Syllabus of the discipline "Orthopedic Dentistry"

1. General information			
Name of the faculty	Faculty of Dentistry		
Educational program	22 Healthcare, 221 Dentistry,		
(industry, specialty,	second (master's) level of higher education, full-time		
level of higher education,			
form			
teaching)			
Academic year	2022-2023		
Name of discipline, code	Orthopedic dentistry OK52		
	for individual profile course of choice:		
	"Surgical dentistry" WB 3.3		
Chair	Department of Orthopedic Dentistry		
	Lviv, 69a Pekarska Street, tel / fax: (032) 276-06-41		
	Kaf_prostheticdent@meduniv.lviv.ua		
Head of the department	Assoc. Kukhta Viktor Stepanovych		
	viktor.kukhta@gmail.com		
Year of study	Fifth year of study		
Semester	Ninth and tenth semesters		
Type of discipline	Mandatory discipline		
Teachers	doctor of medical sciences professor Andriy Kordiak		
Erasmus yes\not	not		
The person responsible for	Head of Department: Assoc., Viktor Kukhta		
syllabus	doctor of medical sciences professor Andriy Kordiak		
	senior laboratory assistant Oleksandra Biala		
Number of ECTS credits	6 ECTS credits		
Number of hours	Software -90 hours		
	Wed – 90 hours		
Language of instruction	Ukrainian		
Information about	according to the working schedule of consultations		
consultations			

2. Short annotation to the course

Orthopedic dentistry is a discipline that enables students to master in the clinic certain dental manipulations used in treatment of patients with defects of the crown of the teeth, with partial and complete absence teeth and defects and deformations of the dental-maxillary system. Acquired in this way special (professional) competencies students then use in the treatment of dental orthopedic patients.

3. The purpose and objectives of the course

1. The purpose of the study of orthopedic dentistry - the formation of the foundations of clinical thinking doctor, mastering the skills of examination and rationale for diagnosis, conduct differential diagnosis of diseases of the dental and maxillofacial system of orthopedic profile, drawing up a plan of treatment of patients, mastering the basic manual skills at carrying out orthopedic treatment. 2. Objectives of the discipline ☐ To form the volume of basic, fundamental medical knowledge that forms professional competencies of a dentist-orthopedist. ☐ To form and improve the professional training of a dentist-orthopedist, who has clinical thinking, is well versed in pathology with knowledge related disciplines. ☐ To form skills in mastering new technologies and methods in the field of orthopedics dentistry. ☐ To prepare a specialist for independent professional medical and diagnostic activities that can carry out differential diagnosis, provide medical care, to carry out preventive and rehabilitation measures to preserve life and health patient. 3. Competences and learning outcomes According to the requirements of the Standard of Higher Education, the discipline "Orthopedic Dentistry" provides acquisition of competencies by students: - integral: Ability to solve problems and problems in the field of health care by specialty "Dentistry" in professional activities or in the learning process, which involves conducting research and / or innovation. - General competencies (GQ): LC 1. Ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis; ability to learn and be modern trained. LC 2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of the profession. LC 3. Ability to apply knowledge in practical situations. LC 4. Ability to communicate in the state language both orally and in writing. Ability to communicate in another language. LC 5. Skills in the use of information and communication technologies. LC 6. Ability to search, process and analyze information from various sources. LC 7. Ability to adapt and act in a new situation; ability to work autonomously. LC 8. Ability to identify, pose and solve problems. LC 9. Ability to choose a communication strategy. LC 10. Ability to work in a team.

- LC 11. Interpersonal skills.
- LC 12. Ability to act on the basis of ethical considerations (motives).
- LC 13. Skills for safe activities
- LC 14. Ability to evaluate and ensure the quality of work performed.
- LC 15. The desire to preserve the environment.
- LC 16. Ability to act socially responsible and civic conscious.
- special (professional, subject) (FC):
- FC 1. Ability to collect medical information about the patient and analyze clinical data.
- FC 2. Ability to interpret the results of laboratory and instrumental research.
- FC 3. Ability to diagnose: determine the preliminary, clinical, final, concomitant

diagnosis, emergencies.

FC 4. Ability to plan and implement measures for the prevention of diseases of organs and

tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region.

FC 5. Ability to design the process of providing medical care: to identify approaches,

plan, types and principles of treatment of diseases of organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial

facial area.

FC 6. The ability to determine the rational mode of work, rest, diet in patients with

treatment of diseases of organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region.

FC 7. Ability to determine the tactics of management of patients with diseases of organs and tissues

oral cavity and maxillofacial region with concomitant somatic diseases.

- FC 8. Ability to perform medical and dental manipulations.
- FC 9. Ability to treat major diseases of the organs and tissues of the mouth cavity and maxillofacial region.
- FC 10. Ability to organize and conduct medical and evacuation measures.
- FC 11. Ability to determine tactics, methods and provide emergency medical care.
- FC 12. Ability to organize and conduct screening examinations in dentistry.
- FC 13. Ability to assess the impact of the environment on public health (individual, family, population).
- FC 14. Ability to maintain regulatory medical records.
- FC 15. Processing of state, social and medical information.
- FC 16. Ability to organize and conduct rehabilitation activities and patient care

with diseases of the oral cavity and SLE.

- FC 17. Ability to provide legal support for their own professional activities.
- FC 18. Ability to provide home care according to the protocols of tactical medicine

Knowledge:

- 1. Know the current trends in the industry and the indicators that characterize them
- 2. Know the features of the professional activity of a dentist
- 3. Know the methods of implementing knowledge in solving practical problems
- 4. Know the state language, including professional orientation. Speak foreign languages on

level sufficient for professional communication

5. Have modern knowledge in the field of information and communication technologies that

used in the learning process.

6. Have the necessary knowledge in the field of information technology used in the process

teaching.

- 7. Know the methods of realization of knowledge in solving practical problems
- 8. Know the methods of implementing knowledge in identifying, setting and solving professional problems activities
- 9. Know the methods of implementing knowledge in choosing a strategy for communicating with patients and colleagues
- 10. Know the ways of collective interaction
- 11. Know the ways of interpersonal interaction with colleagues and patients
- 12. Know the moral and ethical principles of a medical specialist and the rules of professional

subordination.

- 13. Ability to assess the level of danger in performing professional tasks
- 14. Ability to assess and ensure quality in the performance of professional tasks.
- 15. Ability to assess the state of the environment
- 16. Know your social and civil rights and responsibilities
- 17. Know the basic provisions of the code of ethics of the dentist
- 18. Know the moral and deontological principles of a medical specialist and the rules of professional

subordination in the clinic of orthopedic dentistry

- 19. Know the current legal norms of the relationship "dentist-orthopedist patient"
- 20. Know the equipment of orthopedic dental office and dental laboratory. Know the structure of the dental department and dental laboratory.
- 21. Know the medical documentation and the rules of its completion. Know the algorithm

examination of the patient in the clinic of orthopedic dentistry.

22. Know the algorithm of fingerprinting using different groups of fingerprint materials

- 23. Know the materials from which orthopedic structures are made.
- 24. Know the technological stages of preparation of different types of orthopedic structures that used for orthopedic rehabilitation of patients Skills:
- 1. Be able to analyze professional information, make informed decisions, acquire

modern knowledge

- 2. Be able to carry out professional activities that require updating and integration of knowledge
- 3. Be able to use professional knowledge to solve practical problems
- 4. Be able to use state and foreign languages for professional purposes activities and communication
- 5. Be able to use information and communication technologies in the professional field that

needs updating and integration of knowledge

- 6. Be able to use information technology in the professional field to search, processing and analysis of new information from various sources
- 7. Be able to use professional knowledge to adapt and act to a new situation.
- 8. Be able to use professional knowledge to identify, pose and solve problems

professional activity

- 9. Be able to use knowledge to choose a strategy for communicating with patients and colleagues
- 10. While working in a team
- 11. Be able to use knowledge to choose a communication strategy during interpersonal

interaction

- 12. Use in professional activities moral and ethical principles of medicine employee and the rules of professional subordination.
- 13. Be able to carry out professional activities in compliance with safety rules
- 14. Know the methods of assessing performance indicators.
- 15. Be able to analyze the quality of the environment
- 16. To form the civil and social position
- 17. To use in practice the code of ethics of the dentist
- 18. Use in practice the moral and deontological principles of medicine specialist and the rules of professional subordination in the clinic of orthopedic dentistry
- 19. Use in practice the legal norms of the relationship "doctor-dentist-orthopedist patient ".
- 20. Be able to form a healthy psychological microclimate in the team.
- 21. Be able to use the equipment of the dental office, the main dental instruments used in the clinic of orthopedic dentistry.
- Be able to fill out primary medical records.
- 22. Be able to take prints using different groups of prints materials

- 23. Be able to use knowledge of materials science to understand the technological stages
- preparation of various types of orthopedic structures used for orthopedic rehabilitation of patients.
- 24. Be able to organize disinfection and sterilization of dental equipment and tools and control over the effectiveness of sterilization

Autonomy and responsibility:

- 1. To be responsible for the timely acquisition of modern knowledge
- 2. To be responsible for continuous professional development with a high levelautonomy
- 3. To be responsible for the validity of the decisions made
- 4. To be responsible for continuous professional development with a high level autonomy.
- 5. To be responsible for the continuous development of professional knowledge and skills.
- 6. To be responsible for the continuous development of professional knowledge and skills.
- 7. To be responsible for the quality of the use of professional skills in a new situation.
- 8. To be responsible for the validity of the decisions made to solve problems professional activity.
- 9. To be responsible for continuous professional development with a high level autonomy
- 10. To form a communication strategy in the learning process
- 11. To be responsible for continuous professional development with a high level autonomy
- 12. To bear personal responsibility for observance of moral and ethical principles medical specialist and the rules of professional subordination.
- 13. To bear personal responsibility for observance of safety rules at execution professional tasks
- 14. Establish connections to ensure quality work
- 15. To bear personal responsibility for observance of rules of preservation of environment environment when performing professional tasks
- 16. Be responsible for your civic and social activities
- 17. To bear personal responsibility for observance of provisions in practical activity code of ethics of the dentist
- 18. To bear personal responsibility for observance of moral and deontological principles medical specialist, the rules of professional subordination in the clinic of orthopedic dentistry
- 19. To bear personal responsibility for observance of the current legal norms of mutual relations "Dentist-orthopedist patient".
- 20. To bear personal responsibility for correct use of the equipment dental office and basic dental tools and conducting examination of the patient and filling in medical records.
- 21. To bear personal responsibility during the manipulation of fingerprinting.

- 22. To bear personal responsibility for knowledge of safety rules during production orthopedic structures.
- 23. Identify methods to prevent the spread of infection in the orthopedic department.
- 24. Carry personal responsibility for compliance with the rules of asepsis and antiseptics in the clinic orthopedic dentistry

4. Prerequisites of the course

Interdisciplinary links: Orthopedic dentistry as a discipline

- a) is based on previous study of human anatomy by students; histology, embryology and cytology, medical biology, medical chemistry, biological and bioorganic chemistry,
- medical physics, microbiology, virology and immunology and integrates with these disciplines;
- b) is based on the study by students of propaedeutic disciplines of dentistry profile: propaedeutics of orthopedic dentistry, propaedeutics of therapeutic dentistry and
- propaedeutics of pediatric therapeutic dentistry and integrates with these disciplines;
- c) integrates with the following clinical disciplines: dental prevention diseases, pediatric therapeutic dentistry and therapeutic dentistry, surgical dentistry.

5. Program learning outcomes

List of learning outcomes			
Software results	The content of the learning outcome	Reference to	
teaching		the competency	
		matrix code	
PRN1	Identify and identify leading clinical	ZK1 - ZK9,	
	symptoms and syndromes; according to	ZK-11, ZK12,	
	standard methods, using preliminary data of	ZK14, ZK16,	
	the patient's anamnesis, data of the patient's	FC1, FC3,	
	examination, knowledge about a person, his	FC4 FC15	
	organs and systems, to establish a plausible		
	nosological or syndromic preliminary		
	clinical diagnosis dental disease		
PRN2	Collect information about the general	ZK1 - ZK14,	
	condition of the patient, evaluate	ZK11 - ZK14,	
	psychomotor and physical development of	ZK16, FK1-	
	the patient, the condition of the organs	FC8, FC11,	
	maxillofacial area, based on laboratory	FC12, FC14 -	
	results and instrumental research to evaluate	FC16	
	information on diagnosis		
PRN3	Assign and analyze additional (required and	ZK1 - ZK4, ZK	
	optional) examination methods (laboratory,	7 - ZK14, FK1,	
	radiological, functional and / or	FK2, FC 15	
	instrumental) according to list 5, patients		

	with diseases of organs and tissues of the	
	oral cavity and maxillofacial	
	facial area for differential diagnosis	
	diseases	
PRN4	Determine the final clinical diagnosis	ZK1 - ZK10,
	following relevant ethical and legal norms,	ZK14, ZK16,
	by adopting reasonable decision and logical	FC1 - FC4,
	analysis of the obtained subjective and	FC15
	objective clinical data, additional	1 010
	examination, differential diagnosis under	
	control the head doctor in the conditions of	
DDM	medical institution	777.1 777.1.1
PRN5	Diagnose emergencies under any	ZK1 - ZK11,
	circumstances (at home, on the street, in a	ZK13 - ZK16,
	medical institution), in an emergency	FC1 - FC4,
	situation, martial law, lack of information	FC15
	and limited time	
PRN6	Plan and implement dental prevention	ZK1 - ZK16,
	measures diseases among the population to	FC1, FC5,
	prevent the spread dental diseases	FC13 - FC16
PRN7	Analyze the epidemiological situation and	ZK1 - ZK6,
	carry out measures of mass and	ZK8
	individual, general and local medication and	- 3К16, ФК1,
	non-drug prevention of dental diseases	FC5, FC13 -
	non drug prevention of dental diseases	FC16
PRN8	Determine the approach, plan, type and	ZK1 - ZK3,
11010	principle of treatment dental disease by	ZK6 -
	taking reasonable solution according to	ZK8, ZK12-
	existing algorithms and standard schemes	ZK0, ZK12- ZK14,
	existing argorithms and standard schemes	1
		ZK16, FK1,
DDMO	D	FC6, FC15
PRN9	Determine the nature of work, rest and the	ZK1 - ZK13,
	necessary diet in the treatment of dental	3к15, 3К16,
	diseases on the basis	FC1, FC7,
	preliminary or final clinical diagnosis by	FC15
	making an informed decision according to	
	existing algorithms and	
	standard schemes.	
PRN10	Determine the tactics of the dental patient	3K1 - 3K8,
	when somatic pathology by making an	3K10, 3K12 –
	informed decision	3K14, 3K16,
	according to existing algorithms and	ФК1, ФК7,
	standard schemes	ФК8, ФК15
PRN11	Carry out treatment of major dental diseases	ZK1-ZK4, ZK7
		- ZK16, FK1,
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	, ,

	existing algorithms and standard schemes under control the head doctor in the conditions of medical institution	FC9, FC10, FC15
PRN12	Organize medical and evacuation measures among population, servicemen, in an emergency, including martial law, during the detailed stages of medical evacuation, taking into account the existing system of medical evacuation support	ZK1 - ZK16, FC1, FC11, FC15
PRN13	Organize medical and evacuation measures among population, servicemen, in an emergency, including martial law, during the detailed stages of medical evacuation, taking into account the existing system of medical evacuation support	ZK1 - ZK16, FC1, FC12, FC15
PRN14	Analyze and evaluate state, social and medical information using standard approaches and computer information technology	ZK1 - ZK6, ZK8, ZK10, ZK11, ZK13 - ZK16, FC13, FC15, FC16
PRN15	Assess the impact of the environment on health population in a medical institution according to standard methods	ZK1 - ZK3, ZK5 - ZK7, ZK10,
PRN16	Form goals and determine the structure of personal activities on based on the result of the analysis of certain social and personal needs	ZK1 - ZK16, FC1, FC5 - FC14
PRN17	Follow a healthy lifestyle, enjoy methods of self-regulation and self-control	ZK1 - ZK3, ZK5, ZK6, ZK11 - ZK13, ZK15, ZK16, FK5, FC14
PRN18	To be aware of and guided in their activities by citizens rights, freedoms and responsibilities, to increase general education cultural level	ZK4 - ZK6, ZK10 - zK16, ΦK5, FC13, FC14, FC16
PRN19	Adhere to the requirements of ethics, bioethics and deontology in their professional activity	ZK1- ZK4, ZK9 - ZK13, ZK15, ZK16, FK1, FC5, FC7, FC9 - fK16

PRN20	Organize the necessary level of individual security (own and persons cared for) in the event of typical dangerous situations in the individual field of activity	ZK1 - ZK3, ZK5, ZK9 - ZK16, FC1, FC5, FC6, FC9 - FC15
PRN21	Perform medical manipulations on the basis of previous and / or final clinical diagnosis for different segments of the population and in different conditions	ZK1 - ZK3, ZK9 - zK11, zK13 - zK15, fK9 - FC12
PRN22	Perform medical dental manipulations on the base preliminary and / or final clinical diagnosis for various segments of the population and in different conditions	ZK1, ZK2, ZK5, ZK6, ZK8 - zK11, zK13 - zK15, fK9 - FC12
PRN23	Manipulate the provision of emergency medical care, using standard schemes, under any circumstances on based on the diagnosis of emergency (according to list 4) in the conditions limited time	ZK1 - ZK6, ZK8 - zK11, zK13 - zK16, fK9 - FC12, FC18

6. Format and scope of the course

Format course	Full-time course	-
Kind of	Number of hours	
occupations		
lectures	-	-
practical	90 hours	9
seminars	-	-
independent	90 hours	9

7. Topics and content of the course

Code	Topic	Learning content	Code	Teacher
kind to			the result	
occupy			teaching	
P-1	Orthopedic	Examination of a	Mind.1,	Andriy
	treatment of	patient with	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
	defects	defects	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	crowns of teeth	hard tissues of the	0.21.24	medical
	veneers.	teeth. Internally-	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
	Indication	syndromic	4,5,6,10,13	professor
	and clinical	differential	, 15,17,19,2	

	laboratory stages making veneers. Materials for fixing veneers. Fixation techniques veneers. Diagnostic, clinical errors and complications when orthopedic treatment of patients with defects of crowns teeth veneers. Defect replacement hard tissues of the teeth tabs. Indication, tab design. Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacture	diagnosis of destruction hard tissues of the tooth. Results clinical and special (additional) research methods in patients with solid defects tooth tissue. Choice of tactics treatment of a patient with defects hard tissues of the teeth. Technologies production of veneers and tabs in the treatment of patients. Choice veneer designs in different clinical situations. Preparation tooth under veneers. Receiving working prints. Warning complications after dissection teeth. Fixation of veneers. technology of making tabs in the treatment of patients	2.23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13, 14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,1 2,13,14,15	
P-2	Tooth restoration after endodontic treatment with using pins individual production. Diagnostic,		Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10, 13,16,19,2 0.21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13 , 15,17,19,2 2.23 AB	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences professor

P-3	clinical errors and complications when orthopedic treatment of patients with defects of crowns teeth pin structures. Pin tovi constructions with using standard pins. Plan treatment. Constructions, classification, features application standard pins Aesthetic jackets crowns (porcelain, plastic, composite).	Jacket crowns are used with in order to restore the anatomical shape and	Zn. 1,2,3,4,5,6, 7,813.15 Mind. 2,3,5,8, 12,14,16,1 8,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6 7,8,10,13, 15 FK2,3,5,7, 9,11,13,15, 18	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences
	(porcelain, plastic,	in order to restore the anatomical	7,813.15 Mind.	doctor of medical
	composite). Indications, clinic,	shape and aesthetic properties	2,3,5,8, 10,12,15,1 6,17,18,20,	professor
	·			
	laboratory stages production.	tooth, as well as	23 AB	
	production. Clinical and	tooth, as well as for temporary coating (plastic	23 AB 2,4,6,8,10,	
	production. Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacture	tooth, as well as for temporary coating (plastic crowns) on time of	23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,2 3	
	production. Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacture fixed dentures on	tooth, as well as for temporary coating (plastic crowns) on time of manufacture of constants	23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,2 3 ZK2,3.4,5,6 , 7,8,10,13,	
	production. Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacture fixed dentures	tooth, as well as for temporary coating (plastic crowns) on time of manufacture of	23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,2 3 ZK2,3.4,5,6	
	production. Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacture fixed dentures on oxide frame zirconium. Marginal	tooth, as well as for temporary coating (plastic crowns) on time of manufacture of constants prostheses and for recovery physiological	23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,2 3 ZK2,3.4,5,6 ,7,8,10,13, 15 FK2,3,5,7, 9,11,13,15,	
	production. Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacture fixed dentures on oxide frame zirconium. Marginal adaptation restorations.	tooth, as well as for temporary coating (plastic crowns) on time of manufacture of constants prostheses and for recovery physiological articulatory jaw ratios. Jackets	23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,2 3 ZK2,3.4,5,6 ,7,8,10,13, 15 FK2,3,5,7,	
	production. Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacture fixed dentures on oxide frame zirconium. Marginal adaptation	tooth, as well as for temporary coating (plastic crowns) on time of manufacture of constants prostheses and for recovery physiological articulatory	23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,2 3 ZK2,3.4,5,6 ,7,8,10,13, 15 FK2,3,5,7, 9,11,13,15,	

prints. Temporary fixed restoration. Indications to application. Methods production temporary restorations. Cement for temporary fixing fixed restorations

preserved. Indications for production jacket crowns. Contraindications production of jacket crowns. Clinical and laboratory stages making porcelain jacket crowns. Clinical laboratory stages of manufacture plastic jacket crowns. Clinical stages of manufacture porcelain jacket crowns. Clinical stages of manufacture plastic jacket crowns. Indications for production temporary crown in different clinical situations. Preparation tooth under an artificial crown. Treatment of the prepared tooth various means of dentin protection. Getting anatomical prints are different imprint materials silicone, alginate. Clinical and technological stages making temporary crowns.

		Prevention of		
		complications after		
		tooth preparation.		
		Fixation and		
		removal of the		
	D 0	temporary crown		
P-4	Defect	Indications for	Zn.	Andriy
	replacement	manufacture	1,2,3,4,5,6,	Kordiak
	dentition	metal-ceramic	7,813.15	doctor of
	metal-ceramic	constructions.	Mind.	medical
	fixed teeth	Methods, basic	2,3,5,8,	sciences
	prostheses.	principles	10,12,15,1	professor
	Clinical	preparation of	6,17,18,20,	
	laboratory stages	teeth under	23	
	production.	metal-ceramic	AB 1,2,3,5,	
	Fixed orthopedic	crowns. Methods	7,10,12,13,	
	construction of	retraction of the	14,17,20,2	
	dioxide-	gingival margin.	1.23	
	reinforced	Getting accurate	ZK1,4,5,6,	
	zirconium	prints	9,10,15,16	
	ceramics.	silicone masses.	FK1,2,3,4,	
	Marginal	Fitting	8,9,10,11,1	
	adaptation	finished design,	2,13,14,15	
	restorations.	inspection	, ,	
	Retraction of the	occlusion.		
	gums.	Materials for		
	Methods of	permanent		
	obtaining	fixing of metal-		
	prints	ceramic		
	F	crowns.		
		Classification of		
		alloys		
		metals and		
		ceramic masses		
		that		
		used for		
		manufacturing metal-ceramic		
		constructions.		
		The difference of		
		ceramic masses for		
		manufacture of		
		combined and		
		all-ceramic		
		constructions.		

Basic requirements for metal alloys and ceramic masses. Mechanism connection of porcelain mass with metal. Sequence of drawing ceramic masses, their process sintering. Errors in manufacture of metal-ceramic structures, ways to prevent them. Metal-free ceramic systems the latest achievement in modern dentistry. Using metal-free ceramics are possible make crowns, tabs, veneers, providing excellent aesthetics. Currently, ceramics the only material that allows imitate natural solids Tooth tissue. Due to its extreme low corrosion coefficient, ceramics are biologically harmless, no causes allergic reactions,

allows you to achieve good functional and aesthetic the result. Indications for use porcelain crowns. Clinical laboratory stages of manufacture porcelain crowns. Modern manufacturing techniques porcelain crowns. Choice porcelain crown design depending on the clinical situation. Oblivosti dissection, removal prints and fixations of porcelain crowns. The study of physical chemical properties of dioxide zirconium as a constructive material for manufacture fixed prosthetic structures. Features of clinical and laboratory stages of orthopedic manufacturing structures on a framework with dioxide zirconium.

P-5	Theoretical	The main links of	Mind.1,	Andriy
	foundations	the maxillofacial	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
	biomechanics of	systems and their	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	dental	function. Lower	0.21.24	medical
	jaw system in	movements	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
	norm and at	jaws.	4,5,6,10,13	professor
	pathology.	Morphological and	, 15,17,19,2	
	Recovery and	functional features	2.23	
	preservation of	occlusal surface.	AB	
	occlusion in	Factors that	2,4,6,8,10,	
	restoration	determine the	12,14,16,1	
	dentistry.	relief of the	8,20,23	
	Foundations	occlusal	ZK2,3.4,5,6	
	gnathology.	surface. Basics of	, 7,8,10,13,	
	Articulatory	occlusion	15	
	relationships,	diagnostics.	FK2,3,5,7,	
	Articulators,	Recovery and	9,11,13,15,	
	occluders, facial	preservation of	18	
	arc. See,	occlusion in		
	purpose,	restorative		
	methods	dentistry.		
	plastering	Restoration of		
	models in	front teeth		
	articulator	fixed prostheses		
		taking into account		
		the registration of		
		the cutter		
		way.		
		Gnathological		
		bases		
		modeling of the		
		occlusal surface.		
		Restoration of		
		occlusion		
		removable		
		dentures with		
		complete loss of		
		teeth		
		on one or both		
		jaws. Functional		
		condition		
		dental system at		
		defects of hard		
		tissues of teeth and		
		partial loss of		
		teeth.		

P-6	The clinic is partial tooth loss. Features diagnostics and substantive provisions orthopedic treatment of patients with partial lack of teeth. Orthopedic partial treatment dental defects rows. Classifications dental defects rows.	Hardware functional diagnostics. Articulators and their application for diagnosis, correction of occlusion disorders. Graphic survey methods. Intraoral registration of movements lower jaw Morpho-functional changes of dental maxillary system with partial tooth loss. Biomechanics chewing apparatus with partial defects of the dentition. Method determination of central occlusion central ratio jaws with partial loss of teeth. Violations arising in dental system at partial secondary	Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10, 13,16,19,2 0.21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13 , 15,17,19,2 2.23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13, 14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,1 2,13,14,15	Andriy Kordiakdocto r of medical sciences professor
	partial lack of teeth. Orthopedic partial treatment dental defects	determination of central occlusion central ratio jaws with partial loss of teeth.	14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4,	
	dental defects rows. Substitution partial defects dentition	dental system at partial secondary adentia. Clinical signs of partial	2,13,14,15	
	bridge-like prostheses. Clinical laboratory stages production bridge-like prostheses. Galvanism,	dentition defects in patients which require manufacturing fixed dentures. Training planning patient at partial defects		

		T		
	galvanosis.	dentition before		
	Defect	prosthetics.		
	replacement	Clinical		
	dentition	laboratory stages		
	partial	of manufacture		
	removable	bridges. Errors and		
	dentures.	prevent		
	Features and	complications		
	method	permanent		
	production	prosthetics.		
	-	Fixation		
	partial			
	removable	bridge prosthesis.		
	prostheses with	Clinical		
	thermoplastics	signs of partial		
		tooth loss		
		in patients in need		
		manufacture of		
		partial removable		
		prostheses.		
		Examination of the		
		patient at		
		partial defects of		
		the dentition.		
		The results of		
		clinical and		
		special (additional)		
		methods		
		examination. Error		
		analysis and		
		prevention of		
		complications		
		partial removable		
		prosthetics.		
		Estimation of the		
		prognosis of		
		prosthetics		
		the patient is		
		partially		
		removable		
D 7	C1 1	dentures	M: 1 1	A 1*
P-7	Show and	Clasp frame	Mind.1,	Andriy
	contraindication	planning	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
	s to	prosthesis.	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	partial	Parallelometry is	0.21.24	medical
	replacement	the goal	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
	dentition defects		4,5,6,10,13	professor

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	clasps	and tasks. Methods	, 15,17,19,2 2,23	
	prostheses with	of conducting	AB 1,2,3,5,	
	staple fixing	parallelometry.	7,10,12,13,	
	system. Value	Types	14,17,20,2	
	number of	parallelometers.	1.23	
	reference	Technology	ZK1,4,5,6,	
	teeth and	manufacture of	9,10,15,16	
	topography	cast frame clasp	FK1,2,3,4,	
	defect	prosthesis on	8,9,10,11,1	
		refractory model.	2,13,14,15	
		Milling, Types of		
		locks		
		fasteners. Clasp		
		frame		
		prosthesis. Indirect		
		clamps.		
		Bases of clasp		
		prostheses.		
P-8	Indications to	Indications for	Mind.1,	Andriy
	partial	substitution	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
	replacement	partial dental	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	dentition defects	defects	0.21.24	medical
	prostheses with	rows of prostheses	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
	mechanical	with locks	4,5,6,10,13	professor
	fasteners.	fasteners.	, 15,17,19,2	professor
	Constructions,	Classification	2.23	
	features	attachments and	AB	
	using.	sequence	2,4,6,8,10,	
	Fixation	clinical stages of	12,14,16,1	
	methods:	manufacture	8,20,23	
	castle, beam,	prostheses with	ZK2,3.4,5,6	
	telescopic.	locks	, 7,8,10,13,	
	Rehabilitation of	clamps.	15	
	patients with	Psychological	FK2,3,5,7,	
	single teeth.	condition of the	9,11,13,15,	
	Cover	patient with saved	18	
		_	10	
	prostheses: constructive	single teeth. Expediency and		
		•		
	features,	necessity		
	methods	preservation of		
	fixation,	single teeth.		
	selection and	Prosthetics of		
	requirements for	patients with		
	reference	alone saved		
	teeth. Post-	teeth as		
	prosthetic	preparatory and		

	anno et	adantiva starr		
	support	adaptive stage		
		before		
		prosthetics		
		complete		
		removable		
		dentures. Methods		
		fixation of		
		integumentary		
		prostheses		
P-9	Full removable	Anatomical and	Zn.	Andriy
	prosthesis.	topographic	1,2,3,4,5,6,	Kordiak
	Clinic, features	features	7,813.15	doctor of
	designing when	structures of	Mind.	medical
	adverse	toothless jaws.	2,3,5,8,	sciences
	clinical	Morpho-	10,12,15,1	professor
	conditions on	ongoing functional	6,17,18,20,	1
	top and bottom	changes	23	
	jaws. Errors and	in patients with	AB	
	complications	complete loss	2,4,6,8,10,	
	when	teeth.	12,14,16,1	
	orthopedic	Classification of	8,20,23	
	treatment	edentulous	ZK2,3.4,5,6	
	diverse	jaw. Clinical and	7,8,10,13,	
		~	15	
	pathology dental	laboratory stages		
		making full removable	FK2,3,5,7, 9,11,13,15,	
	systems. Influence		18	
		prostheses.	10	
	dentures on	Features of		
	human body.	definition		
	Allergic	central occlusion		
	conditions in	in edentulous		
	orthopedic	jaws. Fixation		
	dentistry.	methods and		
	Differential	stabilization of		
	diagnostics,	prostheses. Rules		
	prevention,	use and care of		
	clinic and	complete		
	treatment	removable		
		dentures.		
		Acquaintance with		
		clinical		
		manifestations of		
		the syndrome		
		intolerance of		
		metal alloys		
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		1		
		dentures.		
		Etiological		
		factors leading to		
		development of		
		the syndrome		
		intolerance of		
		metal alloys		
		dentures.		
		Definition		
		"Causal"		
		prosthesis and		
		-		
		planning		
		sequence of		
		actions to		
		eliminate negative		
		phenomena.		
		Installation		
		diagnosis during		
		examination of		
		patients with		
		intolerance		
		syndrome.		
		Differentiation of		
		different forms of		
		this		
		syndrome		
P-10	Examination of	The clinical	Zn.	Andriy
1 10	patients with	picture at	1,2,3,4,5,6,	Kordiak
	tissue diseases	periodontal tissue	7,813.15	doctor of
	periodontium.	diseases.	Mind.	medical
	Analysis	Differential	2,3,5,8,	sciences
	odonto-	diagnosis	10,12,15,1	professor
	periodontograms	_	6,17,18,20,	professor
	periodolitogranis	periodontal		
	Diagnosia	disease.	23 AD 1 2 2 5	
	Diagnosis,	Primary traumatic	AB 1,2,3,5,	
	intervention	node,	7,10,12,13,	
	planning	definition of the	14,17,20,2	
	in the complex	concept. Primary	1.23	
	treatment. Tasks	traumatic	ZK1,4,5,6,	
	orthopedic	occlusion,	9,10,15,16	
	intervention in	definition	FK1,2,3,4,	
	complex	concept. Clinical	8,9,10,11,1	
	treatment and	signs of primary	2,13,14,15	
	disease	traumatic		
	prevention	occlusion.		

	periodontal	Functional		
	tissue.	overload,		
	Traumatic	Etiology,		
	occlusion.	prevention,		
	Etiology,	clinical		
	pathogenesis.	painting. Clinical manifestations		
	Diagnosis.			
	Treatment.	traumatic		
	Prevention.	occlusion at		
	Classifications	partial loss of		
	Disease	teeth. Selective		
	periodontal	grinding teeth.		
	tissue.	Tasks		
	Functional	orthopedic		
	pathology	treatment. See		
	dental	splinting.		
	systems. The	Indications to		
	goal is	use of different		
	task	types of tires.		
	orthopedic	Orthopedic		
	treatment.	treatment		
	Constant	periodontal tissue		
	splinting at	diseases		
	tissue disease	fixed structures.		
	periodontium	Orthopedic		
		treatment		
		periodontal tissue		
		diseases		
		removable		
		structures.		
		Features of		
		prosthetics		
		partial defects of		
		the dentition		
		in periodontal		
		disease		
P-11	Excessive	Physiological	Mind.1,	Andriy
	abrasion	abrasion of teeth ".	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
	hard tissues of	"Pathological	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	the teeth.	abrasion of teeth".	0.21.24	medical
	Etiology,	Classification of	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
	pathogenesis.	pathological	4,5,6,10,13	professor
	Clinical forms.	abrasion of teeth.	, 15,17,19,2	1
	Diagnosis.	Etiology,	2.23	
	Classification.	,	AB 1,2,3,5,	
			7,10,12,13,	
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Orthopedic	pathogenesis and	14,17,20,2	
methods	clinical	1.23	
treatment and	manifestations	ZK1,4,5,6,	
prevention	pathological	9,10,15,16	
excessive	abrasion of the	FK1,2,3,4,	
abrasion.	teeth.	8,9,10,11,1	
	Principles and	2,13,14,15	
	tasks		
	orthopedic		
	treatment		
	pathological		
	abrasion of the		
	tooth		
	Orthopedic		
	treatment		
	pathological		
	abrasion. Planning		
	orthopedic		
	treatment		
	pathological		
	abrasion in		
	depending on		
	clinical		
	manifestations		
	with intact		
	dentitions and		
	partial absence of		
	teeth.		
	Diagnosis and		
	justification		
	generalized		
	treatment tactics		
	forms of increased		
	abrasion of teeth		
	III degree of		
	severity with		
	decrease		
	height of the lower		
	part of the face.		
	The plan of examination of the		
	patient with		
	pathological		
	abrasion of teeth.		
	Interpretation of		
	clinical results		

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		and additional		
		methods		
		patient research		
		with pathological		
		abrasion		
		hard tissues of the		
		teeth. Definition		
		etiological and		
		pathogenetic		
		factors of		
		pathological		
		abrasion		
		teeth. Rationale		
		and		
		formulation of the		
		syndrome		
		diagnosis.		
		Conducting		
		internal		
		syndrome		
		diagnosis,		
		justification and		
		wording		
		previous clinical		
		diagnosis		
		with pathological		
		abrasion of teeth.		
		Defining		
		management		
		tactics		
		patient with		
		pathological		
		brushing teeth.		
		Treatment		
		general principles		
		of treatment,		
		rehabilitation,		
		prevention		
		pathological		
		abrasion of teeth.		
P-12	Examination of	In the vast	Zn.	Andriy
1-12				Andriy Kordiak
	patients	majority of cases,	1,2,3,4,5,6,	doctor of
	with pathology of the TMJ.	except for trauma,	7,813.15	
		acute	Mind.	medical
	Etiology and	infectious-allergic	2,3,5,8,	sciences
	pathogenesis	process and	10,12,15,1	professor

TMJ diseases. systemic diseases, 6,17,18,20, 23 Differential diagnostics. pathological AB conditions of the Orthopedic 2,4,6,8,10, TMJ (arthritis, methods 12,14,16,1 treatment arthrosis, 8,20,23 TMJ diseases. ankylosis) pass ZK2,3.4,5,6 stage of functional , 7,8,10,13, Disease pathology. IN temporal 15 mandibular cases where joint FK2,3,5,7, joint. Etiology, tissue 9,11,13,15, have undergone clinic, 18 differential significant morphological diagnosis of diseases changes TMJ. Treatment conservative **TMJ** treatment that is dysfunction. competence of Occlusion dentistscorrection. orthopedists ineffective and Preliminary and insufficient. But at final construction the stage functional pathology timely diagnosis and correctly selected orthopedic treatments are necessary and effective. Etiology, pathogenesis of diseases temporomandibula joint (TMJ). Clinical examination, differential diagnostics. Method orthopedic treatment.

		patient with diseases (dysfunctions) temporomandibula r joint. Analysis of results clinical and special (additional) research methods TMJ. Conducting differential diagnostics, formulation previous clinical diagnosis in diseases of the TMJ. Planning prevention measures diseases (dysfunctions) of the TMJ		
P-13	Disease temporal mandibular joint. Etiology, clinic, differential diagnosis of diseases TMJ. Treatment TMJ dysfunction. Occlusion correction. Preliminary and final Construction	Examination of the patient at diseases (dysfunctions) temporomandibula r joint. Analysis of results clinical and special (additional) research methods TMJ. Conducting differential diagnostics, formulation previous clinical diagnosis in diseases of the TMJ.	Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10, 13,16,19,2 0.21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13, ,15,17,19,2 2.23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13, 14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,1 2,13,14,15	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences professor

		Planning prevention measures diseases (dysfunctions) of the TMJ		
p-14	Foundations dental implantation. Features examination. Show to implantation. Planning implantation. Components parts implant. Methods connection abutment with implant. Abutments, see, indications for application.	Features of diagnostics and examination of patients with treatment planning with using implants. Indications and contraindications for prosthetics on implants. Conducting clinical , radiological clinical evaluation situations. Types, structure and microstructure of implants. See abutments. Technological features of the abutment connection with implant. Types of shapers	Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10, 13,16,19,2 0.21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13, 15,17,19,2 2.23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13, 14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,1 2,13,14,15	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences professor

		ash. Types of prosthesis designs with reliance on implants. Clinical technological stages of prosthetics on implants		
p-15	Clinical and technological stages of manufacture fixed dentures with relying on implants.	Success criteria implantation. Sequence clinical stages of prosthetics on implants. Sequence laboratory stages prosthetics on implants. Indications for various methods obtaining fingerprints. Mistakes and complications dental implantation orthopedic stages treatment	Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10, 13,16,19,2 0.21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13, ,15,17,19,2 2.23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,1 8,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6 ,7,8,10,13, 15 FK2,3,5,7, 9,11,13,15, 18	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences professor

CPC-1	Modern methods	comparative	Mind.1,	Andriy
CI C-I	survey in	characteristic	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
		methods of	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	orthopedic		0.21.24	
	dentistry.	examination of		medical
	Question	patients.	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
	asepsis and	Expediency of	4,5,6,10,13	professor
	antiseptics.	application	, 15,17,19,2	
		additional survey	2.23	
		methods in	AB 1,2,3,5,	
		depending on the	7,10,12,13,	
		pathology of the	14,17,20,2	
		jaw system.	1.23 ZK1,4,5,6,	
		Asepsis and	9,10,15,16	
		antiseptics in the	FK1,2,3,4,	
		orthopedic clinic	8,9,10,11,1	
		dentistry	2,13,14,15	
CPC-2	Psycho-	Dependence of the	Mind.1,	Andriy
	emotional and	result	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
	stress reactions	orthopedic	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	in	rehabilitation of	0.21.24	medical
	patients with	patients	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
	dental	from the quality of	4,5,6,10,13	professor
	reception.	psycho-emotional	, 15,17,19,2	F
	Mechanism	preparing the	2.23	
	pain.	patient for	AB	
	pain.	prosthesis.	2,4,6,8,10,	
		prosuicsis.	12,14,16,1	
			8,20,23	
			ZK2,3.4,5,6	
			, 7,8,10,13,	
			15 EV2 2 5 7	
			FK2,3,5,7,	
			9,11,13,15,	
CDC 2	A	N/ 1 /1 /	18	A 1.*
CPC-3	Aesthetics in the	Modern aesthetic	Zn.	Andriy
	fixed	norms in	1,2,3,4,5,6,	Kordiak
	dental	dentistry and	7,813.15	doctor of
	prosthetics	orthopedic	Mind.	medical
		dentistry in	2,3,5,8,	sciences
		particular.	10,12,15,1	professor
		Dependence	6,17,18,20,	
		aesthetic result	23	
		prosthetics from	AB	
		the quality of the	2,4,6,8,10,	
		conduction	12,14,16,1	
			8,20,23	

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		pre-prosthetic	ZK2,3.4,5,6	
		training	, 7,8,10,13,	
		patient.	15	
			FK2,3,5,7,	
			9,11,13,15,	
			18	
CPC-4	Bone biology.	Anatomical and	Mind.1,	Andriy
	Foundations	functional	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
	reparative	characteristics of	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	osteogenesis.	bone tissue	0.21.24	medical
	Reaction	dental area. Stages	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
	bone tissue on	reparative process	4,5,6,10,13	professor
	functional	in response	, 15,17,19,2	r
	load.	on the traumatic	2.23	
	Touc.	factor	AB 1,2,3,5,	
		implantation.	7,10,12,13,	
		Regeneration	14,17,20,2	
		processes	1.23	
		bone tissue of the	· -	
			ZK1,4,5,6,	
		jaw.	9,10,15,16	
		Complications and	FK1,2,3,4,	
		ways to do them	8,9,10,11,1	
		removal during	2,13,14,15	
		implantation.		
CPC-5	Ethics and	Moral and ethical	Zn.	Andriy
	deontology in	principles	1,2,3,4,5,6,	Kordiak
	relations	education of the	7,813.15	doctor of
	"doctor-	future	Mind.	medical
	patient "in	doctor, medical	2,3,5,8,	sciences
	orthopedic	and social factors	10,12,15,1	professor
	dentistry.	doctor-patient	6,17,18,20,	
		relationship,	23	
		deficit	AB	
		high moral values	2,4,6,8,10,	
		are	12,14,16,1	
		important aspects	8,20,23	
		in	ZK2,3.4,5,6	
		professional	, 7,8,10,13,	
		relationship of a	15	
		doctor and	FK2,3,5,7,	
		patient. Medicine,	9,11,13,15,	
		in contrast	18	
			10	
		other sciences,		
		closely related to		
		the fate of man, his		
		health and		

CPC-6	Organizational and legal providing provision dental assistance to the population. Legal responsibility in dentistry	life. Hence follow and special ethical qualities of the doctor. They are defined as fully as possible the concept of "humanism" Without humanism medicine loses its right for its existence because of it scientific principles in this case come into conflict with its main purpose is to serve man. Health care carried out by such principles: - availability of medical service, - complexity of medical service, - continuity and	Zn. 1,2,3,4,5,6, 7,813.15 Mind. 2,3,5,8, 10,12,15,1 6,17,18,20, 23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13,	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences professor
CPC-6	and legal providing	to serve man. Health care carried out by such principles:	1,2,3,4,5,6, 7,813.15	Kordiak doctor of
	dental assistance to the population. Legal responsibility in	medical service, - complexity of medical service,	2,3,5,8, 10,12,15,1 6,17,18,20, 23 AB 1,2,3,5,	sciences
	dentistry	continuity medical care, - medical integration service -medical adequacy	14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,1	
		service -effectiveness of medical service -focus on the patient and him satisfaction	2,13,14,15	

-safety of the treatment process. Medical professionals are responsible for committing crimes in general principles, in addition, the CCU has a number corpus delicti that have attitude to the professional activities of doctors. Crimes committed medically employees in connection with their implementation of professional activities, can be divided on such: - crimes against life and health of the person (patient); crimes against the rights of the individual (patient) - crimes in the field economic activity with medical practice; crimes in in the field of drug trafficking, psychotropic substances, their analogues or precursors, other crimes,

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		committed by		
		medical personnel		
		due to their		
		professional		
		activities.		
CPC-7	Chewing	The composition	Mind.1,	Andriy
	reflexes	of each	2,4,7,9,10,	Kordiak
	systems.	analyzer	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	Chewing	(peripheral,	0.21.24	medical
	link.	conductive,	Zn. 1,2,3,	sciences
		central) (for	4,5,6,10,13	professor
		I.P. Pavlov);	, 15,17,19,2	Professor
		Types of	2.23	
		sensitivity	AB	
		(taste, cold, heat,	2,4,6,8,10,	
		tactile,	12,14,16,1	
			· · · ·	
		proprioceptive);	8,20,23 7K2 3 4 5 6	
		Chewing system	ZK2,3.4,5,6	
		reflexes:	, 7,8,10,13,	
		periodontal-	15	
		muscular, gingivo-	FK2,3,5,7,	
		muscular,	9,11,13,15,	
		myotatic,	18	
		interconnected		
CPC-8	Problems of	Features of the	Zn.	Andriy
	phonetics	jaw-	1,2,3,4,5,6,	Kordiak
	at orthopedic	facial area of	7,813.15	doctor of
	treatment of	patients with	Mind.	medical
	patients with	complete	2,3,5,8,	sciences
	complete loss	loss of teeth,	10,12,15,1	professor
	teeth.	individual	6,17,18,20,	
		approach to the	23	
		production of	AB 1,2,3,5,	
		artificial	7,10,12,13,	
		teeth complete	14,17,20,2	
		dentures for	1.23	
		providing a high	ZK1,4,5,6,	
		level	9,10,15,16	
		functions,	FK1,2,3,4,	
		aesthetics,	8,9,10,11,1	
		phonetics.	2,13,14,15	
CPC-9	Characteristics	Features of the	Mind.1,	Andriy
UFU-9	of movements		,	Kordiak
		jaw-	2,4,7,9,10,	
	mandible and	facial area of	13,16,19,2	doctor of
	their connection	patients with	0.21.24	medical
	with methods	complete		

	staging artificial teeth during prosthetics full	loss of teeth, individual approach to the	Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13 , 15,17,19,2	sciences professor
	removable lamellar prostheses.	production of artificial teeth complete	2.23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13,	
		dentures for providing a high level	14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6,	
		functions, aesthetics, phonetics.	9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,1 2,13,14,15	
CPC- 10	Basic principles integrated approach to the treatment of pathology periodontium.	clinical examination of a patient with periodontal diseases; - basic principles of treatment patients with diseases periodontium; - the importance of professional hygiene oral cavity; - The importance of learning to care for oral cavity; - tactics of local treatment periodontal diseases; - approaches to general treatment patients with pathological changes periodontium	Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10, 13,16,19,2 0.21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13 , 15,17,19,2 2.23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,1 8,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6 ,7,8,10,13, 15 FK2,3,5,7, 9,11,13,15, 18	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences professor
CPC-	Possible errors	Influence of	Zn.	Andriy
11	on stages of manufacture	mistakes on clinical and technical stages	1,2,3,4,5,6, 7,813.15 Mind.	Kordiak doctor of medical
	full removable	2.5.2.2.2.3.0.2.0	2,3,5,8,	

	prostheses that cause them bad fixation.	making full removable plate prostheses and their aesthetic. Functional qualities and ways to eliminate them.	10,12,15,1 6,17,18,20, 23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,1 8,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6 ,7,8,10,13, 15 FK2,3,5,7, 9,11,13,15, 18	sciences professor
CPC- 12	Writing and defense medical history	Writing a medical history orthopedic dental patient on an individual basis clinical situation with the provision additional survey methods.	Zn. 1,2,3,4,5,6, 7,813.15 Mind. 2,3,5,8, 10,12,15,1 6,17,18,20, 23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13, 14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,1 2,13,14,15	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences professor
CPC- 13	Dental implantation is history development	History of implantology development schools in Ukraine, including contributions teaching of LNMU named after Danylo Galician in development implantology.	Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10, 13,16,19,2 0.21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13 , 15,17,19,2 2.23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13, 14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,1 2,13,14,15	Andriy Kordiak doctor of medical sciences professor

Organization of practical classes:

-preparatory stage (20 min.) Justification by the teacher of the importance of the topic of the lesson for the future

study of discipline and professional activity of a doctor in order to form motivation and

purposeful educational activities. Introducing students to specific goals and lesson plan. Carrying out standardized control of the initial level of student training. Discussion and answers to students' questions.

-main stage (40 min.) Execution by students of practical skills in the discipline "Propaedeutics of orthopedic dentistry (algorithm for examining a patient on a phantom,

kneading of impression materials, selection of impression spoons, taking of impressions, casting

models of jaws, fixing of models in the articulator, acquisition of bases of preparation of phantom teeth

under fixed orthopedic structures).

-final stage (30 min.) Carrying out a standardized final control using individual test tasks in the MISA learning environment, and questions, analysis of results.

Evaluation by the teacher of the current activity of the student during the lesson, analysis

student performance, announcing grades and entering them in paper and electronic versions

journal of attendance and student performance. The head of the group makes assessments in the statement

accounting for academic performance and attendance by students, followed by certification by the teacher.

Informing students about the topic of the next lesson and methodological measures to prepare for

him.

Practical classes and lectures are provided with appropriate methodological and illustrative

materials. Classes are conducted using test tasks, situational tests tasks, oral answers, demonstration materials, tooth phantoms, head phantoms patient. Lectures are conducted with the obligatory multimedia support, in which demonstrates modern illustrative material in accordance with the topic of the lecture, and a discussion with

listeners.

8. Verification of learning outcomes

Current control

is carried out during training sessions and aims to check the mastery students of educational material. Forms of assessment of current educational activities

include control of theoretical and practical training.

During the assessment of mastering each topic for the current educational activities of the student

grades are given on the 4th point (excellent, good, satisfactory, unsatisfactory) this takes into account all types of work provided by the discipline program. The student has

get a score from each topic for further conversion of scores into scores for multi-point (200-point) scale.

The grade "excellent" is given in the case when the student knows the program in full

volume, illustrating the answers with various examples; gives exhaustively accurate and clear

answers without any leading questions; spreads the material without errors and inaccuracies;

freely solves problems and performs practical tasks of varying complexity;

The grade "good" is given provided that the student knows the whole program and understands it well

her, answers the questions correctly, consistently and systematically, but they are not

exhaustive, although the student answers additional questions without errors; solves everything

tasks and performs practical tasks experiencing difficulties only in the most difficult cases;

The grade "satisfactory" is given to the student on the basis of his knowledge of the entire volume of the program

subject and a satisfactory level of understanding. The student is able to decide modified tasks with the help of leading questions; solves problems and performs practical ones

skills, experiencing difficulties in simple cases, not able to independently systematically state the answer, but answers the direct questions right.

The grade "unsatisfactory" is given in cases when the student's knowledge and skills are not

meet the requirements of "satisfactory" assessment.

	<u> </u>	***************************************	
Result code	Code of	The method of	Criteria
teaching	view	verifying the	enrollment
	to occupy	results teaching	
Mind.1,	P-1	Individual test	0% -49% = unsatisfactory
2,4,7,9,10,13,16,19,2		task	50% -70% = satisfactory
0		Preparation of	71% -90% = good
, 21.24		the front	91% -100% = excellent
Zn. 1,2,3,		groups of	Done =
4,5,6,10,13,15,17,19,		phantom teeth	"Credited"
2		under	Not fulfilled = «no
2.23		veneers of 1-3	credited »
AB 1,2,3,5,		groups.	
7,10,12,13,14,17,20,2			

1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15		Preparation of the front groups of phantom teeth under tabs	
Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10,13,16,19,2 0, 21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13,15,17,19, 2 2.23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6,7,8,10,13, , 15 FK2,3,5,7,9,11,13,15, 18	p-2	Individual test task Preparation of roots phantom teeth for making root crown tabs Simulation of root- crown tabs on working models	0% -49% = unsatisfactory 50% -70% = satisfactory 71% -90% = good 91% -100% = excellent Done = "Credited" Not fulfilled = «no credited »
Zn. 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,813,15 Mind. 2,3,5,8, 10,12,15,16,17,18,20, 23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6,7,8,10,13 , 15 FK2,3,5,7,9,11,13,15, 18	p-3	Individual test task	0% -49% = unsatisfactory 50% -70% = satisfactory 71% -90% = good 91% -100% = excellent
Zn. 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,813,15 Mind. 2,3,5,8, 10,12,15,16,17,18,20, 23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13,14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15	p-4	Individual test task Phantom dissection teeth of different functional groups under metal-ceramic crowns	0% -49% = unsatisfactory 50% -70% = satisfactory 71% -90% = good 91% -100% = excellent Done = "Credited" Not fulfilled = «no credited »

Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10,13,16,19,2 0, 21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13,15,17,19, 2 2.23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13,14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15	p-5-p-10	Individual test task	0% -49% = unsatisfactory 50% -70% = satisfactory 71% -90% = good 91% -100% = excellent
Zn. 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,813,15 Mind. 2,3,5,8, 10,12,15,16,17,18,20, 23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6,7,8,10,13 , 15 FK2,3,5,7,9,11,13,15, 18	p-11	Individual test task Diagnosis by models with signs pathological abrasion hard tissues of the teeth	0% -49% = unsatisfactory 50% -70% = satisfactory 71% -90% = good 91% -100% = excellent Done = "Credited" Not fulfilled = «no credited »
Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10,13,16,19,2 0 , 21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13,15,17,19, 2 2.23 AB 1,2,3,5, 7,10,12,13,14,17,20,2 1.23 ZK1,4,5,6, 9,10,15,16 FK1,2,3,4, 8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15	P-12	Individual test task Examination of the TMJ on volunteers.	0% -49% = unsatisfactory 50% -70% = satisfactory 71% -90% = good 91% -100% = excellent Done = "Credited" Not fulfilled = «no credited »
Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10,13,16,19,2 0 , 21.24	p-13	Individual test Task	0% -49% = unsatisfactory 50% -70% = satisfactory 71% -90% = good 91% -100% = excellent

Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13,15,17,19, 2 2.23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6,7,8,10,13, , 15 FK2,3,5,7,9,11,13,15, 18			Done = "Credited" Not fulfilled = «no credited »
Mind.1, 2,4,7,9,10,13,16,19,2 0, 21.24 Zn. 1,2,3, 4,5,6,10,13,15,17,19, 2 2.23 AB 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18,20,23 ZK2,3.4,5,6,7,8,10,13, , 15 FK2,3,5,7,9,11,13,15, 18	p-14-p-15	Individual test Task	0% -49% = unsatisfactory 50% -70% = satisfactory 71% -90% = good 91% -100% = excellent Done = "Credited" Not fulfilled = «no credited »

Final control

General system	Participation in the work during the semester - 100%			
evaluation	on a 200-point scale	on a 200-point scale		
Scales	traditional 4-point scale, multi-poi	traditional 4-point scale, multi-point (200-point) scale,		
evaluation	ECTS rating scale			
Terms of admission to	The student attended all practical classes, independent			
Final control	work and			
	received at least 120 points for current performance			
Type of final	Methods of final control	Criteria		
control		enrollment		
Offset	All topics listed on must be	Maximum		
	credited	number of points -		
		200.		

current control. Scores on a 4-	Minimal
point scale	number of points -
are converted into multi-point	120
scores (200-	
point) scale in accordance with the	
Regulations	
"Evaluation criteria, rules and	
procedures	
results of students' educational	
activities "	

The calculation of the number of points is based on the student's grades for 4 point (national) scale during the study of the discipline, by calculation arithmetic mean (CA), rounded to two decimal places. The resulting value is converted into points on a multi-point scale as follows:



9. Literature

Basic literature

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10. Equipment, logistics and software discipline

- -methodical instructions for practical classes, lectures, independent work on the discipline
- "Propaedeutics of orthopedic dentistry";
- -individualized test tasks;
- -multimedia presentations;
- -phantoms of teeth;
- -models with phantom teeth;
- -articulators with models of jaws with various defects of dentitions;
- -tools for performing orthopedic manipulations;
- MISA learning environment;
- -demonstration material.

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