotics and proteolytic enzymes

**Choose correct combination of responses:** 

A) 1,3; B) 1,2,3; C) 3,4,5; D) 2,3,4,5; E) all answers are correct

- 8. What local clinical signs of the tendinous panaris?
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- 9. Danger of the purulent process transition on forearm arises if there is a panaris of
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- 8. Danger of the purulent process transition on forearm arises if there is a panaris of
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**Choose correct combination of responses** 

- A) 1,3; B) 2,3,4; C) 1,5; D) 2,5; E) all responses are correct.
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A) 1,3; B) 1,2,3; C) 3,4,5; D) 2,3,4,5; E) all answers are correct

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    - 4) antibacterial therapy
  - 5) retromammar Novocains blockage with antibiotics and proteolytic enzymes

**Choose correct combination of responses:** 

A) 1,3; B) 1,2,3; C) 3,4,5; D) 2,3,4,5; E) all answers are correct

- 5. What local clinical signs of the tendinous panaris?
  - 1. pulsing pain
  - 2. swelling of the finger
    - 3. finger is bent
    - 4. finger is extensed
  - 5. painful along tendon during palpation Choose correct combination of responses:

A)1,2; B) 1,2,3; C) 1,3,4; D) 1,3,4,5; E) 1,2,4,5.

- 6. Danger of the purulent process transition on forearm arises if there is a panaris of
  - 1. I finger
  - 2. II finger
  - 3. III finger

- 4. IV finger
- 5. V finger

#### **Choose correct combination of responses**

- A) 1,3; B) 2,3,4; C) 1,5; D) 2,5; E) all responses are correct.
- 7. What kind of antisepsis is determining in treatment of the purulent sub fascial phlegmon of thigh?
  - 1. administration of antibiotics
    - 2. injection of toxoid
  - 3. operative treatment draining of phlegmon
    - 4. action of ultraviolet rays
    - 5. administration of sulfonamids

- 8. Separated accumulation of pus in the tissues named as:
  - a. abscess
  - b. phlegmon
  - c. myozitis
  - d. panaris
  - e. hydroadenitis
- 9. The source of endogenic infection may be all from presented excepts:
  - a) chronic tonsillitis
    - b) dental caries
  - c) purulent skin disease
  - d) chronic osteomyelitis
    - e) obliterating thrombangitis
- 10. What from presented microbes causes of furuncle development?
  - a. Streptococcus
  - b. Staphylococcus
    - c. Gonococcus
    - d. Clostridium
  - e. Proteus vulgaris
- 11. What from presented diseases most often determines purulent surgical process?
  - a. malignant tumor
  - b. cardiac malformation
    - c. diabetes
  - d. chronic renal insufficiency
  - e. closed cranial cerebral trauma

1.	Name	one	from	stages	of	local	reaction	of	organism	on	contamination
	(develo	pmer	nt of inf	ection):							

- a) infiltration
- b) induration
- c) desquamation
  - d) dilution
- e) penetration
- 2. The signs of what disease described below?

Cone like hyperemic infiltrate of the skin with necrosis of the tissues and accumulation of pus along a hair:

- a) furuncle
- b) carbuncle
- c) hydroadenitis
- d) lymphadenitis
- e) erisypelas
- 3. Treatment of the acute mastitis in serous stage consists of:
  - 1) operative treatment
  - 2) prevention of lactostasis
  - 3) immobilization of breast by kerchiefs bandage
    - 4) antibacterial therapy
  - 5) retromammar Novocains blockage with antibiotics and proteolytic enzymes

**Choose correct combination of responses:** 

A) 1,3; B) 1,2,3; C) 3,4,5; D) 2,3,4,5; E) all answers are correct

- 4. What local clinical signs of the tendinous panaris?
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    - 4. finger is extensed
  - 5. painful along tendon during palpation Choose correct combination of responses:

A)1,2; B) 1,2,3; C) 1,3,4; D) 1,3,4,5; E) 1,2,4,5.

- 5 Danger of the purulent process transition on forearm arises if there is a panaris of
  - 1) 1 finger
  - 2) II finger
  - 3) III finger
  - 4) IV finger

5) V finger

**Choose correct combination of responses** 

A) 1,3; B) 2,3,4; C) 1,5; D) 2,5; E) all responses are correct.

- 6. What kind of antisepsis is determining in treatment of the purulent sub fascial phlegmon of thigh?
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    - a) malignant tumor
    - b) cardiac malformation
      - c) diabetes
    - d) chronic renal insufficiency
    - e) closed cranial cerebral trauma
- 11) Name complication that is characteristic for carbuncle of the upper lip:
  - a. sepsis
  - b. skin necrosis
    - c. meningitis
  - d. osteomyelitis of the upper jaw
  - e. thrombosis of carotid artery