Syllabus of the discipline "Pediatric Infectious Diseases" Profile course by choice "Internal Medicine"

1. General information			
Name of the faculty	Medical Faculty №2		
Educational	22 Healthcare, 222 Medicine, second (master's) level of higher education,		
program (industry,	full-time		
specialty,			
level of higher education, form			
teaching)			
Academic year	2023 - 2024		
Name of	EC 3.1.3.2 «Pediatric infectious diseases»		
the discipline, code (e-mail	Kaf_pedInfectious@meduniv.lviv.ua		
address on the website of			
Danylo Halytsky LNMU)			
Department (name, address,	Department of Pediatric Infectious Diseases,		
telephone, e-mail)	Address: 79010, Ukraine, Lviv, street Pekarska, 54		
	tel .: +38 (032) 2368481,		
	e - mail: Kaf_pedInfectious@meduniv.lviv.ua		
Head of the department	Professor MD,PhD, Nadraga Alexandr		
(contact e-mail)	e - mail: nadraga09@gmail.com		
Year of study (the year in	sixth		
which the learning of			
disciplines is being			
implementea)			
Semester (semester in which			
the learning of disciplines is			
Tupo of discipling (module	Obligatory		
(mandatory / optional)	Obligatory		
Teachers (names, surnames	Halvna Lytyvn – MD PhD Associate professor golytyvn2012@gmail.com		
degrees and titles of teachers	Traryna Lytvyn – MD, r nD, Associate professor, gorytvyn2012@gman.com		
who teach discipline contact			
<i>e-mail</i>)	Olga Hladchenko - MD,PhD, assistant, hladchenko.olya@gmail.com		
Erasmus yes / no (discipline	no		
availability for students			
under the Erasmus +			
program)			
Person responsible for	Halyna Lytvyn – MD,PhD, Associate professor, <u>golytvyn2012@gmail.com</u>		
the syllabus (person to be	Pokrovska Tetyana, MD,PhD, Associate professor		
commented on the	<u>t.pokrovska@gmail.com</u>		
synabus, contact email)			
Number of ECTS and its	2.0		
INUMBER OF ECTS CREATS	2,0		
Number of hours	Number of hours:		
(lectures/ practical classes/	total $= 60$ practical classes 30		
independent work	10 m = 00 practical classes = 50 lectures = 0 student's independent work = 30		
students)	student's independent work – 50		
Language of education			
TC	English		

2. Short annotation to the course

General characteristics, brief description of the course, features, benefits

The discipline "Pediatric Infectious Diseases" is a mandatory component of the educational and professional training program "Pediatrics with Pediatric Infectious Diseases"), studied by students majoring in 222 "Medicine", 228 "Pediatrics" during the 5th year of study.

The curriculum of the discipline "Pediatric Infectious Diseases" is developed taking into account current trends in the formation of new socio-economic relations in society, based on a systematic view of current trends in medicine.

Course "Pediatric Infectious Diseases":

a) is based on the knowledge gained by students in the study of medical biology, normal and

pathological physiology, normal and pathological anatomy, microbiology, histology, pharmacology, epidemiology, immunology, pediatrics, propaedeutics of pediatrics, infectious diseases and integrates with these disciplines;

b) lays the foundations for the formation of students' skills that are determined by the ultimate goals of studying childhood infectious diseases as an independent discipline and can be used by students in the study of pediatrics, infectious diseases and other clinical disciplines in V and VI courses and in professional activities.

3. Aim and goals of the course

The aim of teaching the discipline "Pediatric Infectious Diseases" is:

Acquisition of theoretical and practical knowledge of etiology, pathogenesis, classification, clinical manifestations, methods of diagnosis, treatment and prevention of the most common noninfectious and infectious diseases of childhood and skills of clinical, laboratory and instrumental examination of the child in accordance with medical ethics and deontology skills in maintaining medical records. Acquisition by the student of knowledge and professional skills in differential diagnosis of the most common non-communicable and infectious diseases of childhood, dispensary supervision of healthy and sick children in an outpatient setting and emergency care for the most common emergencies in children based on knowledge of anatomical and physiological features of the child's body;

Formation of the ability to use knowledge, skills, abilities and understanding to solve typical problems of a doctor in the field of health care, the scope of which is provided by certain lists of syndromes and symptoms of diseases, emergencies, physiological conditions.

The ultimate goals of the discipline

The ultimate goals of the discipline "Pediatric Infectious Diseases" are based on the educational goals defined in the educational-professional program (EPP). They are defined as follows:

1. To determine the etiological and pathogenetic factors of the most common infectious diseases of childhood.

2. Classify and analyze the typical clinical picture of the most common infectious diseases of childhood.

3. Make a survey plan and analyze the data of laboratory and instrumental examinations in the typical course of the most common infectious diseases, demonstrate mastery of the principles of treatment, rehabilitation and prevention of the most common infectious diseases of childhood.

4. Diagnose and provide emergency care for the most common infectious diseases of childhood.

5. Demonstrate mastery of moral and deontological principles of a medical specialist and the principles of professional subordination in pediatrics.

Competencies and learning outcomes

the formation of which contributes to the study of the educational discipline "Propaedeutics of Pediatrics". According to the requirements of the Higher Education Standard, the discipline ensures that students acquire the following competencies:

- integral:

The ability to solve complex problems, including those of a research and innovation nature in the field of medicine. Ability to continue learning with a high degree of autonomy. *general:*

GC 1. Ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis

GC 2 Ability to learn and master modern knowledge

GC 3. Ability to apply knowledge in practical situations.

GC 4. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of professional activity.

GC 5. Ability to adapt and act in a new situation

GC 6. Ability to make informed decisions.

GC 7. Ability to work in a team.

GC 8. Interpersonal skills.

GC 9. Ability to communicate in a foreign language.

GC 10. Skills in the use of information and communication technologies.

GC 11. Ability to search, process and analyze information from various sources.

GC 12. Determination and persistence in relation to assigned tasks and assumed responsibilities.

GC 13. Awareness of equal opportunities and gender issues.

GC 14. The ability to realize one's rights and responsibilities as a member of society, to be aware of the values of a civil (free democratic) society and the need for its sustainable development, the rule of law, the rights and freedoms of a person and a citizen in Ukraine.

GC 15. The ability to preserve and multiply moral, cultural, scientific values and achievements of society based on an understanding of the history and patterns of development of the subject area, its place in the general system of knowledge about nature and society and in the development of society, technology and technologies, to use various types and forms of motor activity for active recreation and leading a healthy lifestyle.

- special (professional) competences:

PC 1. Ability to collect medical information about the patient and analyze clinical data.

PC 2. Ability to determine the necessary list of laboratory and instrumental studies and evaluate their results.

PC 3. Ability to establish a preliminary and clinical diagnosis of the disease.

PC 5. Ability to determine the nature of nutrition in the treatment and prevention of diseases.

PC 6. Ability to determine the principles and nature of treatment and prevention of diseases.

PC 7. Ability to diagnose emergency conditions.

PC 8. Ability to determine tactics and provide emergency medical care.

PC 10. Ability to perform medical manipulations.

PC 11. Ability to solve medical problems in new or unfamiliar environments in the presence of incomplete or limited information, taking into account aspects of social and ethical responsibility.

PC 13. Ability to carry out sanitary and hygienic and preventive measures.

PC 14. Ability to plan and carry out preventive and anti-epidemic measures regarding infectious diseases.

PC 16. Ability to maintain medical documentation, including electronic forms.

PC 21. Clearly and unambiguously convey own knowledge, conclusions and arguments on health care problems and related issues to specialists and non-specialists, in particular to people who are studying.

PC 23. Ability to develop and implement scientific and applied projects in the field of health care.

PC 24. Compliance with ethical principles when working with patients and laboratory animals.

PC 25. Observance of professional and academic integrity, bear responsibility for the reliability of the obtained scientific results

4. Course prerequisites

Information on the disciplines, basic knowledge and learning outcomes required by the student (enrolled) for successful study and acquisition of competencies in this discipline is indicated:

The study of the discipline "Pediatric Infectious Diseases" is provided in the VI course in the 11th and 12th semesters, when the student has acquired relevant knowledge of the basic subjects with which the program of the discipline is integrated.

N⁰	Discipline	Must know	Must be able
1.	Microbiology	Characteristics of pathogens, morphological, pathogenic, antigenic properties of viruses and bacteria, methods of laboratory diagnosis, methods of bacteriological, virological and serological tests	Collection of material for bacteriological, virological and serological tests. Interpretation of the results of specific diagnostic methods
2.	Biological chemistry	Protein metabolism in normal and pathological conditions. Bilirubin metabolism. Liver enzymes. Lipid metabolism (cholesterol, lipoproteins, β -lipoproteins). The content in the urine of bile pigments and urobilin.	Evaluate the results of biochemical changes
3.	Anatomy	Anatomy of lymph nodes, organs of the oropharynx, respiratory, cardiovascular, digestive, nervous systems, kidneys; features in young children.	Examine these systems objectively
4.	Pathological anatomy	Pathomorphology of changes in internal organs in infectious diseases	Evaluate the results of pathomorphological changes
5.	Physiology	Parameters of physiological norm of human organs and systems; indicators of laboratory examination are normal (general blood, urine, blood biochemistry, parameters of CBC, electrolytes, etc.).	Evaluate laboratory test data.
6.	Pathological physiology	Pathophysiology of inflammation and allergies in infectious diseases	Determination of pathophysiological changes
7.	Propaedeutics of pediatric's diseases	The concept of children's health, criteria for its evaluation and health groups. Features and methods of collecting medical history in children. Methods of clinical objective examination of healthy and sick children. General examination of healthy and sick children. Criteria for assessing the general condition of sick children. Knowledge of instrumental methods of examination of patients.	Conduct an objective examination of a sick child, to assess the condition
8.	Virusology	Modern approaches to the diagnosis of viral infections. Serological diagnostic methods, hybridization methods and PCR diagnosis of infectious diseases	Evaluate the results of laboratory tests

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Co-requisites:

1. pediatrics,

2. Internal medicine,

3. Infectious disease.

Postrequisites:

- 1. pediatrics,
- 2. infectious disease

5. Program learning outcomes List of learning outcomes

PLO 1. Have thorough knowledge of the structure of professional activity. To be able to carry out professional activities that require updating and integration of knowledge. To be responsible for professional development, the ability for further professional training with a high level of autonomy.

PLO 2. Understanding and knowledge of basic and clinical biomedical sciences, at a level sufficient for solving professional tasks in the field of health care.

PLO 3. Specialized conceptual knowledge, which includes scientific achievements in the field of health care and is the basis for conducting research, critical understanding of problems in the field of medicine and related interdisciplinary problems.

PLO 4. Identify and identify leading clinical symptoms and syndromes (according to list 1); according to standard methods, using preliminary data of the patient's history, data of the patient's examination, knowledge about the person, his organs and systems, establish a preliminary clinical diagnosis of the disease (according to list 2).

PLO 5. Collect complaints, life and disease history, assess the patient's psychomotor and physical development, the state of the organs and systems of the body, based on the results of laboratory and

instrumental studies, evaluate information regarding the diagnosis (according to list 4), taking into account the patient's age.

- PLO 6. To establish the final clinical diagnosis by making a reasoned decision and analyzing the received subjective and objective data of clinical, additional examination, carrying out differential diagnosis, observing the relevant ethical and legal norms, under the control of the head physician in the conditions of a health care institution (according to list 2).
- PLO 7. Prescribe and analyze additional (mandatory and optional) examination methods (laboratory, functional and/or instrumental) (according to list 4) of patients with diseases of organs and body systems for differential diagnosis of diseases (according to list 2).
- PLO 9. Determine the nature and principles of treatment (conservative, operative) of patients with diseases (according to list 2), taking into account the age of the patient, in the conditions of a health care institution, outside its borders and at the stages of medical evacuation, including in field conditions, on the basis of a preliminary clinical diagnosis, observing the relevant ethical and legal norms, by making a reasoned decision according to existing algorithms and standard schemes, in case of the need to expand the standard scheme, be able to justify personalized recommendations under the control of the head physician in the conditions of a medical institution.
- PLO 10. Determine the necessary regime of work, rest and nutrition based on the final clinical diagnosis, observing the relevant ethical and legal norms, by making a reasoned decision according to existing algorithms and standard schemes.
- PLO 12. To assess the general condition of a newborn child by making a reasoned decision according to existing algorithms and standard schemes, observing the relevant ethical and legal norms.
- PLO 13. Assess and monitor the child's development, provide recommendations on feeding and nutritional features depending on age, organize preventive vaccinations according to the calendar.
- PLO 14. Determine tactics and provide emergency medical care in emergency situations (according to list 3) in limited time in accordance with existing clinical protocols and standards of treatment.
- PLO 17. To perform medical manipulations (according to list 5) in the conditions of a medical institution, at home or at work based on a previous clinical diagnosis and/or indicators of the patient's condition by making a reasoned decision, observing the relevant ethical and legal norms.
- PLO 18. To determine the state of functioning and limitations of a person's life activity and the duration of incapacity for work with the preparation of relevant documents, in the conditions of a health care institution, based on data on the disease and its course, peculiarities of a person's professional activity, etc. Maintain medical documentation regarding the patient and the contingent of the population on the basis of regulatory documents.
- PLO 20. Analyze the epidemiological situation and carry out mass and individual, general and local prevention of infectious diseases.
- PLO 21. Search for the necessary information in the professional literature and databases of other sources, analyze, evaluate and apply this information.
- PLO 22. Apply modern digital technologies, specialized software, statistical methods of data analysis to solve complex healthcare problems.
- PLO 24. To organize the necessary level of individual safety (own and the persons they care about) in case of typical dangerous situations in the individual field of activity.
- PLO 25. It is clear and unambiguous to convey one's own knowledge, conclusions and arguments on health care problems and related issues to specialists and non-specialists.

PLO 29. Plan, organize and carry out measures for the specific prevention of infectious diseases, including in accordance with the National calendar of preventive vaccinations, both mandatory and recommended. Manage vaccine residues, organize additional vaccination campaigns, including immunoprophylaxis measures.

	Distribution of learning outcomes by types of learning activities			
Learning outcome code	Learning outcome content	Link to matrix code competencies		
Kn-1,	Ability to collect medical information about the patient and analyze clinical data. Specialized conceptual knowledge that includes current scientific	PR-1, 4,5		

	achievements in the field of professional activity or field of knowledge and is the basis for original thinking and conducting research	
Sk-1.	Collect data on the patient's complaints, medical history, life history.	PR -1.4.5
2.0 1,	under the conditions of the health care facility or at the place of stay	111 1, 1,0
	of the sick child, using the results of an interview with the child, his	
	parents or legal representatives according to a standard survey	
	scheme.	
	Under any circumstances (in a health care institution or at the place	
	of stay of a sick child), using knowledge about the child's body,	
	organs and systems, according to certain algorithms:	
	• collect information about the child's general condition	
	(consciousness, constitution) and appearance (examination of the	
	skin, subcutaneous fat layer, palpation of lymph nodes, thyroid and	
	mammary glands);	
	• evaluate the child's psychomotor and physical development;	
	• examine the state of the cardiovascular system (examination and	
	palpation of the heart and surface vessels, determination of	
	percussive borders of the heart and vessels, auscultation of the heart	
	and vessels);	
	• examine the condition of the respiratory organs (examination of the	
	chest and upper respiratory tract, palpation of the chest, percussion	
	and auscultation of the lungs);	
	• examine the state of the abdominal organs (examination of the	
	abdomen, parparion and percussion of the intestines, stomach, liver,	
	examination of the rectum):	
	• examine the condition of the musculoskeletal system (inspection	
	and palpation):	
	• examine the state of the nervous system:	
	• examine the state of the genitourinary system.	
C-1	Effectively form a communication strategy when communicating with	PR -1,4,5
	the patient. Enter information about the child's state of health in the	
	appropriate medical documentation. Clear and unambiguous	
	presentation of one's own knowledge, conclusions and arguments to	
	specialists and non-specialists, in particular to people who are studying	
AR-1	To be responsible for the quality collection of information obtained on	PR -1,4,5
	the basis of an interview, examination survey, palpation, percussion of	
	organs and systems and for timely assessment of the state of: human	
	health, psychomotor and physical development of the child and for	
	taking appropriate measures. Managing work or learning processes	
V ₁₂ 2	Ability to determine the pagesery list of laboratory and instrumental	DD 127
K <i>M</i> -2	studies and evaluate their results	FK -1 ,2,7
Sk-2	Be able to analyze the results of laboratory and instrumental studies	PR -1 2 7
SK 2	and based on them, evaluate information about the patient's diagnosis	11(1,2,7
	(according to list 4)	
C-2	Form and convey to the patient and/or his parents (guardians).	PR -1.2.7
	specialists conclusions regarding the necessary list of laboratory and	7 7 -
	instrumental studies (according to list 4).	
AR-2	To be responsible for making a decision regarding the evaluation of the	PR -1,2,7
	results of laboratory and instrumental studies	
Kn-3	Ability to determine the necessary list of laboratory and instrumental	PR -6
	studies and evaluate their results.	
	Be able to analyze the results of laboratory and instrumental studies	
	and, based on them, evaluate information about the patient's diagnosis	

	(according to list 4)	
	Form and convey to the patient and/or his parents (guardians).	
	specialists conclusions regarding the necessary list of laboratory and	
	instrumental studies (according to list 4)	
	To be responsible for making a decision regarding the evaluation of	
	the results of laboratory and instrumental studies	
Sk-3	To be able to establish the most likely or syndromic diagnosis of a	PR _6
58-5	disease (according to list 2) by making a reasoned decision, by means	I K -0
	of comparison with standards, using previous data of the patient's	
	bistomy and data of the national's examination based on the leading	
	alinical symptom or syndrome, using knowledge shout the nervon his	
	chinical symptom of syndrome, using knowledge about the person, ms	
<i>C</i> 2	Or the basis of non-latent desuments, maintain medical desumentation	DD 6
C-5	On the basis of regulatory documents, maintain medical documentation	PK -0
4D 2	A dharing the patient (ambulatory/inpatient card, etc.)	DD 10.12
AK -3	Adhering to ethical and legal norms, bear responsibility for making	PK -10,13
	informed decisions and actions regarding the correctness of the	
77 5	established preliminary clinical diagnosis of the disease	DD 10.12
Kn - 5	Have specialized knowledge about algorithms and standard schemes	PR -10,13
<u> </u>	for prescribing food - in the treatment of diseases (according to list 2)	DD 10.10
Sk -5	Be able to determine the nature of nutrition on the basis of a	PR -10,13
	preliminary and clinical diagnosis, the nature of nutrition in the	
	treatment of diseases (according to list 2)	
<i>C-5</i>	Form and convey to the patient and/or his parents (guardians),	PR -10,13
	specialists conclusions about nutrition - in the treatment of diseases	
	(according to list 2)	
AR-5	To be responsible for the reasonableness of the determination of	PR -10,13
	nutrition - in the treatment of a disease (according to list 2)	
Kn -6	Have specialized knowledge about algorithms and standard schemes	PR -10,13
	for prescribing food - in the treatment of diseases (according to list 2)	
Sk -6	Be able to determine the nature of nutrition on the basis of a	PR -10,13
	preliminary and clinical diagnosis, the nature of nutrition in the	
	treatment of diseases (according to list 2)	
C-6	Form and convey to the patient and/or his parents (guardians),	PR -10,13
	specialists conclusions about nutrition - in the treatment of diseases	
	(according to list 2)	
AR-6	To be responsible for the reasonableness of the determination of	PR -10,13
	nutrition - in the treatment of a disease (according to list 2)	
Kn -7	Ability to diagnose emergency conditions. Have specialized knowledge	PR -, 4
	about emergency human conditions; principles of providing EMC	
	Know the legislative framework for providing EMD, in particular the	
	law of Ukraine "On emergency medical care"	
Sk -7	To be able to carry out organizational measures aimed at saving and	PR -14
	preserving human life, to provide EMC in case of an urgent human	
	condition	
<i>C</i> -7	Explain the need and procedure for emergency medical care.	PR -14
AR-7	Be responsible for the timeliness and quality of emergency medical	PR -14
	care.	
Kn -8	Ability to diagnose emergency conditions. Have specialized knowledge	PR -14
	about emergency human conditions: principles of providing EMC	-
	Know the legislative framework for providing EMC. in particular the	
	law of Ukraine "On emergency medical care"	
Sk -8	To be able to carry out organizational measures aimed at saving and	PR -14
	preserving human life, to provide EMC in case of an urgent human	
	condition	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

<i>C</i> -8	Explain the need and procedure for emergency medical care.	PR -14
AR-8	Be responsible for the timeliness and quality of emergency medical	PR -14
	care.	
Kn -10	Ability to perform medical manipulations	PR -17
Sk -10	Be able to perform medical manipulations.	PR -17
C-10	Reasonably form and prove to the patient, and/or his parents	PR -17
	(guardians), specialists conclusions regarding the need for medical	
(D.10	manipulations	
AR-10	To be responsible for the quality of medical manipulations	PR -17
Kn -11	Have specialized knowledge about algorithms for performing	PR - 6 - 9
<u> </u>	medical manipulations (according to list 5).	
$\frac{SK-II}{C}$	Be able to perform medical manipulations (according to list 5).	$\frac{PR-6-9}{PR-6-9}$
C-11	Reasonably form and prove to the patient, and/or his parents	PR - 6 - 9
	(guardians), specialists conclusions regarding the need for medical	
4D 11	To be responsible for the quality of medical manipulations	
AK-11	10 be responsible for the quality of medical manipulations	PK -0 - 9
Kn 14	(accoluting to list 5).	DD 12
Kn -14	neventive and anti-epidemic measures for infectious diseases in typical	I K -13
	conditions and in conditions of epidemic adversity based on the results	
	of analysis data of the examination of the center of infectious diseases	
Sk -14	To be able to plan measures to prevent the spread of infectious diseases	PR -13
	based on epidemiological analysis, using preventive and anti-epidemic	
	methods (according to list 2) To be able to carry out in the conditions	
	of a health care institution, its subdivision:	
<i>C-14</i>	• detection and early diagnosis of infectious diseases (according to list	PR -13
	2);	
AB-14	• primary anti-epidemic measures in the focus of an infectious disease.	PR -13
Kn -16	Be able to organize the implementation of preventive and anti-epidemic	PR -22
	measures for infectious diseases in a health care institution, among the	
	fixed population and in centers of infectious diseases based on	
<u> </u>	epidemiological analysis by risk groups, risk area, time and risk factors.	DD 22
SK -10	Be able to determine the source and location of the required	PK -22
	Be able to process information and analyze the received information	
	Be able to process information and analyze the received information Be able to prepare an annual report on personal production activity	
	using official accounting documents in a generalized form:	
	To be able to keep medical documentation regarding the patient and	
	the contingent of the population (ambulatory/inpatient card, medical	
	history, sanatorium-resort card, disability certificate, documentation	
	for Medical commission, etc.), using standard technology, based on	
	regulatory documents.	
C-16	Obtain the necessary information from a specified source and, based	PR -22
	on its analysis, form appropriate conclusions	
AR-16	Be responsible for the completeness and quality of information analysis	PR -22
	and conclusions based on its analysis.	
Kn -21	It is clear and unambiguous to convey one's own knowledge,	PR -25
	conclusions and arguments on health care problems and related issues	
	to specialists and non-specialists, in particular to people who are	
	studying.	

Sk -21	Be able to critically analyze problems in the field and on the border of the fields of knowledge. Ability to solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments in the presence of incomplete or limited information,					PR -25
C-21	taking into account Use of foreign	ount aspects n languages	s of social and ethical resp in professional activities	onsibility		PR -25
		00	1			
AR-21	Responsibilit	y for con or evaluatin	tributing to professional g the performance of team	knowledge a	nd	PR -25
Kn - 23	Ability to deve	lop and imp	plement scientific and appl	ied projects in t	he	PR -17
Sk-23	Ability to solve	nroblems	in new or unfamiliar envir	onments in the		PR _17
SK -25	presence of inc	omplete or	limited information taking	g into account		I K -1 /
	aspects of social	al and ethic	al	g into account		
C-23	Use of foreign	languages i	n professional activities			PR -17
AR-23	Ability to conti	nue learnin	g with a high degree of au	tonomy		PR -17
Kn - 24	Adherence to e	thical princ	iples when working with r	patients and		PR -1.2.
	laboratory anin	nals.				2 2
Sk -24	Ability to integ	rate knowle	edge and solve complex pr	oblems in broad	d or	PR -1,2,
C 24	multidisciplina	ry contexts		1		DD 10
C-24	conclusions and	d argument	s to specialists and non-spe	ecialists, in		PK -1,2
	particular to pe	ople who a	re studying			
AR-24	Managing worl	c or learnin	g processes that are compl	ex, unpredictab	le	PR -1,2
Kn - 25	Adherence to p	rofessional	and academic integrity, to	be responsible	for	PR -1.2. 3
	the reliability o	f the obtain	ed scientific results	r i i i	-	7 7 -
Sk -25	Ability to integ	rate knowle	edge and solve complex pr	oblems in broad	d or	PR -1,2, 3
	multidisciplinary contexts					
C-25	Use of foreign languages in professional activities					PR -1,2, 3
AR-25	Ability to continue learning with a high degree of autonomy			PR -1,2, 3		
		6. (Course format and scope			
Course forma	t					
(specify full-t	time or		Full	-time		
part-time)	<u> </u>					
Kind	of occupations	Inumber of nours		Number of		
lectures			0		groups	
practical class	ses		30			
seminars			-			
independent v	work		30			
		7. Top	ics and content of the cou	urse		
Code of	Торі	c	Study content	Code of		Teacher
type classes				study results		
P-1	Differential di	agnosis	Etiological.	Kn-1.	Ass	oc.Prof. Lvtvvn
(Practical	and emergence	V	epidemiological.	<i>Sk-1</i> ,	H.O.	
lesson 1)	conditions for		pathogenetic features.	Sk-1.2,	Ass	sist. Hladchenko
	influenza and	ARVI in	leading clinical	Sk-1.4,	0.I	
	children (influ	ienza,	symptoms and	Sk-1.5,		
	parainfluenza	,	complications of the	Sk-1.7,		
	adenovirus, re	spiratory	above-listed infections	Sk-1.8,		

	syncytial (RS), rhinovirus infection, COVID-19). Pertussis (Whooping cough)	in children. Emergency conditions that may occur with these diseases (hyperthermic syndrome, acute stenotic laryngotracheitis, apnea during whooping cough, etc.), providing medical assistance for them. Tactics of managing patients with respiratory diseases and whooping cough, their prevention and immunoprophylaxis.	C-1, AR-1, Kn-2, Sk-2 Kn-3, Sk-3 Kn-5, Sk-5.1 Sk-5.2, Kn-6, Sk-6 Kn-7, Sk-7 Kn-9, Sk-9 Kn-10, Sk-10, Sk-10, Sk-11, Sk-11, Sk-14, Sk-14	
P-2 (Practical lesson 2)	Differential diagnosis of diphtheria of the tonsils, infectious mononucleosis and diseases accompanied by acute tonsillitis syndrome in children.	Clinical features of tonsillitis of various etiologies (streptococcal, staphylococcal, Simanovsky-Vincent, viral, fungal). Etiological, epidemiological, pathogenetic features, leading clinical symptoms and complications of the above-listed infections in children. Classification of diphtheria and tonsillitis. Patient management tactics. Emergency conditions that may occur with these diseases (hyperthermic syndrome, diphtheria croup, TSS in diphtheria), providing medical assistance for them. Prevention and immunoprophylaxis.	Kn -1, Sk -1, C-1, AR-1, Kn -2, Sk -2 Kn -3, Sk -3 Kn -5, Sk -5. Kn -6, Sk -6 Kn -7, Sk -7 Kn -9, Sk -9 Kn -10, Sk -10 Kn -11, Sk -11. Kn -14, Sk -14 Kn - 24 Sk -24. C-24, AR-24	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn H.O. Assist. Hladchenko O.I
P-3 (Practical lesson 3)	Differential diagnosis of infections with exanthema syndrome.	Etiological, epidemiological, pathogenetic features, leading clinical symptoms, course options and complications of infections with	Kn -1, Sk -1, C-1, AR-1, Kn -2, Sk -2 Kn -3, Sk -3 Kn -5, Sk -5. Kn -6. Sk -6	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn H.O. Assist. Hladchenko O.I

		exanthema syndrome	Kn-7, Sk-7	
		(measles, rubella,	Kn-9, Sk-9	
		chicken pox, scarlet	Kn-10,	
		fever,	Sk-10.	
		pseudotuberculosis).	Kn -11,	
		Differential diagnosis	Sk -11.	
		of exanthema	Kn -14,	
		syndrome in various	Sk -14	
		infectious and non-		
		infectious diseases.		
		"Acute abdomen"		
		syndrome in measles		
		patients. Severe		
		atypical forms of		
		chicken pox, bacterial		
		skin lesions. Patient		
		management factics.		
		organization of anti-		
		epidemic measures in		
		the focus of infection		
		in diseases with		
		exanthema syndrome		
		Immunoprophylaxis		
P-4	Differential diagnosis	Etiological	Kn -1	Assoc Prof Lytyyn
(Practical	of meningococcal and	enidemiological	Sk - L	H O
lesson 5)	enterovirus infections	pathogenetic features	C_{-1}	Assist Hladchenko
,	in children	leading clinical	AR-1	0.I
	poliomyelitis	symptoms and variants	Kn - 2 $Sk - 2$	
	Emergency conditions	of the course of	Kn - 3, $Sk - 3$	
	for neuroinfections in	meningococcal	Kn - 5, $Sk - 5$	
	children	infection Differential	Kn -6. Sk -6	
		diagnosis of	Kn-7. Sk-7	
		meningococcemia with	Kn-9. Sk-9	
		diseases accompanied	Kn-10.	
		by hemorrhagic rash	Sk-10.	
		(hemorrhagic	Kn -11.	
		vasculitis	Sk -11.	
		thrombocytopenic	Kn -14.	
		purpura etc.)	Sk -14	
		Issues of clinical and		
		laboratory diagnosis of		
		neuroinfections		
		L iquorological		
		diagnosis		
		Emergencies in		
		neuroinfections: toxic		
		shock syndrome (TSS)		
		in meningococcal		
		infection cerebral		
		edema cerebral coma		
P-5	Differential diagnosis	Etiological	Kn - 1	Assoc Prof Lytyp
(Practical	of GIT infections in	enidemiological	Sk - 1	$H \cap$
lesson 5)	children	nathogenetic features	C-1.	Assist, Hladchenko
,	V111101 V11.	paulosonono roataros,	~ ·,	
	Differential diagnosis	leading clinical	AR-1.	I.O

conditions in viral	syndromes of GIT	Kn -3. Sk -3	
hepatitis (VH) in	infections: local	Kn -5. Sk -5.	
children	(gastritis, enteritis,	Kn -6. Sk -6	
	colitis, etc.) and	Kn-7. Sk-7	
	general. Clinical	Kn-9. Sk-9	
	variants of the course	Kn-10.	
	of shigellosis	Sk-10.	
	salmonellosis	Kn -11.	
	escherichia intestinal	Sk -11.	
	versiniosis, viral	Kn -14.	
	diarrhea in children of	Sk -14	
	different ages		
	Differential diagnosis		
	of GIT infections		
	among themselves and		
	with diseases of the		
	gastrointestinal tract of		
	non-infectious origin		
	surgical pathology		
	Management factics of		
	children with GIT		
	infections		
	(examination		
	indications for		
	hospitalization		
	treatment) Anti-		
	epidemic measures in		
	the focus of infection.		
	Emergency conditions		
	with GIT infections in		
	children (toxicosis.		
	dehydration.		
	neurotoxicosis, TSS).		
	provision of medical		
	assistance. Diagnosis		
	and treatment. Data of		
	laboratory and		
	instrumental studies.		
	Etiological,		
	epidemiological,		
	pathogenetic features,		
	leading clinical		
	symptoms, laboratory		
	research data		
	depending on the		
	causative agent of VH.		
	Differential diagnosis		
	of typical and atypical		
	forms of hypertension		
	in children. Tactics of		
	managing a patient		
	with viral hepatitis.		
	Diagnostic markers of		
	hepatitis. Anti-		
	epidemic measures in		

		the focus of infection.		
		Acute liver failure with		
		acute hepatitis in		
		children, clinical		
		symptoms, assessment		
		of the severity and		
		prognosis of the course		
		of hepatitis, taking into		
		account the indicators		
		of laboratory studies.		
		Tactics of management		
		of a patient with		
		hypertension with acute		
		liver failure syndrome.		
		Providing emergency		
		care.		
		Emergency		
		immunoprophylaxis of		
		VH before planned		
		surgical interventions.		
		Differential diagnosis		
		of VH with other		
		parenchymal jaundice		
		(drug-induced, toxic		
		and autoimmune		
		hepatitis, Gilbert's		
		disease, tropical		
		malaria, sepsis,		
		versiniosis, infectious		
		mononucleosis, etc.).		
		Differential diagnosis		
		with suprahepatic and		
		subhepatic jaundice.		
SIW-1	Helminthiasis in children.	Etiology, epidemiology,	Kn-1, Sk1.	Assoc.Prof. Lvtvvn
(student's	Diagnostics. Treatment.	clinic, diagnosis and diff.	Sk -2, C-2,	H.O.
independent		diagnosis, treatment.	AR-2,	Assist. Hladchenko
work 1)			Kn -3. Sk -3.	O.I
			AR -3. Kn -	
			6.	
			Sk -6, AR -6,	
			AR -7, Kn -	
			8,	
			Sk -8, C-8,	
			Kn -9, Sk -9,	
			C-9, AR -9,	
			Kn -14,	
			Sk -14.	
SIW-2	Differential diagnosis	Etiology.	Kn-1, Sk1,	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn
(student's	of encephalitis in	enidemiology clinic	Sk -2, C-2,	H.O.
independent	children	diagnosis and diff	AR-2,	Assist. Hladchenko
work 2)		diagnosis anu uni.	Kn -3, Sk -3,	O.I
	classification, clinical	ulagnosis, treatment.	AR -3, Kn -	
	teatures, diagnosis,		6,	
	treatment.		<i>Sk -6, AR -6,</i>	

SIW-3 (student's independent work 3)	Whooping cough in newborns.	Etiology, epidemiology, clinic, diagnosis, and diff. diagnosis, treatment.	AR -7, Kn - 8, Sk -8, C-8, Kn -9, Sk -9, C-9, AR -9, Kn -14, Sk -14. Kn-1, Sk1, Sk -2, C-2, AR-2, Kn -3, Sk -3, AR -3, Kn - 6, Sk -6, AR -6, AR -7, Kn - 8, Sk -8, C-8, Kn -9, Sk -9, C-9, AR -9,	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn H.O. Assist. Hladchenko O.I
SIW-4 (student's independent work 4)	Aseptic meningitis in children.	Differential diagnosis of aseptic and purulent meningitis (primary, secondary, viral, bacterial) among themselves and with other conditions. Meningeal syndrome in the clinic of infectious diseases. Issues of clinical and laboratory diagnosis of neuroinfections. CSF diagnosis.	Kn -14, Sk -14. Kn-1, Sk1, Sk -2, C-2, AR-2, Kn -3, Sk -3, AR -3, Kn - 6, Sk -6, AR -6, AR -7, Kn-8, Sk -8, C-8, Kn -9, Sk -9, C-9, AR -9, Kn -14, Sk -14.	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn H.O. Assist. Hladchenko O.I
SIW-5 (student's independent work 5)	Rabies.	Etiological, epidemiological, pathogenetic features, leading clinical symptoms and options for the course of diseases. Clinical forms, diagnosis, complications and residual effects, treatment, prevention.	Kn-1, Sk1, Sk -2, C-2, AR-2, Kn -3, Sk -3, AR -3, K -6, Sk -6, AR -6, AR -7, Kn-8, Sk -8, C-8, Kn -9, Sk -9, C-9, AR -9, Kn -14, Sk -14.	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn H.O. Assist. Hladchenko O.I
SIW-6 (student's independent work 6)	Differential diagnosis of mumps infection.	Etiological, epidemiological, pathogenetic features, leading clinical symptoms and options for the course	Kn-1, Sk1, Sk -2, C-2, AR-2, Kn -3, Sk -3, AR -3, K -6,	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn H.O. Assist. Hladchenko O.I

		of diseases. Clinical	<i>Sk -6, AR -6,</i>	
		forms, diagnosis,	AR -7, Kn-8,	
		complications and	Sk -8, C-8,	
		residual effects.	Kn -9, Sk -9,	
		treatment,	C-9, AR -9,	
		prevention Differential	Kn -14.	
		diagnosis of mumps	Sk - 14	
		infection Etiological		
		enidemiological		
		pathogenetic features		
		leading clinical symptoms		
		and options for the course		
		of discosos, Clinical		
		forma diagnosia		
		iornis, diagnosis,		
		complications and		
		residual effects,		
		treatment, prevention.	V 1 011	
SIW-/	HIV infection in children.	Clinical classification of	Kn-1, Sk1,	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn
(student s		HIV infection and clinic	Sk - 2, C - 2,	H.O.
work 7)		in children. Laboratory	AR-2,	Assist. Hladchenko
work /)		diagnosis of HIV	Kn -3, Sk -3,	0.1
		infection, including in	AR -3, K -6,	
		children born to HIV	Sk -6, AR -6,	
		infected mothers.	AR -7, Kn-8,	
		Opportunistic infections.	Sk -8, C-8,	
		Measures to prevent the	Kn -9, Sk -9,	
		transmission of HIV to a	C-9, AR -9,	
		child. Immunization of	Kn -14,	
		children with HIV	Sk -14.	
		infection.	•	
SIW-8	Immunoprophylaxis of	Types of vaccines.	Kn-1, Sk1,	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn
(student's	infectious diseases in	Schedule of preventive	Sk -2, C-2,	H.O.
independent	children.	vaccinations. Mandatory	AR-2,	Assist. Hladchenko
work 8)		and recommended	Kn -3, Sk -3,	0.1
		vaccinations.	AR -3, K -6,	
		Contraindications to	Sk -6, AR -6,	
		vaccination. Post	AR -7, Kn-8,	
		vaccination events, their	Sk -8, C-8,	
		diagnosis and treatment.	Kn -9, Sk -9,	
		Anaphylactic shock,	C-9, AR -9,	
		diagnosis and emergency	Kn -14,	
		care.	Sk -14.	
SIW-9	Tetanus in children.	Etiology, epidemiology,	Kn-1, Sk1,	Assoc.Prof. Lytvyn
(student's		clinic, diagnosis and diff.	Sk -2, C-2,	H.O.
independent		diagnosis, treatment.	AR-2,	Assist. Hladchenko
work 9)		_	Kn -3, Sk -3,	I.0
			AR -3, K -6,	
			Sk -6, AR -6,	
			AR -7, Kn-8,	
			Sk -8, C-8,	
		1	, , ,	
			Kn -9, Sk -9,	
			Kn -9, Sk -9, C-9, AR -9,	
			Kn -9, Sk -9, C-9, AR -9, Kn -14,	

	<u>г</u>	1		r		
It is necessary	y to present the system of c	organizing classes, the	e use i	of interactive r	nethods	
		• .				
		asses organization sy	ystem	<u>.</u>		
- by sources	of knowledge: methods o	of verbal transmission	1 and	auditory perce	eption of educational	
uiquel percer	explanation, lecture, con	metion (display and	1); III(dom/	enous of visi	alidae videoes photo	
visual percep	as drawings study of lite	mation (display and		oducational in	formation: the use of	
visual aide).	methods of transmitting	educational informat	ion th	rough practic	al labor actions and	
tactile percen	tion (training tasks and ci	reative exercises exa	minat	tion of themati	a, labor actions and	
practical skill	s)			ion or meman	e patients, mastering	
- by the logic	c of the educational proce	ess: analytical (deter	minati	ion of the gen	eral condition of the	
patient and th	e main signs of the diseas	e). synthetic (clarifica	ation	of the relations	ship of the main signs	
of diseases.	determination of optimal	l measures for diag	nosis.	treatment ar	nd prevention), their	
combination -	- analytical-synthetic, and	inductive method, de	ductiv	ve, their comb	ination - translational	
method;						
– by the level	of independent mental act	tivity: problem, partia	lly ex	ploratory, rese	earch.	
	Us	se of interactive met	hods			
- method of c	linical cases,					
- problem-ori	ented method,					
- method of in	ndividual educational-resea	arch and practical tas	ks,			
- method of c	ompeting groups,					
- method of the	raining technologies,					
- method of "	business game",					
- method of "	brainstorming",					
- method of	- method of holding conferences with the use of interactive, interdisciplinary and information-					
computer tech	nologies					
(Organization of the educati	ional process using di	stance	e learning tech	nologies	
– An electro	- An electronic knowledge base on the discipline was created on the Misa platform (web resource					
misa.medu	iniv.lviv.ua).					
- Distance to	echnologies are used in co	nducting educational	class	es: practical cl	lasses, preparation and	
presentatio	presentation of independent work; when performing research, search, project activities;					
consultatio	ons; practical training; c	control measures an	id oth	ner torms of	organization of the	

 Evaluation of study results (test control) is carried out remotely on the Misa University platform using the capabilities of information and communication (digital) technologies, as well as video conferencing. Evaluation of test results is carried out automatically.

educational process, determined by the programs of the educational discipline.

8. Verification of learning outcomes Current control is carried out during the training sessions and aims to check the assimilation of students' educational material (it is necessary to describe the forms of current control during the training sessions). Forms of assessment of current educational activities should be standardized and include control of theoretical and practical training. The final grade for the current educational activity is set on a 4-point (national) scale. Learning Classes Nethod of verifying learning outcomes Enrollment criteria outcome code type code Image: Classes

Control methods							
Learning outcome code							
Kn-1,	<i>P-1, P-2.</i>	The current control of the results of the	The totality of				
Sk-1,	P-3, P-4	students' educational activities is carried out	knowledge, abilities,				
<i>C-1</i> ,	P-5	in order to check the knowledge, abilities and	skills, and other				
AR-1,		skills of students during classroom (practical,	competences acquired				
Kn-2, Sk-2		laboratory, seminar) classes, as well as to	by a student of higher				
Kn-3, Sk-3		check the results of independent work tasks.	education in the process				
Kn-4, Sk-4		The task of current control is to check the	of learning from each				
Kn-5, Sk-5		level of the student's readiness to perform	subject of an educational				
Kn-6, Sk-6		specific work: assimilation of relevant	discipline is tentatively				
Kn-7, Sk-7		educational material, acquisition of	evaluated according to				
Kn-9, Sk-9		knowledge and formation of skills for	the following criteria:				
Kn-10,		solving specific issues and situations, ability	– 5/''excellent'' – the				
Sk-10		to independently process texts, ability to	student flawlessly				
Kn-11,		comprehend the essence of the content of the	mastered the theoretical				
Sk-11		lesson material, formation of skills to	material of the topic of				
Kn-14, Sk-14		perform the necessary practical skills and	the lesson, demonstrates				
		manipulations, publicly or in writing to	deep and comprehensive				
		justify one's point of view, the ability to work	knowledge of the				
		in a team, the ability to bear responsibility	relevant topic, the main				
		for the recommendations and decisions	provisions of scientific				
		made, etc. Current control is carried out on	primary sources and				
		the basis of a comprehensive assessment of	recommended literature,				
		accurate activity and acquired	constructs on answer				
		etc.) which includes control of the input	freely uses the acquired				
		level of knowledge, the quality of practical	theoretical knowledge				
		work the level of theoretical training and the	when analyzing				
		results of the initial control of the level of	practical material				
		knowledge Forms of ongoing control are	expresses his attitude to				
		determined by the department and reflected	certain problems.				
		in the curriculum of the relevant discipline.	demonstrates a high				
		<i>Evaluation of the current educational activity</i>	level of assimilation of				
		is carried out at each practical session in	practical skills;				
		accordance with the specific goals of the	4/"good" – the student				
		topic on a 4-point scale using the approved	has well mastered the				
		evaluation criteria for the relevant discipline	theoretical material of				
		and is entered in the journal of academic	the class, has the main				
		performance. At the same time, all types of	aspects from primary				
work and the list of competencies provided		sources and					
		by the curriculum of the academic discipline	recommended literature,				
		and methodical development for studying the	explains it in a reasoned				
		topic are taken into account. The student	way; has practical skills,				
		must receive a grade in each topic. In all	expresses his thoughts				
		practical classes, objective control of	on certain problems, but				
		medical daming and acquisition of	orrors are assumed in				
		implementation method) is used	the logic of the				
		• The student answers 10-15 tests (tests on	nresentation of				
		the subject of the lesson format Δ)	theoretical content or in				
		Answers standardized questions the	the performance of				
		knowledge of which is necessary to	practical skills:				
		understand the current topic.	- 3/"satisfactory" – the				
		Demonstrates knowledge and skills of	student has basically				

		practical skills according to the theme of the	mastered the theoretical
		practical session at the patient's bedside	knowledge of the
		• Solves a situational problem on the	educational tonic
		subject of the lesson	orients himself in
		• At the final stage of the lesson in order	primary sources and
		to access the student's mostery of the topic	recommended literature
		to assess the student's mastery of the topic,	hut
		ne is asked to answer situational problems.	but answers
		The teacher summarizes the lesson, gives	unconvincingly,
		students tasks for independent work, points	confuses concepts,
		out key questions of the next topic and offers	additional questions
		a list of recommended literature for	cause the student
		independent study. Independent work of	uncertainty or lack of
		students, which is provided for in the topic	stable knowledge; when
		along with the classroom, is evaluated during	answering questions of a
		the current control of the topic in the	practical nature, reveals
		corresponding lesson.	- 3/"satisfactory" – the
		The duration of one practical lesson of the	student has basically
		topic and taking into account the norms of	mastered the theoretical
		the weekly classroom load is 6.0 academic	knowledge of the
		hours.	educational topic,
		When assessing students' knowledge,	orients himself in
		preference is given to standardized control	primary sources and
		methods: testing (oral, written), structured	recommended literature,
		written works, work with standard medical	but answers
		documentation, standardized control of	unconvincingly,
		practical skills.	confuses concepts.
		L	additional questions
		Student's Independent work, which is	cause the student
		provided for in the topic along with the	uncertainty or lack of
		classroom, is evaluated during the current	stable knowledge when
		control of the topic in the corresponding	answering questions of a
		lesson.	practical nature reveals
			inaccuracies in 5
			classes does not know
			how to evaluate facts
			and phenomenal connect
			them with future
			activities makes
			activities, makes
			mistakes when
			performing practical
	CHU 1		skills;
	SIW-1,		– 2/"unsatisfactory" –
Kn-1, SK-1,	SIW-2,		the student has not
SK - 2, C - 2,	SIW-3,		mastered the educational
AK-2,	SIW-4,		material of the topic,
Kn-3, Sk-3,	SIW-5,		does not know scientific
AK-3, Sk -5,	SIW-6,		tacts, definitions, hardly
C-3, AR-5,	SIW-7,		orients himself in
Kn-6, Sk-6,	SIW-8,		primary sources and
AR-6,AR-7,	SIW-9		recommended literature,
Kn-8, Sk-8, C-	SIW-10,		lacks scientific thinking,
8, Kn -9, Sk -	SIW-11		practical skills are not
9,C-9, AR-9,			formed.
Kn -14,			The results of current
Sk -14.			control (current success

	1	rate) are an indicator of					
	1	the level of students'					
		assimilation of the					
		curriculum and					
	1	fulfillment of the					
	1	requirements for					
	i	independent work of					
		students. The results of					
	1	the current control are					
	1	the main information for					
		determining the					
		assessment during the					
		credit.					
	Final control						
General system	The final control includes a semester control and certifi	cation of the student of					
assessment	higher education on the compliance of his competences	her education on the compliance of his competences with the requirements of					
	standards of higher education. Semester credit for disciplines is conducted						
	after the end of its study, before the beginning of the ex	amination session.					
Scales assessment	Traditional 4-point scale, multi-point (200-point) scale,	litional 4-point scale, multi-point (200-point) scale, ECTS rating scale					
Conditions for	Students who have completed all types of work and	tasks provided for in the					
admission to the	curriculum for the semester in the academic disc	curriculum for the semester in the academic discipline, attended all the					
final	practical training sessions provided for in the curri	culum of the academic					
examination	discipline, and have scored the number of points for the	e current success rate are					
	admitted to the semester final examination (semester c	credit), not less than the					
	imum. For students who have missed classroom training classes, it is						
	allowed, with the permission of the dean, to work	lowed, with the permission of the dean, to work off academic debt by a					
	certain specified deadline within the semester.						
Type of final control	Methodology of final control	Criteria					
		enrollment					
Semester credit	All topics submitted for current control must be	The maximum					
	included. Grades from a 4-point scale are converted	number of points is					
	into points on a multi-point (200-point) scale in	200. The minimum					
	accordance with the Regulation "Criteria, rules and	number of points is					
	procedures for evaluating the results of students' 120						
	educational activities"						
Ean diasinling an in s	high the form of final control is and it.						

For disciplines in which the form of final control is credit:

The maximum number of points that a student can score for the current educational activity while studying the discipline is 200 points.

The minimum number of points that a student must score for the current educational activity to enroll in the discipline is 120 points.

The calculation of the number of points is carried out on the basis of the grades received by the student on a 4-point (national) scale during the study of the discipline, by calculating the arithmetic mean (CA), rounded to two decimal places. The obtained value is converted into points on a multi-point

$$x = \frac{CA \times 200}{5}$$

For convenience, a calculation table is given on a 200-point scale:

Points from the discipline are independently converted both to the ECTS scale and to the 4-point (national) scale. Points from the ECTS scale are not converted into a 4-point scale and vice versa.

Points of students studying in one specialty, taking into account the number of points scored in the discipline, are ranked on the ECTS scale as follows:

ECTS assessment	Statistical indicator
А	The best 10% of students

В	The next 25% of students
С	The next 30% of students
D	The next 25% of students
Е	The last 10% of students

Ranking with the assignment of grades "A", "B", "C", "D", "E" is carried out for students of this course who are studying in one specialty and have successfully completed the study of the discipline. Students who receive grades of FX, F ("2") are not listed as ranked students. Students with an FX grade automatically receive an "E" grade after retaking.

Discipline points for students who have successfully completed the program are converted to a traditional 4-point scale according to the absolute criteria shown in the table below:

Discipline points	Evaluation on a 4-point scale
From 170 to 200 points	5
From 140 to 169 points	4
From 139 points to the minimum number of points that the student must score	3
Below the minimum number of points that the student must score	2

The ECTS grade is not converted to the traditional scale, as the ECTS scale and the four-point scale are independent.

The objectivity of the evaluation of students' educational activity is checked

statistical methods (correlation coefficient between the ECTS grade and the grade on the national scale).

Evaluation criteria for an objective structured practical (clinical) exam/ Practical-oriented exam complex

The assessment of the student's work at the OSP(C)E station is carried out according to a control sheet (checklist), which is compiled on the basis of an assessment of the completeness of the implementation of the algorithm of actions by 11 graduates in a certain clinical situation and criteria for evaluating practical skills. At each station, the examiner evaluates all stages of the task and determines the total number of points. The maximum score for completing the task at the OSP(C)E station is 1 (one) point. Each stage of the task is assigned a certain part of the score, depending on the difficulty.

The result of each discipline is determined: in points of a 200-point scale; in assessments of the traditional 4-point scale (5 - "excellent", 4 - "good", 3 - "satisfactory", 2 - "unsatisfactory") and according to the scale of the European credit transfer system ECTS. The primary points entered in the control sheets (checklists) are determined according to the scale: completed, partially completed, not completed. The total amount of primary points at station (C) ranges from 0 to 1 and is rounded to 2 (two) decimal places.

The resulting score from the discipline when conducting OSP(C)E is defined as the arithmetic mean of the scores of OSP(C)E stations from the corresponding discipline, multiplied by a factor of 200,

rounded to a whole value. Such a resulting score is the student's assessment on a 200-point scale. The formula for calculating the resulting score (RB):

$\frac{C1+Cn}{n} \ge 200$

where: C1-Cn is the total number of points for each station of the discipline, n is the number of stations from the discipline.

Criteria for establishing a rating on a traditional 4-point scale

Grade for the discipline exam on Grade for the discipline exam on

a 200-point scale (when applying the conversion factor "200")	a four-point scale
From 180 to 200 points	5, "excellent"
From 140 to 179 points	4, "good"
From 120 to 139 points	3, "satisfactory"
119 points or less	2, "unsatisfactory"

Our department has created situational tasks for students, as close as possible to clinical ones (cases), illustrated with photographs of real patients, in which students of higher education apply acquired theoretical knowledge and practical skills.

The check list, according to which the student is evaluated, is presented in the table					
N⁰	Task performance stages	Rating scale in points F			Evaluat
		Done	Partially	Not	ion in
			done	done	points
	Greeted, introduced h	imself to the	examiner		
1.	The student entered, greeted, introduced himself to the examiner.	0,1	0,05	0	
	Established a c	linical diagn	osis		
2	Established a nosological diagnosis	0,1	0,05	0	
3	He took into account the clinical form, degree of severity	0,1	0,05	0	
4	Formulated the complications and emergency situations that arose	0,1	0,05	0	
	Stydent ordered the necessary examinations to confirm the diagnosis				
5	Prescribed a laboratory examination for etiological confirmation of the diagnosis	0,1	0,05	0	
6	Appointed additional examination methods	0,1	0,05	0	
7	Provided interpretation of laboratory data	0,1	0,05	0	
	Prescribed	l treatment			
8	Outlined the principles of patient treatment	0,1	0,05	0	
9	Selected the main drugs, their doses (single,				
	daily), routes of administration, frequency and	0,1	0,05	0	
	duration of therapy				
10	Determined the tactics of providing emergency medical aid	0,1	0,05	0	
	Total points (C)				
9. Course policy					

Academic integrity policies, specific program policies relevant to the course are indicated.

Ensuring academic integrity is an integral part of the internal regulatory framework of the system of ensuring the quality of higher education and the quality of educational, scientific and innovative activities to improve the level of education, scientific research, comply with the requirements of scientific ethics and prevent academic plagiarism.

The policy of the academic discipline is determined by the system of requirements for the student when studying the discipline "Children's Infectious Diseases" and is based on the principles of academic integrity. Students are explained the value of acquiring new knowledge, academic norms that must be followed, why they are important, what academic integrity is, what its values and functions are, how students can contribute to its development by their actions; the essence, features and reasons for the inadmissibility of academic plagiarism are explained, students of higher education are encouraged to independently complete educational tasks, to correctly refer to sources of information in case of borrowing ideas, statements, and information.

The policy of the academic discipline is:

in mandatory observance of academic integrity by students, namely:

- independent performance of all types of jobs, tasks, forms of control provided for by the work program of this educational discipline;

- references to sources of information in the case of using ideas, developments, statements, information;

- compliance with the legislation on copyright and international rights;

- provision of reliable information about the results of one's own educational (scientific) activity, used research methods and sources of information.

compliance with the principles and norms of ethics and deontology by students of higher education:

- actions in professional and educational situations from the standpoint of academic integrity and professional ethics and deontology;

- compliance with the internal rules of the clinical base of the department, to be tolerant, friendly and balanced in communication with students and teachers, patients, medical staff of health care institutions;

- awareness of the importance of examples of human behavior in accordance with the norms of academic integrity and medical ethics.

attendance of classes by students of higher education:

- attendance at all classes is mandatory for the purpose of current and final assessment of knowledge (except for good reason).

revision of topics and practice of missed classes by students of higher education:

- missed classes are made up according to the schedule

- revision of the topic of the lesson for which the student received a negative grade is carried out at a time convenient for the teacher and the student outside of classes, the maximum grade is "good"

it is not allowed to rewrite the topic during the current training and final control in order to increase the grade

10. References

Obligatory:

- Infectious diseases in children: a textbook (University of IV year) / L.I. Chernyshova, А.П. Volokha, A.B. Bondarenko and others; for order. L.I. Chernyshova. - 2nd ed., Ed. - Kyiv. -Medicine. - 2017. - 1022 p.
- Atlas of pediatric infectious diseases. Red Book = Red Book Atlas of Pediatric Infectious Diseases / Carol J. Baker; translation of the third English. Edition (edited by Prof. SO Kramaryov). - Two languages. - Kyiv. - Medicine. - 2019. - 744 p.
- 3. Atlas of infectious diseases [MA Andreychin, B.C. Kopcha, S.O. Kramaryov and others]; for order. MA. Andreychina. 3rd ed., Ed. and additions. Lviv: Magnolia, 2019. 296 p.
- Infectious diseases in children: a textbook / S.O. Kramaryov, O.E. Nadraga, L.V. Pipa is a mystery.; For order. S.O. Kramaryov, O.E. Dear. 2nd ed., Ed. K.: VSV "Medicine". 2016. 392p. + 14s. Color. incl.
- "Pediatric Infectious diseases": a textbook, ed. prof. SO Kramareva, prof. O.B. Nadraha. Kyiv.: WWII "Medicine". - 2022. - 392 p.
- 6. Immunoprophylaxis of infectious diseases: a textbook / L.I. Chernyshova, F.I. Lapiy, A.P. Volokha and others. 2nd edition. Kyiv. Medicine. 2019. 320 p.
- Emergency infectology: a textbook (University III-IV years a.) / V.M. Kozko, A.B. Bondarenko, G.O. Solomennik and others; for order. V.M. Goat. - 2nd type. - Kyiv. - Medicine. - 2018. - 120 p.
- Tropical diseases: a textbook / VM Kozko, G.O. Solomiennyy, K.B. Yurko. Kyiv. Medicine.
 2019. 384 p. Uchaikin VF, Nisevich NI, Shamsheva OV "Infectious diseases and vaccine prevention in children." Textbook for universities / M.: GEOTAR, Media, 2007.- 688 p.
- 9. Nelson textbook 21th Edition by Robert M. Kliegman, MD, Richard E. Behrman, MD, Hal B. Jenson, MD and Bonita F. Stanton, MD. Publisher: SAUNDERS. 2019. 4264 p.
- 10. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 09.07.2004 №354 "On approval of Protocols for diagnosis and treatment of infectious diseases in children".
- 11. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 31.08.2004 №437 "On approval of clinical

Protocols for the provision of medical care in emergencies in children at the hospital and prehospital stages".

- 12. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 16.07.2014 № 499 "On approval and implementation of medical and technological documents for standardization of medical care for influenza and acute respiratory infections"
- 13. Protocol for the treatment of meningococcal disease in children: order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine № 737 of October 12, 2009 / Ministry of Health of Ukraine. K: Ministry of Health of Ukraine, 2009. 17 c.
- 14. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 10.12.2007 N 803 "On amendments to the order of the Ministry of Health dated 09.07.04 N 354".
- 15. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 23.04.2019 № 958 "On amendments to the Calendar of preventive vaccinations in Ukraine"
- 16. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 18.05.2018 № 947 "On amendments to the Schedule of preventive vaccinations in Ukraine"
- 17. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 25.10.2019 № 2164 "On the implementation of the Decision of the operational headquarters of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine to respond to situations of infectious diseases that can be prevented by vaccination"

18. Lecture material of the department.

19. Methodical recommendations of the department.

Additional

- 1. Vozianova JI Infectious and parasitic diseases. Kyiv: "Health", 2008 Vol.1. 854 p.
- 2. Vozianova JI Infectious and parasitic diseases. Kyiv: "Health", 2008 Vol.2. 656 p.
- Infectious diseases. Textbook for students of higher medical educational institutions of the IV level of accreditation / Golubovska OA, Gerasun BA, Zinchuk OM and others / Ed. O.A. Golubovska. - К. ВСВ "Медицина", 2018. - 688 с.
- 4. Dzyublyk IV, Voronenko SG, Mironenko AP, Vinograd NO Diagnosis, treatment and prevention of influenza. -Kiev: Honey book. -2011.-190 p.
- 5. Duda OK Herpes and herpesvirus infection. Training manual for doctors. // Duda OK, Krasnov MI, Kozko VM Kyiv: NMAPE, 2015. 96 p.
- 6. Jacobisyak M. Immunology / Per. from Polish, ed. prof. VV Chopyak. Vinnytsia: NEW BOOK, 2014. 672p.

Informational resources

- 1. Ministry of Education and Science, Youth and Sports of Ukraine http://www.mon.gov.ua, www.osvita.com.
- 2. Ministry of Emergencies and Protection of the Population from the Consequences of the Chornobyl Accident http://www.mns.gov.ua/.
- 3. Ministry of Health http://www.moz.gov.ua/ua/portal/
- 4. National Security and Defense Council of Ukraine http://www.rainbow.gov.ua/.
- 5. American Heart Association https://www.onlineaha.org/
- 6. British Heart Foundation https://www.bhf.org.uk/

11. Equipment, logistics and software of the discipline / course

Obligatory:

- Infectious diseases in children: a textbook (University of IV year) / L.I. Chernyshova, А.П. Volokha, A.B. Bondarenko and others; for order. L.I. Chernyshova. 2nd ed., Ed. Kyiv. Medicine. 2017. 1022 p.
- 21. Atlas of children's infectious diseases. Red Book = Red Book Atlas of Pediatric Infectious Diseases / Carol J. Baker; translation of the third English. Edition (edited by Prof. SO Kramaryov). Two languages. Kyiv. Medicine. 2019. 744 p.
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order. MA. Andreychina. — 3rd ed., Ed. and additions. — Lviv: Magnolia, 2019. — 296 p.

- 23. Infectious diseases in children: a textbook / S.O. Kramaryov, O.E. Nadraga, L.V. Pipa is a mystery.; For order. S.O. Kramaryov, O.E. Dear. 2nd ed., Ed. K.: VSV "Medicine". 2016. 392p. + 14s. Color. incl.
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- 27. Tropical diseases: a textbook / VM Kozko, G.O. Solomiennyy, K.B. Yurko. Kyiv. Medicine.
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- 33. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 10.12.2007 N 803 "On amendments to the order of the Ministry of Health dated 09.07.04 N 354".
- 34. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 23.04.2019 № 958 "On amendments to the Schedule of preventive vaccinations in Ukraine"
- 35. Order of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine dated 18.05.2018 № 947 "On amendments to the Calendar of preventive vaccinations in Ukraine"
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- 37. Lecture material of the department.
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Informational resources

- 7. Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine http://www.kmu.gov.ua/.
- 8. Ministry of Education and Science, Youth and Sports of Ukraine http://www.mon.gov.ua, www.osvita.com.
- 9. Ministry of Emergencies and Protection of the Population from the Consequences of the Chornobyl Accident http://www.mns.gov.ua/.
- 10. Ministry of Health http://www.moz.gov.ua/ua/portal/
- 11. National Security and Defense Council of Ukraine http://www.rainbow.gov.ua/.
- 12. American Heart Association https://www.onlineaha.org/
- 13. British Heart Foundation https://www.bhf.org.uk/

12. Additional information

All other information important for the student, which is not included in the standard description, for example, contact data of the person responsible for the educational process at the department, information about the scientific circle of the department, information about class routes, information about the need to equip oneself with personal protective equipment; information about the place of classes; links to website / department pages, etc

Compilers of a syllabus Lytvyn H.O., PhD, MD, Assoc. Prof Pokrovska T.V., PhD, MD, Assoc. Prof.

(Surname, initials, academic degree, title)

Head of the department Nadraga O.B., PhD, MD, Professor (Surname, initials, academic degree, title)

(Signature)

(Signature)