Danylo Halytsky Lviv National Medical University

Department of Pharmaceutical, Organic and Bioorganic chemistry

## SYLLABUS FOR "BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY"

Second (master's) educational level Field: 22 " Healthcare " Specialty 221 " Dentistry "

	1. General information		
Faculty	Dentistry		
	22 Healthcare,		
Pprogram	221 Dentistry		
	the second (master's) level,		
	full-time		
Academic year	2023/2024		
Subject	Bioorganic Chemistry, OK 9, Kaf_pharmchemistry@meduniv.lviv.ua		
	Department Pharmaceutical, Organic and Bioorganic chemistry		
	Pekarska 69, Lviv,		
Department	Tel. +38(032)275-59-66, 275-59-77, 278-64-34		
	Kaf_pharmchemistry@meduniv.lviv.ua		
	Lesvk Roman, Doctor of Science, Professor		
Head of Department	roman.lesyk@gmail.com		
Year of study	First		
Semester	First		
Type of course / module	Compulsory		
	Nataliya Zelisko, PhD, Associate Professor, NataliaZelisko@gmail.com		
Professors	Danylo Kaminsky, PhD. Associate Drofessor, dankaminsky, ameil com		
	Juanna Subtalna PhD Associate Professor, subtalna@gmail.com		
Frasmus ves/no	No		
The person responsible for	Nataliya Zelicko PhD Associate Professor Natalia Zelicko@gmail.com		
the syllabus	Ivatariya Zensko, 1 nD, Associate 1 foressor, <u>IvatarjaZensko@gman.com</u>		
Number of credits ECTS	3		
Number of hours	90 (Lectures – 10 hours Practical classes – 30 hours Out of class work – 50		
	hours)		
Language of			
study	English		
Information about	On other help		
consultations	Off schedule		
Address, telephone and			
regulations of the clinical	-		
base, office (if necessary)			
	2. Short annotation to the course		
The discipline "Bioorganic Chemistry" studies the structure and reactivity of different classes of			

The discipline "Bioorganic Chemistry" studies the structure and reactivity of different classes of organic substances, and on their basis the most important biologically active substances that are part of living organisms - low molecular weight biomolecules, biopolymers (proteins, nucleic acids, polysaccharides), natural and synthetic compounds (hormones, vitamins, drugs, toxic substances, etc.)

The tasks of bioorganic chemistry are to determine the structure of biomolecules, natural and synthetic bioregulators, to identify the relationship between their molecular, electronic structure and physiological, including pharmacological, effects, to identify patterns of their transformations.

## 3. The purpose and objectives of the course

### 1. The purpose of the course "Bioorganic Chemistry" is:

mastering by students of theoretical laws concerning chemical properties of bioorganic compounds in interrelation with their structure and on this basis understanding of biochemical processes which take place in biological systems;

acquaintance with the main methods of identification of bioorganic compounds as the main prerequisite for further mastering of laboratory methods of diagnosis and understanding of many pathological processes in the human body;

disclosure of practical aspects of bioorganic chemistry, ways and methods of using its achievements in medical practice.

2. The objectives of the course "Bioorganic Chemistry" are:

to teach students the general principles of chemical reactions of bioorganic compounds as the basis of biochemical processes in the human body; formation of the relationship between the structure and function of bioorganic compounds;

to reveal practical aspects of bioorganic chemistry, ways and methods of using its achievements in medical

#### practice.

3K – General competencies,  $\Phi K$  – Special responsibility,  $\Pi PH$  – Program learning outcomes

# 3. Competences and learning outcomes, the formation of which provides the study of the discipline.

General competencies:

3K 1. Ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis.

3K 2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of professional activity.

3K 3. Ability to apply knowledge in practice.

3K.7. Ability to search, process and analyze information from various sources

3K 8. Ability to adapt and act in a new situation.

3K 9. Ability to identify, pose and solve problems.

3K 10. The ability to be critical and self-critical.

3K 11. Ability to work in a team.

3K 12. The desire to preserve the environment.

3K 13. The ability to act socially responsibly and consciously.

3K.15. Ability to preserve and increase moral, cultural, scientific values and achievements of society based on understanding the history and patterns of development of the subject area, its place in the general system of knowledge about nature and society and in the development of society, techniques and technologies. active recreation and healthy living.

Special (professional, subject) competencies.

 $\Phi$ K 2. Ability to interpret the results of laboratory and instrumental research.

 $\Phi$ K 13. Ability to assess the impact of the environment on the health of the population (individual, family, population).

Program learning outcomes:

IIPH 2. Collect information about the general condition of the patient, assess the psychomotor and physical development of the patient, the condition of the maxillofacial area, based on the results of laboratory and instrumental studies to assess information about the diagnosis.

IIPH 3. Prescribe and analyze additional (mandatory and optional) methods of examination (laboratory, radiological, functional and / or instrumental) of patients with diseases of organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region for differential diagnosis of diseases.

ПРН 17. Adhere to a healthy lifestyle, use the techniques of self-regulation and self-control.

4. Pre-details of the course

1. Medical and biological physics (4 credits).

2. Medical chemistry (4 credits).

3. Medical biology, parasitology and genetics (5.5 credits).

5. Program learning outcomes				
	List of learning outcomes			
Learning outcome code	The content of the learning	Reference to the code of the		
-	outcome	competence matrix		
3н – Knowledges				
Ум – skills		ПРН – program learning		
AB – independence and				
responsibility		outcomes		
K – competence				
Зн-1	basic principles of classification,	ПРН 2, ПРН 3		
	nomenclature, structural and			
	spatial isomerism of bioorganic			
	compounds			
Зн-2	types of chemical bonds,	ПРН 2, ПРН 3		
	conjugate systems, electronic			
	effects, acidity and basicity of			
	bioorganic compounds as a basic			
	basis of their reactivity			
Зн-3	principles of classification of	ПРН 2, ПРН 3		
	organic reactions according to the			
	direction, method of disconnection			
	and mechanism of their course			
Зн-4	structure, nomenclature,	ПРН 2, ПРН 3		
	isomerism, chemical properties			

			and biological role of hydrocarbons, halogen-, oxygen-,			
			sulfuro- and nitrogen-containing			
			derivatives of hydrocarbons,			
			heterocyclic compounds,			
			biopolymers and bioregulators			
Ум-1			to carry out qualitative reactions to multiple communication and the main functional groups:	ПРН	2, ПРН	3
Ум-2			to predict the chemical properties	ПРН	2, ПРН	3
			of bioorganic compounds in those reactions that have analogies in the human body.			
К-1			have a scientific worldview and creative thinking	ПРН	2, ПРН	3, ПРН 17
К-2			have information management	ПРН	2, ПРН	3, ПРН 17
			skills	ПРН	2, ПРН	3, ПРН 17
AB-1			have the ability to critically evaluate the results of their own research.	ПРН	2, ПРН	3, ПРН 17
AB-2			be able to improve their own learning	ПРН 2, ПРН 3, ПРН 17		
AB-3			be able to learn new areas through self-study, using the acquired knowledge of bioorganic chemistry	ПРН 2, ПРН 3, ПРН 17		
			6. Format and scope of the course			
Format of	the course		Full-ti	me cou	rse	
	Вид занять		Number of hours	Number of groups		
lectures			10			
seminars			-			-
out of class	work		50			
			7. Topics and content of the course			
Class	Topic		Content of training		Code	Professor
type code					result	
					of	
					traini	
	Π 1-		The second secon	. 1	ng	
Π_1	JI – le Biographic	Cture The	<u>subject of bioorganic chemistry</u>	class v	VOľK Su-1	Zelisko N. PhD
51-1	chemistry.	Che	mical bond.		Зн-1 Зн-2	Associate
	Classification of	Con	jugate systems.		Зн-3	Professor,
	the chemical	Inter	raction of atoms: induction and meso	omeric	3н-4	Kaminskyy, PhD,
	reactions.	elec	tronic effects.		Ум-2	Associate
	Reactivity of the	Clas	struction of chemical reactions.	mical	K-1 K-2	Professor, Subteine PhD
	Hydroxy-	pror	perties and biological role of hydroca	rbons.	K-2	Associate
	derivatives of	alco	hols, phenols, thiols, amines.			Professor
	the					
	nydrocarbons.					
	Thioles.					

	containig compounds. Carboxylic acids. Heterofunctiona l compounds	properties and biological role of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids. Structure, nomenclature, isomerism, chemical properties and biological role of heterofunctional compounds (hydroxy-, oxo- and amino acids, amino alcohols and aminophenols). Their specific properties.	Ум-1 Ум-2	Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
Л-3	Lipids. Proteinogenous amino-acids. Peptides & proteins.	Structure, nomenclature, chemical properties and biological role of saponification and non- saponification lipids. Structure, nomenclature, chemical properties, in vivo formation and biological role of natural $\alpha$ -amino acids. Structure and properties of peptides and proteins. Qualitative reactions.	Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
Л-4	Carbohydrates	Structure, nomenclature, isomerism, chemical properties and biological role of mono-, di- and polysaccharides.	Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
Л-5	Heterocyclic compounds. Alkaloids. Nucleic acids.	Structure, nomenclature, isomerism, chemical properties and biological role of five-, six- membered and condensed heterocycles. The concept of nucleosides, nucleotides, nucleic acids. The structure of DNA and RNA. Alkaloids and their biological role.	Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
П-1	Introduction. Classification and nomenclature of the bioorganic compounds. Classification of the chemical reactions and reagents. Structure of chemical bonds.	The main provisions of the theory of chemical structure of organic compounds and its significance for the development of organic chemistry. Classification of organic compounds by the structure of the carbon skeleton and the nature of the functional group. Fundamental concepts of organic chemistry: homology, isomerism, radical, substituent, functional group, ancestral structure, poly- and heterofunctionality. Nomenclature systems in organic chemistry - trivial, rational, radical-functional, substitute. Types of hybridization of the carbon atom. The structure of $\sigma$ - and $\pi$ -bonds. Classification of chemical reactions by direction (substitution, addition, cleavage, isomerization, oxidation, reduction). Classification of chemical reactions by the method of disconnection (homolytic and heterolytic). Intermediate reaction particles are intermediates (carbocations, carbanions and	Зн-1 Зн-2 Зн-3 К -1 К-2	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor

		free radicals). Electrophiles and nucleophiles. Reagent and substrate. The concept of mechanisms of chemical reactions and their designation.		
П-2	Structure of bioorganic compounds. Conjugated systems. Electron effects (mesomeric and inductive effects). Reactivity of hydrocarbons.	Configurations and conformations of molecules. Conformations of ethane, n-butane, ethylene glycol, cyclohexane. Geometric (cis, trans) and mirror isomerism. Stereochemical formulas. Chirality of molecules. Enantiomers and diastereomers. The relative configuration of chiral molecules. D- and L- stereochemical series of chiral molecules. Optical activity and racemates. Mesoforms. Relationship of spatial structure with biological activity. Conjugate systems. Interaction of atoms in molecules: induction and mesomeric effects. Electron-donor and electron-acceptor substituents. Aromatic conditions. Hückel's rule. Alkanes, cycloalkanes, alkadienes and arenes, their structure, isomerism, chemical properties and medical and biological significance. Reactions of free radical substitution ( $S_R$ ), electrophilic addition ( $A_E$ ) and electrophilic substitution ( $S_E$ ). Markovnikov's rule and its modern interpretation. Approximate action of substituents in the benzene nucleus.	Зн-1 Зн-2 Зн-4 К -1 К-2	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
П-3	Acidic and basic properties of organic compounds. Reactivity of hydroxy derivatives of hydrocarbons, thiols, amines and carbonylic compounds.	Acid and basic properties of organic compounds. Bransted and Lewis theories. Types of organic acids (OH-, SH-, NH- and CH-acids). The concept of pKa. Factors affecting the acidity and basicity of organic compounds. Alcohols, their classification, nomenclature, isomerism, properties and medical and biological significance. Chemical properties of alcohols. Oxidation reactions, intermolecular and intramolecular dehydration. Zaitsev's rule. Nucleophilic substitution reactions at a tetragonal carbon atom and their pathways (S <sub>N</sub> 1, S <sub>N</sub> 2). Qualitative reaction to polyhydric alcohols. Phenols, their classification, nomenclature, isomerism, properties and medical and biological significance. Identification of phenolic hydroxyl. Acidic properties of phenols. Quinones. Ubiquinone. Vitamin K. The concept of thiols and their derivatives (sulfides, disulfides). Chemical properties of thiols (acidity, oxidation, formation of thioesters). Amines, their classification, nomenclature, isomerism, properties and medical and biological significance. Chemical properties of amines. Basicity, nucleophilicity, interaction with nitric acid, isonitrile reaction and its practical application. Aldehydes and ketones. Classification,	Зн-2 Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor

		nomenclature and isomerism. Electronic structure of carbonyl group. Nucleophilic addition $(A_N)$ reactions for aldehydes and ketones - formation of hydrates, hemiacetals, cyanhydrins, hydrogen sulfite derivatives. Aldol condensation reaction and its biochemical significance. Interaction of carbonyl compounds with amino derivatives - formation of Schiff bases, oximes, phenylhydrazones, semicarbazones. Oxidation and reduction of carbonyl compounds. Some representatives: monohydric (methanol, ethanol) and polyhydric (ethylene glycol, glycerol, xylitol, sorbitol) alcohols, monohydric (phenol, cresol) and diatomic (pyrocatechol, resorcinol, hydroquinone) phenols, amines (methylamine, aniline).		
Π-4	Biologically important carboxylic acids and their derivatives. Control work "Theoretical aspects of bioorganic chemistry. Structure and properties of the hydrocarbons and their monofunctional derivatives.	Classification, nomenclature and isomerism of monocarboxylic acids. The structure of the carboxyl group and the carboxylate anion. Acidic properties of carboxylic acids. The concept of the mechanisms of nucleophilic substitution reactions. Esterification reaction. Reactions for the formation of amides, anhydrides, acid halides. Decarboxylation reactions of monocarboxylic acids. Reactions involving the radical of saturated, unsaturated and aromatic acids. Properties of formic acid. Dicarboxylic acids, their structure, nomenclature, isomerism. Specific reactions of dicarboxylic acids (decarboxylation, formation of cyclic anhydrides). Medico-biological significance of carboxylic acids.	3н-1 3н-2 3н-3 3н-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
Π-5	Heterofunctiona l bioorganic compounds.	Amino alcohols - colamine, choline, acetylcholine. Structure, chemical properties and biological significance. n-Aminophenol and its derivatives - paracetamol, phenacetin. Extraction and medical and biological significance. Catecholamines - dopamine, norepinephrine, adrenaline, their synthesis and biological role. Hydroxy and oxo acids, their structure, classification, nomenclature. Spatial (configurational) isomerism of hydroxy acids (enantiomeric and diastereomeric, meso-forms, racemates). Optical activity, relative configuration, D- and L-stereochemical series. Fisher projections. Chemical properties of hydroxy acids with the participation of the hydroxyl group. Chemical properties of hydroxy acids with the participation of the carboxyl group. Specific properties of $\alpha$ , $\beta$ and $\gamma$ -hydroxy acids. Aromatic hydroxy acids. Salicylic acid, aspirin, methyl salicylate, salol. Chemical properties of oxoacids as bifunctional compounds. Specific properties of oxoacids: decarboxylation reactions, keto-enol tautomerism. Medico-biological significance of hydroxy and oxo acids. Amino acids. Spatial structure, acid-base properties, specific	Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor

		properties of $\alpha$ -, $\beta$ - and $\gamma$ -amino acids.Sulfanilic acid and its amides. White streptocide		
П-6	Amino-acids, peptides, proteins.	Structure and classification of natural (proteinogenic) amino acids. Stereoisomerism of $\alpha$ -amino acids. D- and L-Stereochemical series. Bipolar structure of $\alpha$ -amino acids. Isoelectric point. Biologically important reactions of $\alpha$ -amino acids (deamination, decarboxylation, transamination). Chemical properties of proteinogenic amino acids. Primary structure of peptides, proteins. Peptide bond. Its electronic structure. The concept of secondary, tertiary and Quaternary structure of proteins. The concept of peptide synthesis (protection of amino and carboxyl groups, carboxyl group activation). Analysis of peptides (determination of the N-terminus, C-terminus, amino acid sequence). Partial and complete hydrolysis of proteins. Qualitative reactions to natural amino acids, proteins.	Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
П-7	Saponifiable lipids.	Lipids and their classification Higher fatty carboxylic acids are important structural components of saponifying lipids, their structure, stereoisomerism, properties. The concept of biosynthesis of higher fatty carboxylic acids. Fats (triacylglycerols) as representatives of simple saponifying lipids, their structure, properties The concept of lipid peroxidation (LPO). Complex saponifying lipids, their structure, classification. Glycerophosphatides - derivatives of phosphatidic acids, their structure and properties. Representatives of glycerophosphatides - lecithin, cephalins, phosphatidylserines, plasmogen. Structure of sphingolipids: ceramides and sphingomyelins. Glycolipids. The concept of the structure of cerebrosides and gangliosides. Medico-biological significance of saponifying lipids.	Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
П-8	Nonsaponifiable lipids. Control work "Heterofunction al bioorganic compounds. Lipids"	Terpenes, their classification. Isoprene rule. Acyclic monoterpenes (geraniol, citral). Monocyclic monoterpenes (limonene, menthol), their medical value. Bicyclic monoterpenes ( $\alpha$ -pinene). Camphor, structure, optical activity, properties and medical value. Carotenoids, their structure, biological significance. Retinol (vitamin A), $\beta$ -carotene (provitamin A) Chemistry of the process of light perception in the body. Steroids, general characteristics, classification. The structure of the steran. Stereoisomerism. Conformations of cyclohexane rings: cis	3н-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor

		trans-articulation of nuclei in the structure of		
		steran; $5\alpha$ - and $5\beta$ - steroids.		
		The structure of hydrocarbons underlying the		
		classification of steroids (estrane, androstane,		
		pregnane, noian, cholestan).		
		Derivatives of cholesterol (sterois):		
		Derivativas of cholan (hilo paida); cholia		
		deevychelie glycochelie acids		
		Derivatives of estrone (female sex hormones):		
		estrone and estradiol Their structure and		
		biological role.		
		Androstane derivatives (male sex hormones):		
		androsterone and testosterone. Structure and		
		biological role.		
		Derivatives of pregnane (corticosteroids):		
		corticosterone, deoxycorticosterone,		
		hydrocortisone.		
		Cardiac glycoside aglycones: digitoxygenin;		
		strophanthidine.		
		Prostaglandins, their structure and medical and		
ПО	<u> </u>	biological significance	D 4	
11-9	structure,	and nomenalature. Stereoicom micro D and I	5H-4 Vyr 1	Zensko N., PhD,
	chemical properties and	and nomenciature. Stereoisomerism. D- and L-	УМ-1 Ум 2	Associate
	functions of	tautomarism Europose and purpose forms g	УМ-2 V 1	Kominskyw DhD
	monosaccharide	and B-anomers Haworth's formulas The	К-1 К-2	Associate
	s	phenomenon of mutarotation Conformations	AB-1	Professor
	5.	of cyclic forms of monosaccharides Chemical	AB-2	Subtelna PhD
		properties of monosaccharides (reactions	AB-3	Associate
		involving hemiacetal hydroxyl, esterification		Professor
		and esterification, oxidation and reduction).		
		Types of fermentation of monosaccharides.		
		Monosaccharide identification reactions.		
		Representatives: pentoses (D-xylose, D-ribose,		
		L-arabinose), hexoses (D-glucose, D-		
		galactose, D-mannose, D-fructose), deoxy		
		sugars (2-deoxyribose, D-digitoxose), amino		
		sugars (glucosamine). Neuraminic acid.		
<b></b>	~	Ascorbic acid.	5	
11-10	Structure,	Disaccharides, their structure and	Зн-4 Ум 1	Zelisko N., PhD,
	chemical	nomenciature.	УМ-1 V 2	Associate
	functions di	lactore) the relationship between	УМ-2 V 1	Protessor, Kominskyw PhD
	and	monosaccharide residues and its spatial	K-1 K-2	Associate
	nolysaccharides	orientation	AB-1	Professor
	porysacenariaes.	Cyclo-oxo-tautomerism and mutarotation of	AB-2	Subtelna PhD
		reducing disaccharides.	AB-3	Associate
		Chemical properties of reducing disaccharides.	_	Professor
		Non-reducing disaccharides (sucrose) and the		
		type of bond between monosaccharide		
		residues.		
		Chemical properties of non-reducing		
		disaccharides.		
		Sucrose inversion.		
		Polysaccharides, their classification and the		
		principle of construction.		
		Homopolysaccharides: starch (amylose,		
	1	amytopectin), grycogen, centulose, dextrans.		

П-11	Control work "Carbohydrates"	Spatial structure of amylose and cellulose. Heteropolysaccharides, their structure. Structure and biomedical significance of glycosaminoglycans (mucopolysaccharides) - chondroitin sulfates, hyaluronic acid, heparin. Mixed biopolymers (glycoproteins, proteoglycans, glycolipids). The concept of blood group substances. Generalization, systematization and consolidation of knowledge about the structure, isomerism, chemical properties and related biological activity of carbohydrates.	Зн-4 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
П-12	Biologically active 5- membered heterocyclic compounds.	Heterocyclic compounds, their classification and nomenclature. Five-membered heterocycles with one heteroatom. Aromatic character. The structure of the pyrrole atom of Nitrogen. $\pi$ -Excess aromatic systems. Acidophobicity of pyrrole and furan. Chemical properties of five-membered heterocycles with one heteroatom. Features of halogenation, sulfonation and nitration reactions of acidophobic heterocycles. NH-Acidity of pyrrole. Addition reactions. Indole, structure, aromatic character, chemical properties. Tetrapyrrole systems (porphins, porphyrins), their structure. Five-membered heterocycles with two heteroatoms. Aromaticity. Electronic structure of the pyridine nitrogen atom. Acid- base properties of five-membered heterocycles with two heteroatoms	3н-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
П-13	Biologically active 6- membered heterocyclic compounds.	Six-membered heterocyclic compounds, their classification and nomenclature. Six-membered heterocycles with one nitrogen atom: pyridine, quinoline, isoquinoline, acridine. Their structure, aroma. Chemical properties of pyridine: basicity, nucleophilic, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution reactions. Redox reactions. Quinoline, isoquinoline, acridine, their chemical properties. Six-membered heterocycles with one oxygen atom: $\alpha$ - and $\gamma$ -pyran and their derivatives. Medico-biological significance of six- membered heterocycles with two nitrogen heteroatoms, their structure and properties. Hydroxy derivatives of pyrimidine (uracil, thymine, cytosine, barbituric acid) and their tautomeric forms. Six-membered heterocycles with heteroatoms of Nitrogen and Sulfur, their structure. Medico-biological significance of six- membered heterocycles with heteroatoms of Nitrogen and Sulfur, their structure.	Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
11-14	Diologically	Chassification and nomenciature of condensed	<b>Jn</b> -4	LUIDKU IN., FIID,

П-15	active fused heterocyclic compounds. Alkaloids. Nucleic acids. Control work "Heterocyclic compounds, alkaloids, nucleic acid".	heterocyclic compounds. Purine (structure, aromaticity, tautomerism, amphotericity). Hydroxy derivatives of purine: hypoxanthine, xanthine, uric acid. Their tautomerism and acid-base properties Amino derivatives of purine (adenine, guanine), their tautomeric forms, biochemical significance in the formation of nucleotides and coenzymes. Methylated derivatives of xanthine (caffeine, theophylline, theobromine) as physiologically active compounds with action on the central nervous and cardiovascular systems. Murexide test is a qualitative reaction to compounds containing a purine nucleus. Pteridine. Folic acid. Its antagonism with sulfonamides. Alkaloids (definition, their value as biologically active substances and drugs). Representatives of alkaloids: pyridine groups (nicotine, lobeline), quinoline (quinine), isoquinoline (morphine, papaverine), tropane (atropine), indole (reserpine). Nucleic bases: purine, pyrimidine, minor. Lactime-lactam tautomerism of nucleic bases. Complementarity. Nucleosides, nomenclature and structure. Pseudouridine. Nucleotides. Their structure, nomenclature and properties. Classification and primary structure of nucleic acids. Higher structural organization of nucleic acids. Biological role of nucleic acids. ATP is an energy accumulator in biological systems, its structure, properties and role. Nucleotide coenzymes (NAD +, NADH, FAD, FADN, coenzyme A), structure and participation in metabolic processes. Generalization, systematization and consolidation of knowledge about the structure, chemical properties and biological activity of the most important heterocyclic compounds, alkaloids, nucleic acids.	Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3 Зн-4 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD,
	hybridisation of Carbon. Electronic structure of chemical bonds. Conjugated and aromatic systems.	Types of hybridization: sp3, sp2, sp. Types of chemical bonds (covalent, ionic, coordination, semipolar). The concept of hydrogen bonding and its importance in the formation of structures of the molecule of proteins and nucleic acids. Electronic structure of $\sigma$ - and $\pi$ -bonds. Their characteristics (length, energy, polarity,	3н-4 Ум-1 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor

1	Reactivity of	polarization.		
	arens, alkanes,	Conjugation and its types ( $\pi$ , $\pi$ - and p, $\pi$ -		
	alkenes and	conjugation) Influence of electron		
	anches and	delocalization on increasing the stability of		
	cycloarkanes.	activity of an increasing the stability of		
		Compugate systems. Conjugation energy.		
		Coupled open and closed circuit systems.		
		Aromaticity and its criteria.		
		Reactivity of arenes, alkanes, alkenes and		
		cycloalkanes.		
CPC-2	Reactions of	Aldehyde polymerization reactions. Formation	Зн-4	Zelisko N., PhD,
	polymerization	of paraform, trioxane, paraldehyde and	Ум-2	Associate
	and	metaldehyde. Aldol condensation reaction.	К -1	Professor,
	polycondensatio	Conduction and mechanism. Aldol	К-2	Kaminskyy, PhD,
	n of aldehydes	condensation reaction in the biosynthesis of	AB-2	Associate
	and carboxylic	higher fatty acids. Polymerization reactions of	AB-3	Professor,
	acids	carboxylic acids. Polyacrylate. Polymethyl		Subtelna, PhD,
		methacrylate. Formation of phenol-		Associate
		formaldehvde resins.		Professor
CPC-3	Transformation	Oxidation reactions of hydroxy acids.	Зн-4	Zelisko N., PhD.
	of keto- and	Ketone acid reduction reactions	Ум-2	Associate
	hydrox vacids	Ketone acid decarboxylation reactions	К-1	Professor
	(reactions of	Aldol addition reactions in the biosynthesis of	К-2	Kaminskyy PhD
	ovidation	long chain fatty acids	$AB_2$	Associate
	raduction	Kato and tautomorism of acatoacatic acid	$AD^{-2}$	Drofossor
	decombowylation	Reto-enor tautomensin or acetoacetic actu	AD-3	Subtalno DhD
	decarboxylation,			Subteina, PhD,
				Associate
	condensation).			Professor
	Keto-enol			
	tautomerism			
CPC-4	Simple and	Structure, nomenclature, chemical properties	Зн-4	Zelisko N., PhD,
	complex	and biological role of saponification and non-	Ум-2	Associate
	saponifiable	saponification lipids (terpenes, carotenoids,	К -1	Professor,
	lipids. Low-	steroids, prostaglandins).	К-2	Kaminekyy PhD
				Kammskyy, 1 mD,
	molecular		AB-2	Associate
	molecular weight bio-		AB-2 AB-3	Associate Professor,
	molecular weight bio- regulators –		AB-2 AB-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD,
	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes,		AB-2 AB-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate
	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids,		AB-2 AB-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids,		AB-2 AB-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins		AB-2 AB-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo-	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of	АВ-2 АВ-3 Зн-4	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD,
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of	АВ-2 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor,
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD.
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor.
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna PhD
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 3н-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD,
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 <sup>3</sup> н-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers Anomers and enimers	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 <sup>3</sup> н-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers Anomers and epimers.	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers Anomers and epimers. Synthesis and budra huite	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers Anomers and epimers. Synthesis and hydrolysis of	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers Anomers and epimers. Synthesis and hydrolysis of glicosides, ether	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 3н-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers Anomers and epimers. Synthesis and hydrolysis of glicosides, ether and esters of	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 <sup>3</sup> н-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers Anomers and epimers. Synthesis and hydrolysis of glicosides, ether and esters of monosaccharide	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-5	molecular weight bio- regulators – terpenes, carotenoids, steroids, prostaglandins Stereo- isomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharide s. D & L row of monosaccharide s. Enantiomers and diastereomers Anomers and epimers. Synthesis and hydrolysis of glicosides, ether and esters of monosaccharide s.	Stereoisomerism and tautomerism of monosaccharides. Chemical properties of monosaccharides.	АВ-2 АВ-3 АВ-3 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor

nonreducing sugars. Structure and properties of homo- (starch, celulouse, inulin) and heteropolysacha rides (Hyaluronic acid, chondroitin sulfate, heparin)	reducing disaccharides. The most important homopolysaccharides: starch, fiber, inulin. The most important heteropolysaccharides: hyaluronic acid, chondroitin sulfate, heparin. Blood groups.	Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-7 Biologically active 5- membered heterocyclic compounds. Aromaticity. Reaction of nucleophilic and electrophilic substitution. Lactam-lactim and azole tautomerisms.	Structure, nomenclature, isomerism, extraction methods, chemical properties and biological role of five-membered heterocycles with one and two heteroatoms. Structure, nomenclature, isomerism, extraction methods, chemical properties and biological role of six-membered heterocycles with one and two heteroatoms.	Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-8 Pyridine- carboxylic acids based drugs	Pyridinecarboxylic (nicotinic and isonicotinic) acids and their derivatives (nicotinamide, cordiamine, isoniazid, ftivazide). Application in medicine.	Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-9 Alakoilds: structure, classification, properties	Structure, classification, chemical properties and medical and biological significance of alkaloids. Representatives of alkaloids: pyridine groups (nicotine, lobeline), quinoline (quinine), isoquinoline (morphine, papaverine), tropane (atropine), indole (reserpine).	Зн-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
CPC-10 Nucleotides, nucleosides and nucleic acids	Nucleic acids (DNA, RNA) as polynucleotides. The primary structure of DNA and RNA (nucleotide sequence). Secondary structure of DNA and factors that stabilize it.Genetic role of DNA.	3н-4 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	Zelisko N., PhD, Associate Professor, Kaminskyy, PhD, Associate Professor, Subtelna , PhD, Associate Professor
Teaching methods are expla- chemistry, students use text	anatory-illustrative, problem-solving, partial-search books, lecture notes, guidelines, chemical com	h. When puter p	studying bioorganic rograms, models of
molecules, laboratory equipme	ent and utensils needed to perform experiments, ap	propriat	te reagents.

activities are:

a) lectures

b) practical classes

c) out of class work of students.

The topics of the lecture course reveal the problematic issues of the relevant sections of bioorganic chemistry.

Lecture material is presented using multimedia equipment, computer, video clips, graph projector, models of organic molecules and demonstration experiments.

Practical classes according to the methods of their organizations are laboratory, because they include: laboratory research on the extraction and detection of certain classes of organic compounds on the properties of their functional groups, conducting qualitative reactions. It is recommended that students in laboratory classes briefly record research protocols, indicating the purpose of the study and conclusions. Students also use exercises and solve situational problems. The practical classes use computer programs ISIS

DRAW, HyperChem, Chemistry in motion, video clips developed by the department, models of molecules. The structure of the organization of practical classes includes:

1. Discussion and explanation of the most difficult issues of the topic;

2. Written survey;

3. Performance of practical (laboratory) works.

4. Registration of the protocol of practical employment.

5. The result of the lesson

Independent work of students includes:

1. Elaboration of literature on this topic.

2. Solving training exercises and tests.

# 8. Verification of learning outcomes

### **Current control**

Carried out in each lesson according to specific goals, as well as during the individual work of the teacher with the student for those topics that the student develops independently and they are not part of the structure of the practical lesson. A standardized form of control of theoretical and practical training of students is used.

The standardized form of control of the theoretical part includes 10 tasks. Five of them of the first level are test (1 point each), and five tasks of the second level, to which in addition to the test answer you need to give a written answer (2 points each).

Assessment of practical training of students - as a result of the practical part - is made in the form of a protocol.

The final grade for the current educational activity is set on a 4-point (national) scale.

### Criteria for evaluating current learning activities:

A grade of "5" (excellent) is given to a student who actively participated in the discussion of the most difficult questions on the topic of the lesson, gave at least 90% correct answers to standardized test tasks, answered written tasks without errors, did practical work and drew up a protocol.

Grade "4" (good) is given to the student who participated in the discussion of the most difficult questions on the topic, gave at least 75% correct answers to standardized test tasks, made some minor mistakes in answering written tasks, did practical work and drew up a protocol.

Grade "3" (satisfactory) is given to a student who did not participate in the discussion of the most difficult questions on the topic, gave at least 60% correct answers to standardized test tasks, made significant mistakes in answering written tasks, did practical work and drew up a protocol.

Grade "2" (unsatisfactory) is given to a student who did not participate in the discussion of the most difficult questions on the topic, gave less than 60% of correct answers to standardized test tasks, made gross mistakes in answering written tasks or did not answer them at all. performed practical work and did not draw up a protocol.

Learning	Code of the type	Method of verification of learning	Enrollment criteria
outcome code	of classes	outcomes	
Зн-1	П-1	1. Acquaintance with the organization	evaluation according to
Зн-2		and procedure for conducting practical	the established criteria
Зн-3		classes in bioorganic chemistry.	on a traditional 4-point
К -1		2. Acquaintance with safety	scale
К-2		precautions and rules of work in	
		chemical laboratory.	
		3. Consideration of the basic principles	
		of classification and nomenclature of	

		organic compounds. 4. Consideration of the basic principles of classification and nomenclature of chemical reactions and reagents. 5. Performing training exercises and tests.	
Зн-1 Зн-2 Зн-4 Ум-1 К -1 К-2 АВ-2 АВ-3	П-2 СРС-1	<ol> <li>Homework control.</li> <li>Answers to students' questions and consideration of the main points of the topic</li> <li>Consideration on models, computer programs and tables of the spatial structure of organic compounds, conformations and configuration states of molecules and methods of their representation. Compilation of models of chiral molecules of lactic and tartaric acids; assembly on the conformation models of ethane, butane and ethylene glycol.</li> <li>Execution of experiments.</li> <li>Control of assimilation of material and derivation of the general estimation.</li> </ol>	evaluation according to the established criteria on a traditional 4-point scale
3н-2 3н-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	П-3 СРС-2	<ol> <li>Homework control.</li> <li>Answers to students' questions and consideration of the main points of the topic</li> <li>Execution of experiments</li> <li>Control of mastering the topic of theoretical and practical material</li> <li>Making an overall assessment.</li> </ol>	evaluation according to the established criteria on a traditional 4-point scale
3н-1 3н-2 3н-3 3н-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	П-4 СРС-2	<ol> <li>Answers to students' questions and consideration of the main points of the topic.</li> <li>Execution of experiments.</li> <li>Control of mastering the topic of the performed experiments.</li> <li>Control of students' knowledge on topics 1-4.</li> <li>Exposition of the general estimation of mastering of themes of the semantic module «Theoretical aspects of bioorganic chemistry. Hydrocarbons and homofunctional bioorganic compounds ".</li> </ol>	evaluation according to the established criteria on a traditional 4-point scale
3н-4 Ум-1 Ум-2 К -1 К-2 АВ-1 АВ-2 АВ-3	П-5 СРС-3	<ol> <li>Answers to students' questions and consideration of the main points of the topic</li> <li>Control of students' knowledge</li> <li>Execution of experiments</li> <li>Control of mastering the topic from the performed experiments</li> <li>Exposing a general assessment of mastering the topic.</li> </ol>	evaluation according to the established criteria on a traditional 4-point scale
Зн-4 Ум-1 Ум-2	П-6	1. Answers to students' questions and consideration of the main points of the topic	evaluation according to the established criteria on a traditional 4-point

К -1		2. Control of students' knowledge	scale
К-2		3. Execution of experiments	
AB-1		4 Control of mastering the tonic from	
		the performed experiments	
		5 Exposing a general assessment of	
AD-3		5. Exposing a general assessment of	
2 4	Π 7	mastering the topic.	
3н-4		1. Answers to students' questions and	evaluation according to
Ум-1	CPC-4	consideration of the main points of the	the established criteria
Ум-2		topic	on a traditional 4-point
К -1		2. Control of students' knowledge	scale
К-2		3. Execution of experiments	
AB-1		4. Control of mastering the topic from	
AB-2		the performed experiments	
AB-3		5. Exposing a general assessment of	
		mastering the topic.	
Зн-4	П-8	1 Answers to students' questions and	evaluation according to
Ум-1	CPC-4	consideration of the main points of the	the established criteria
$\frac{1}{V_M}$	010-4	topic	on a traditional 4 point
У М-2 1/ 1		2 Encoution of our originants	on a traditional 4-point
K -1		2. Execution of experiments.	scale
K-2		3. Control of mastering the topic of the	
AB-I		performed experiments.	
AB-2		4. Control of students' knowledge on	
AB-3		topics 5-8.	
		5. Presentation of the general	
		assessment of mastering the topics of	
		the content module "Heterofunctional	
		bioorganic compounds. Biopolymers	
		and bioregulators "	
Зн-4	П-9	1. Answers to students' questions and	evaluation according to
VM-1	CPC-5	consideration of the main points of the	the established criteria
Ум 1 Vм-2	0105	topic	on a traditional 4-point
V 1		2 Control of students' knowledge	
K -1 K 2		2. Control of students knowledge	scale
K-2		5. Execution of experiments	
AB-1		4. Control of mastering the topic from	
AB-2		the performed experiments	
AB-3		5. Exposing a general assessment of	
		mastering the topic.	
Зн-4	П-10	1. Answers to students' questions and	evaluation according to
Ум-1	CPC-6	consideration of the main points of the	the established criteria
Ум-2		topic	on a traditional 4-point
К -1		2. Control of students' knowledge	scale
К-2		3. Execution of experiments	
AB-1		4. Control of mastering the topic from	
AB-2		the performed experiments	
AB-3		5 Exposing a general assessment of	
		mastering the tonic	
<b>?</b> 11_ <i>1</i>	Π_11	1 Homework control	evaluation according to
$V_M \gamma$	11-11	2 Answers to students' questions	the established oritoria
J M-∠ レ 1		2. Answers to students' transladar and	on a traditional 4 noint
		5. Control of students knowledge on	on a traditional 4-point
K-2		topics 9-10.	scale
AB-2		4. Exposition of the general estimation	
AB-3		or mastering of subjects of the semantic	
		module "Structure and biological	
		functions of carbohydrates".	
Зн-4	П-12	1. Answers to students' questions and	evaluation according to
Ум-1	CPC-7	consideration of the main points of the	the established criteria
Ум-2		topic	on a traditional 4-point
К -1		2. Control of students' knowledge	scale
К-2		3. Execution of experiments	
		•	

AB-1			4. Control of mastering the top	oic from	
AB-2			the performed experiments		
AB-3			5. Exposing a general assessi	ment of	
			mastering the topic.		
Зн-4	11-13		1. Answers to students' questi	ons and	evaluation according to
Ум-I	CPC-7		consideration of the main point	s of the	the established criteria
Ум-2	CPC-8		topic		on a traditional 4-point
K -1			2. Control of students' knowledg	ge	scale
K-2			3. Execution of experiments		
AB-1			4. Control of mastering the top	one from	
AB-2			the performed experiments		
AB-3			5. Exposing a general assessi	ment of	
D 4	<b>TT 14</b>		mastering the topic.	1	1 1.
3H-4	11-14 CDC 0		1. Answers to students questi	ons and	evaluation according to
Ум-1 Ум-2	CPC-9		consideration of the main point	s of the	the established criteria
Ум-2 И 1	CPC-IU	)			on a traditional 4-point
K -1			2. Control of students' knowledg	ge	scale
K-2			3. Execution of experiments	·	
AB-1			4. Control of mastering the top	onc from	
AB-2			the performed experiments		
AB-3			5. Exposing a general assessimatering the topic.	ment of	
Зн-4	П-15		1. Homework control.		evaluation according to
Ум-2	_		2. Answers to students' question	s.	the established criteria
К -1			3. Control of students' knowle	edge on	on a traditional 4-point
К-2			topics 12-14.	0	scale
AB-2			4. Presentation of the	general	
AB-3			assessment of mastering the to	opics of	
			the content module "Structu	ire and	
			biological functions of hete	rocyclic	
			compounds, alkaloids, nucl	eosides,	
			nucleotides and nucleic acids".		
			Final control		
General evaluation	system	Partic	cipation in the work during the se	mester / e	exam - 60% / 40%
	-	on a	200-point scale		
Rating scales		Tradi	tional 4-point scale, multi-point (	200-poin	t) scale, ECTS rating scale
Conditions of admi	ission to the	The s	student attended all practical (labo	oratory, se	eminar) classes and
final control		receiv	ved at least 72 points for current p	performar	nce
Type of final control	ol	Meth	ods of final control	Enrollm	ent criteria
Exam		The	exam is held during the	Enrollm	ent of the test task of the I
		exam	ination session according to the	level:	
		sched	lule and includes:	correct a	answer -1 point, incorrect
		Writt	en answers to 20 standard level	answer -	- 0 points.
		I test	tasks, each of which has one or	The ans	wer to the theoretical
		more	correct answers out of the five	problem	of the II level is
		sugge	ested.	estimate	ed from 0 to 3 points:
		Writt	en answers to 20 standard test	correct l	etter answer -1 point,
		tasks	ot the second level, the	incorrec	t letter answer - 0 points.
		soluti	ion of which involves both a	The wri	tten task is evaluated from
		litera	answer and the completion of	U to $2 pc$	oints.
		a wri	tten task.	The ma	ximum number of points
				that a st	udent can score when
				taking ti	
				in the cr	amount number of points
The maximum	mhor of noi-4	a that a	atudant can caora for the automatic	academi:	ann - not ress than 30.
г не шалицин ни	moer or poull	o unat à	i student can score for the current	acaucilli	activity for autilission to

the exam is 120 points. **The minimum number of points** that a student must score for the current academic activity for admission to the exam is 72 points.

The calculation of the number of points is based on the grades received by the student on a 4-point
(national) scale during the study of the discipline, by calculating the arithmetic mean (CA), rounded to two
decimal places. The resulting value is converted into points on a multi-point scale as follows:
$\sim$ CA × 120
$x = \frac{1}{5}$
9. Course policy
The student must independently complete homework, training exercises and tests, tasks of current and final
control. It is not allowed to spy on another student's work, write off, use a textbook, notebook or mobile
phone while writing a test, final or exam paper, use cheat sheets, copy your work by other students.
Omissions of practical classes are not allowed. If a student misses classes for good reasons, which are
documented, he has the right to practice them.
10. Literature
The main literature
1. B.S.Zimenkovsky, V.A. Muzychenko, I.V.Nizhenkovska, G.O.Syrova. Biological and bioorganic
chemistry. Aus Medicine Publishing. Kyiv. 2018. – 288 p.
2. J. Komarytsia. Organic Chemistry. Handbook for medical students. Lviv 2005/4 p.
3. Stoker, H.S. (2001). Organic and biological chemistry. Houghton Mifflin. 2001. 556p.
The additionary literature
1 L C Wede Ir Organic Chemistry $9^{th}$ edition Deerson 2012 547n
2 T. Graham Solomons, Craig B. Eryhle, Organic Chemistry, Tenth edition, Hoboken, NL 2011, John
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3 David C Eaton Laboratory investigation in Organic Chemistry – McGRAW-HILL BOOK COMPANY
- New York - Toronto - 893 n
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Information resources
1. www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/PubMed – free access to the database of scientific research in the field of
biomedical sciences.
2. https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ free access to the database of scientific data in the field of biomedical
sciences.
5. http://www.orgsyn.org - has provided the chemistry community with detailed, reliable, and carefully checked procedures for the synthesis of organic compounds
A http://www.organia.abamistry.orgoffors.an.overview.of.recent_tonics_interesting_receiptions_and
4. http://www.organic-chemisuly.org - oners an overview of recent topics, interesting reactions, and information on important chemicals for organic chemists
6 www bioorganica org ua - a scientific publication that presents works on bioorganic and medical
chemistry
11. Equipment, logistics and software of the discipline
Equipment for laboratory work in the discipline, chemical utensils reagents multimedia projector
for classes, overhead projector, computers. Internet for individual tasks platform for distance learning
MISA: thematic tables, molecule models, methodical instructions for practical and independent work are
posted on the MISA distance learning service and are freely available to students.

### 12. Additional information

The department has a permanent student research group.

The Syllabus was developed by: Nataliya Zelisko, PhD, Associate Professor

Head of Department of Pharmaceutical, Organic and Bioorganic chemistry Prof. R.B. Lesyk