THEMATIC PLAN OF PRACTICAL LESSONS

of Ukrainian language for foreign students of pharmaceutical department of the 1-st year study (the 1 semester) (elective part)

2021-2022 st.year

№ No	TOPIC	Number of hours
1	Cases of Ukrainian language, their meaning and usage. Nominative and Accusative cases	2
2	Cases of Ukrainian language, their meaning and usage. Nominative and Accusative cases	2
3	Cases of Ukrainian language, their meaning and usage. Genitive and locative cases (typical endings)	2
4	Cases of Ukrainian language, their meaning and usage. Genitive and locative cases (typical endings)	2
5	Cases of Ukrainian language, their meaning and usage. Nouns of masculine gender in Genitive case (singular)	2
6	Cases of Ukrainian language, their meaning and usage. Nouns of masculine gender in Genitive case (singular)	2
7	Cases of Ukrainian language, their meaning and usage. Dative and Instrumental cases	2
8	Cases of Ukrainian language, their meaning and usage. Dative and Instrumental cases	2
9	Pronouns of Ukrainian language and their conjugative forms. Personal pronouns	2
10	Pronouns of Ukrainian language and their conjugative forms. Personal pronouns	2
11	Pronouns of Ukrainian language and their conjugative forms. Possessive pronouns	2
12	Pronouns of Ukrainian language and their conjugative forms. Possessive pronouns	2
13	Pronouns of Ukrainian language and their conjugative forms. Conjugation of personal and possessive pronouns	2
14	Pronouns of Ukrainian language and their conjugative forms. Conjugation of personal and possessive pronouns	2
15	Verb. Infinitive. Present tense. I, II conjugations	2
16	Verb. Infinitive. Present tense. I, II conjugations	2
17	Verb. Past tense	2
18	Verb. Verb БУТИ. Future tense	2
19	Aspect of the verb. Perfective aspect (past tense). Ways of formation of the aspect.	2
20	Aspect of the verb. Perfective aspect (past tense). The main meaning of the aspect.	2
21	Aspect of the verb. Perfective aspect of the verb (future tense).	2
22	Verbs of motion іти – їхати; ходити – їздити. Accusative case for denoting of direction Куди він іде (їде)? у(в), на + 3н. в	2
23	Verbs of motion іти – їхати; ходити – їздити. Accusative case for denoting	2

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	of direction Куди він іде (їде)? у(в), на + 3н. в	
24	Verbs of motion іду – ходив – піду; їду – їздив – поїду. Genitive case for	2
	denoting of direction: a) Куди він іде (їде)? до + Р.в., Звідки він іде (їде)?	
	3 + Р.в. б) До кого (≠ від кого) він іде (їде)? до + Р.в. ≠ від + Р.в	
25	Verbs of motion іду – ходив – піду, їду – їздив – поїду. Genitive case for	2
	denoting of direction: a) Куди він іде (їде)? до + Р.в., Звідки він іде (їде)?	
	3 + Р.в. б) До кого (≠ від кого) він іде (їде)? до + Р.в. ≠ від + Р.в	
26	Verbs of motion without prefix (йти, ходити, їхати, їздити, бігти, бігати,	2
	нести, носити, везти, возити, вести, водити).	
27	Verbs of motion without prefix (йти, ходити, їхати, їздити, бігти, бігати,	2
	нести, носити, везти, возити, вести, водити)	
28	Verbs of motion with prefix п-/по-, при (піти, прийти, поїхати,	2
	приїхати, побігти, прибігти, понести, принести, повести,	
	привести, повезти, привезти)	
29	Verbs of motion with prefix п-/по-, при (піти, прийти, поїхати,	2
	приїхати, побігти, прибігти, понести, принести, повести,	
	привести, повезти, привезти)	
30	Conjugation of the verbs купувати, працювати, робити, любити.	2
30	Тotal	60
	10(a)	OU